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# Part VII – Technical Specifications

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# **Chapter 1** General Provisions

## 1.1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 This document (or "Technical Specifications" or "TS" or "Part VII") sets out the requirements of the Government in relation to **three (3) Steel Launches** for use by the **Immigration Department** ("**IMMD**") of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR") as the "user department". References to "Vessel" shall mean each of the three launches.
- 1.1.2 Unless otherwise specified in the Technical Specifications, all the specifications stated in this Part VII of the Tender Documents are classified and labelled as follows:
  - (a) Essential Requirements [E];
  - (b) Those specifications that are not labelled with [E] or [D] shall equally form part of the Contract like the specifications labelled as [E] ("Specifications without Label"); and
  - (c) Desirable Specifications [D].
- 1.1.3 All Essential Requirements and Specifications without Label shall form part of the Contract. For Desirable Specifications, to the extent the Contractor has committed to comply with them in its tender, they shall also form part of the Contract. As part of the tender evaluation during the tendering stage (viz. Stage 1 of the evaluation completeness check), the Tenderer shall submit all the information sufficiently detailed to substantiate that the product and the services offered meet the Essential Requirements as stipulated in this Part VII (viz., specifications with [E] label) and repeated in Annex C to the Conditions of Tender, failing which its tender will not be considered further. For those Specifications without Label, where there is any proposal or evidence to show that the tender does not comply with these specifications, the Tenderer's tender will not be considered further. Commitment to comply with the Desirable Specifications will equally form part of the Contract.
- 1.1.4 Neither the Essential Requirements nor the Specifications without Label may be counter-proposed by the Tenderer. Any contravening counter-proposal shall be dealt with in accordance with Clause 17 of Part II Conditions of Tender.
- 1.1.5 All specifications forming part of the Contract in the aforesaid manner shall be of equal materiality and importance upon the award of the Contract. The non-compliance with any specifications set out in this Part VII shall have the same consequences as specified in the Contract. Save during the tendering stage in the manner as mentioned above, no differentiation shall be made based on the classification unless otherwise expressly specified.
- 1.1.6 The Vessel shall be Ready for Use before the Delivery Date and delivered by the Delivery Date as per the schedule stipulated under Schedule 2 Delivery Schedule of Part V.
- 1.1.7 Unless otherwise expressly defined in the Contract, all technical terms and expressions used in this Part VII shall be interpreted in accordance with the professional or common usage in naval architecture, marine engineering, nautical navigation and the shipbuilding industry.
- 1.1.8 Where design specifications of the Vessel or any Equipment are required to be approved by the specified Recognised Organisation ("RO"), they must be approved by the RO prior to the construction of the Vessel or installation of that Equipment on the Vessel. Where design specifications of the Vessel or Equipment are not required to be approved by the RO, they must be approved by GNC prior to the construction of the Vessel and installation of the Equipment on the Vessel. This applies regardless of whether this is stated to be the case in the relevant individual provisions.
- 1.1.9 For the avoidance of doubt, references to "tests" throughout the Tender Documents and the Contract shall include all inspections, surveys, assessments, trials and experiments.
- 1.1.10 Without prejudice and in addition to the interpretation principles set out in Clause 1.2 of the Part IV Conditions of Contract, the following interpretation principles shall apply when interpreting the Tender Documents and the Contract including this Part VII Technical Specifications:
  - (a) references to "Chapter" or "Paragraph" or "Annex" refer to the chapter of or the paragraph of or the Annex to this Part VII;
  - (b) quotation marks may or may not be added for each defined term whether with or without brackets; a defined term may be identified with quotation marks and brackets, or just quotation marks, or just brackets;
  - (c) the use of article "the" may or may not appear before a defined term or an abbreviated term; there shall be no difference whether the term is preceded with or without the article;

- (d) a defined term may have two or more versions (typically a longer version and an abbreviated version) (e.g. "Factory Acceptance Tests" or "FAT"); or may still be referred to by the original description of the subject matter based on which the term is defined; the original description, or the longer version of the defined term, or the shorter version of the defined term may be used interchangeably. For clarity sake, the original description, or the longer version may be used for more self-explanatory purpose; however, there shall be no difference;
- (e) where a subject matter has been defined with two or more alternative terms of reference, any one of these terms of reference may be used interchangeably;
- (f) a defined term may appear earlier than the provision in which it is defined; a term defined will have the same meaning throughout the document;
- (g) there shall be no difference between a term with a hyphen and the same term without a hyphen (e.g., "sub-system" or "subsystem");
- (h) titles and headings may appear in lower case or upper case throughout or only in upper case with the first word at the beginning; there shall be no difference in meaning;
- (i) headings and titles do not affect the construction of the Tender Documents and the Contract;
- (j) a sub-Section of this Part (at whichever sub-level and regardless of the numbering system adopted) may begin in upper or lower case and may be ended with semi-colon or full stop; these differences do not have any interpretation significance on their own;
- (k) figures may be expressed in Arabic numerals or in words; or both; there shall be no difference; three zeros in a figure may or may not be separated by any space or comma; there shall be no difference;
- (l) where more than one unit of a subject matter is to be supplied as part of the Work, all requirements stated to be applicable to that subject matter shall apply to each such unit of that subject matter. This is regardless of whether the term "each of" or other cognate expression is used preceding that subject matter. This principle shall apply including without limitation where the subject matter is the Vessel and the Equipment on each Vessel.

## 1.2 Statement of Purposes of the Vessel

- 1.2.1 The Vessel is to be used by IMMD for performing immigration clearance mainly at the Western Quarantine and Immigration Anchorage, Eastern Quarantine and Immigration Anchorage and Tuen Mun Immigration Anchorage within the Hong Kong waters. The Vessel also provides transport for staff shift changing at the anchorage area during the round the clock immigration clearance service.
- 1.2.2 The Vessel shall be designed and constructed for a service life of at least 20 years under reasonable maintenance.

#### 1.3 Authorities

- 1.3.1 GNC is the section responsible for the procurement of the Vessel for the Government of the HKSAR of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the Government).
- 1.3.2 GNC may delegate the site supervision work including plan reviewing work during the construction stage to private consultancy firms to act on behalf of the Government.
- 1.3.3 The Electrical and Mechanical Services Department ("EMSD") is the Department which will oversee the communication equipment and Electronic Navigational Equipment ("ENE") technical acceptance.

## 1.4 Shipyard

- 1.4.1 The Tenderer's shipyard must have the essential shipbuilding and workshop facilities such as lifting gears, aluminium hull construction and calibration equipment, machinery installation and calibration equipment, and the Vessel launching or slipping facilities.
- 1.4.2 The Contractor shall employ a team of professional staff to carry out the design of the Vessel and also carry out supervision and quality control work in the course of the Vessel construction.

## 1.5 Design and Construction Responsibility

- 1.5.1 It is the SOLE responsibility of the Contractor to supply the Vessel which is safe, fit and suitable for the operation of the user department and which meets all the relevant regulations and the specifications in this Part VII including the desirable requirements (if and to the extent the Contractor has indicated compliance in its tender), which include without limitation requirements for safety, health, environmental protection, hull form design features, structure, method and materials for construction and fitting out, stability, subdivision and operational efficiency.
- 1.5.2 Unless otherwise expressly specified in this Part VII, references to "RO" in this Part VII shall mean, in the case of the Vessel, the Recognised Organisation as specified in Schedule 9 of Part V for the Vessel. References to "RO Requirements" (in upper or lower case) shall mean, in the case of the Vessel, the requirements of the rules and regulations of the aforesaid RO as specified in Schedule 9 of Part V. References to "IMO requirements" shall mean the latest and as amended requirements published by the IMO and available on its website and applicable to the relevant subject matter in the relevant paragraph where it is required that IMO requirement shall be complied with provided that where the IMO requirements are of any convention or resolution or other multilateral treaty of the IMO (including any amendment thereto), Hong Kong has joined in as a party to such IMO requirements.
- 1.5.3 The Vessel is required to be issued with a certificate of classification with such class notations by the RO all as specified in Schedule 9 of Part V, as one of the conditions to be fulfilled before the Acceptance Certificate for the Vessel will be issued. All plans, particulars and documentations which are required for the classification of the Vessel by the RO, in addition to those listed in Annex 3 to this Part VII shall be approved by the RO before submission to MD for endorsement and final approval prior to commencement of vessel construction works. Any subsequent modifications or additions are to be treated in the same manner. Those drawings which are not required under ship classification approval shall be submitted to MD for approval before works is carried out.
- 1.5.4 Notwithstanding the submission of the preliminary plans and drawings by the Contractor then as part of its tender for the Contract, all plans and drawings of the Vessel except the design stresses and scantling, shall be submitted to GNC for approval before completion of the Vessel design. The design stresses and scantling including internal structural members shall be approved by the RO.
- 1.5.5 The Contractor shall design, build and supply the Vessel in full compliance with the requirements given in this Part VII which, to that extent, may be over and above what is normally required by any statutory and RO's rules and regulations. Should there be any contradiction between the rules and regulations of the RO and this Part VII, this Part VII shall prevail unless GNC stipulates or agrees otherwise.
- 1.5.6 Even if the Contractor may appoint a Sub-contractor to design the Vessel with the prior written consent of the Government, the Contractor shall not be relieved of its obligations under the Contract through such appointment, and the Contractor shall be responsible for all acts, defaults and omissions of the sub-contractor as if they were its own.

# 1.6 Survey and Inspection

- 1.6.1 Tenderers shall note that the unit price per Vessel quoted in Schedule 1 Price Schedule in Part V shall be deemed to have included the cost of surveys to be carried out by the RO in respect of the Vessel (if required to be arranged by the Contractor under the Contract).
- 1.6.2 All electronic items and their installations shall be approved and inspected by EMSD or EMSD representatives as part of the Technical Acceptance.
- 1.6.3 Subject to Paragraph 1.6.7 of this Chapter, an advance written notice of not less than five (5) working days (if the Vessel is located in Asia), and ten (10) working days (if the Vessel is located other than Asia) must be given to GNC before the representatives of MD/GNC and other Government officers are invited to conduct a survey visit of the Vessel. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for any delay if the Contractor fails to give adequate notice as aforesaid.
- 1.6.4 The Contactor shall provide:
  - (a) An Implementation Timetable, in the form set out in Annex 2 to this Part VII, setting out the major milestones and their scheduled completion dates and incorporating the Delivery Dates specified in Schedule 2 of Part V;
  - (b) The Drawing Submissions Timetable in the form set out in Annex 3 to this Part VII; and
  - (c) The Main Items Inspection Timetable in the form set out in Annex 4 to this Part VII.

Each one of the above shall be submitted to GNC for approval by the respective deadlines specified in Clause 11 of the Conditions of Contract.

The Delivery Date for the Vessel as stated in the Implementation Timetable shall be no later than those set out in Schedule 2 of Part V. Notwithstanding anything in the Contract to the contrary, the Government may suspend payment of any of the instalment specified in Schedule 3 of Part V of the Contract if any of the timetables required herein has not been submitted for GNC's approval or GNC does not approve any of them or if the progress of work does not comply with any of them as approved by GNC.

- 1.6.5 A weekly work progress report with photos evidencing the progress and material/equipment procurement status is required to be submitted to GNC during the construction of the Vessel. The weekly report shall be submitted before noon of every Monday.
- 1.6.6 GNC may designate consultant(s) from private sector who will be authorised to represent the GNC in all technical matters including site supervision and plan approval related to the construction of the Vessel. The Contractor shall cooperate with the consultant(s) and afford them unhindered access to the Vessel at all times during working hours, and shall furnish them with current copies of all approved drawings, sketches, correspondence, change notices, change orders, test agendas, schedules etc.
- 1.6.7 After arriving at the site for a survey visit, if MD/GNC officer / consultant considers it is unsafe to carry out the test or inspection, the test/inspection will not be carried out. The Contractor shall arrange another additional survey visit at the Contractor's expenses. The Government shall not be responsible for any delay arising from any postponement in conducting the survey visit due to any safety issue as specified in this Paragraph.
- 1.6.8 Where any fee charge and associated expense are payable for the services of the RO which are necessary in order to fulfil any obligation of the Contractor under the Contract, the Contractor is responsible for paying the RO all such fees, charges and associated expenses. Such fees shall include charges for drawing approval, surveys (if deemed necessary), issue of certificates, and any other expenses payable to the RO.
- 1.6.9 The Contractor shall provide offices space for MD/GNC officers and consultants during their survey visits and construction progress visits to the Vessel at the shipyard where the Vessel are constructed. The office space shall include, but not be limited to, two (2) desks, six (6) chairs, one (1) telephone, one (1) conference table for 10 persons, drinking facilities, power supply and one (1) cupboard for storage of documents and working clothes. The space provided by the Contractor shall also be fitted with air conditioning, have Internet access, a copying and a printer machine. Cleaning of the space shall be carried out in each working day.
- 1.6.10 The hours of work of MD/GNC officer, or consultant will be arranged to coincide with those of the shipyard, in so far as it is practicable to do so. It is intended that all reasonable steps be taken so that the duties of the MD/GNC officer, and consultants can be carried out with a maximum of efficiency and a minimum of interference with the Contractor's work.

#### 1.7 Official Sea Trial, Speed Requirements

- 1.7.1 The Contractor shall submit for GNC approval, an Official Sea Trial programme 14 working days in advance of the Official Sea Trial, which shall include details of proposed procedures for carrying out the Official Speed Trial, endurance test, manoeuvrability test, crash stop test, astern running test / emergency steering test, anchoring tests, other tests as specified in Paragraph 1.7.6 below, bottom survey on the slipway and all other tests as stated in this Part VII, all of which shall be required to be performed as part of the Official Seal Trial and therefore part of the Technical Acceptance (if not earlier). This programme must be submitted to MD in not less than 14 working days before the trials commence. The notification for Official Sea Trial shall include documentary evidence that the Vessel is safe to go to sea for the intended tests and trials specified in the Contract (including the inclining experiment report as mentioned in Paragraph 3.6 of this Part VII and approved by the RO).
- 1.7.2 Like all other tests and trials to be conducted as part of the Technical Acceptance, the Contractor is required to carry out the full Official Sea Trial in Hong Kong at its own expense (including the expense of fuel, lubrication oil, crew and other necessary expenses), in the presence of MD/GNC officer(s), user department officers and the consultants. The Contractor shall observe the local requirements on navigation before the sea trial, including the third party insurance in accordance with the laws of Hong Kong.
- 1.7.3 The Contractor shall provide to MD/GNC officers, the name, post, duty and experience of each one of the Contractor's staff on board the Vessel during the Official Sea Trial to ensure the safe operation of the trial. The number of persons on board during a particular test or trial has to be agreed by the MD/GNC officers. The location of each person on board (which can affect the centre of gravity of the Vessel under trial) will need to be first agreed by the MD/GNC.

1.7.4 The Contractor shall provide a test report to GNC after completion of the above tests. The report shall contain information regarding the method of test, engine(s) running condition, sea, weather and wind conditions, the Vessel loading condition, the heeling angles (steady or varying as the case may be) during each forward turning manoeuvre, and any other relevant information as required by GNC or GNC appointed consultant during the tests; and such information shall be prepared in a format agreed by GNC.

## 1.7.5 Official Speed Trial

- (a) The Official Speed Trial shall be carried out in the Hong Kong Waters under the conditions as specified in Paragraph 1 of Annex 5 to this Part VII.
- (b) As part of the Technical Acceptance as specified in Paragraph 1.8.2 of Chapter 1 of this Part VII, the Contractor shall carry out the Official Speed Trial in the presence of GNC officers or their appointed agents.
- (c) The actual mean speed of the Vessel (i.e. NOT theoretical) shall be measured during the Official Speed Trial runs to determine if the Contract Speed can be achieved. The speed calculations must NOT be corrected by wind, wave, tidal current, shallow water effects and weather condition.
- (d) The actual mean speed is to be calculated as the arithmetic mean of not less than FOUR continuous runs, i.e. TWO runs in each direction. The speed for each run shall be taken by measuring the time of the Vessel running for one nautical mile between two poles or other measuring method acceptable to MD.
- (e) The Contract Speed is considered not achieved if the Contract Speed cannot be attained once during the Official Speed Trial after a total of two attempts each attempt to be measured in the manner specified in (d) above.
- (f) The Contract Speed to be achieved by the Vessel in the Official Speed Trial shall be the minimum highest achievable speed of 17 knots with both marine diesel engines running at 100% MCR and the Vessel under Official Speed Trial Conditions as stated in Paragraph 1 of Annex 5 to this Part VII. If the Vessel fails to achieve the minimum highest achievable speed of 17 knots under the aforesaid conditions in the manner specified in sub-paragraphs (d) and (e) above, the Government will deem that the Vessel has failed to pass the Official Speed Trial and therefore Technical Acceptance.
- (g) The instrument use in measuring the Contract Speed for the Official Speed Trial shall be provided either by:
  - (i) The Contractor provided that the speed measuring device has been calibrated by a certified body in Hong Kong acceptable to GNC; or
  - (ii) Global Positioning System ("GPS") supplied by the Government.
- (h) The GPS or Differential Global Positioning System ("DGPS") which is properly calibrated (with supporting calibration documents) and installed on board the Vessel, is acceptable to GNC; or other speed measuring methods that are acceptable to GNC.
- (i) The instrument use in measuring the **Propeller Shaft Power** for the Official Speed Trial shall be provided by the Contractor and shall be able to measure both port and starboard Propeller Shaft Power simultaneously. The Propeller Shaft Power measuring device shall have been calibrated by a certified body in Hong Kong acceptable to GNC.
- (j) The Vessel must be in the trial conditions (see Paragraph 1 of Annex 5 to this Part VII for the conditions of the trials) during the Official Speed Trial. All Equipment shall also have passed the Technical Acceptance and which operation shall not be affected during the Official Sea Trial.
- (k) The speed, time of the day, engine running conditions, sea condition, etc., shall be properly recorded by the Contractor, and signed as witnessed by GNC surveyor (or GNC representatives) during the Official Sea Trial. A copy of the Official Sea Trial Report as required in Paragraph 1.7.6 of this Part VII below shall be given to GNC before Delivery Acceptance.
- (l) Upon successful completion of the Official Speed Trial in Hong Kong, the Contractor shall arrange GNC officers to carry out hull bottom inspection on the Vessel to check for any hull damage before delivery.
- 1.7.6 The following tests shall be conducted as part of the Technical Acceptance for the Vessel, and the testing results shall be recorded and form part of the Official Sea Trial Report. The applicable conditions under which each of the tests specified below shall be conducted are further set out in the relevant paragraph of Annex 5 to this Part VII:

#### (a) Endurance Test

The Endurance Test shall be carried out for different engine loading and speeds to obtain the speed/fuel consumption curves (or data) for the Vessel, with the engine(s) operating within the manufacturer recommended engine operating conditions. The test results shall be recorded in accordance with the requirements stipulated in Annex 6 to this Part. The report submitted shall include a curve or curves showing ship speed versus propulsion engine(s) rpm and power, with particulars of the Vessel loading and displacement in the test(s).

#### (b) Manoeuvrability Test

Forward turning circle tests to port and starboard sides shall be carried out with:

- (i) Both main propulsion engines running; and
- (ii) Single main propulsion engine running.

The minimum time for turning to both sides at 15°, 90°, 180°, 270° and 360° shall be recorded.

The permitted speed and rudder angle should be measured and recorded when the return angle is less than 12 degrees.

## (c) Crash Stop Test

The minimum time and distance achievable by the Vessel when running from full ahead to stop, and then to full astern shall be determined at the Crash Stop Test.

(d) Astern Running Test / Emergency Steering Test

The maximum astern running speed achievable by the Vessel shall be determined by the test. Also an emergency steering test shall be carried out to ascertain satisfactory emergency steering operations

- (e) Starting Tests for Main Engines and Electric Generator Engines.
- (f) Anchoring Test according to the RO Requirements.
- (g) Noise Level Test according to the requirement stipulated in Paragraph 4.15.1 of this Part VII.
- (h) Megger test as mentioned in Paragraph 8.3.8 of this Part VII.

#### 1.8 Acceptance and Delivery

- 1.8.1 Acceptance of the Vessel (including all Equipment) shall be carried out in two parts:
  - (a) Part 1: Technical Acceptance; and
  - (b) Part 2: Delivery Acceptance.
- 1.8.2 Technical Acceptance comprising all of the following tests and trails specified in sub-paragraphs (a) to (e) below:
  - (a) This includes the satisfactory inspection of all items as listed in Annex 4 to this Part VII in the version as completed by the Contractor and approved by the Government in accordance with Paragraph 1.6.4(c) of this Part VII;
  - (b) This includes all the hull construction, mechanical and electrical tests and trials as required in this Part VII and those considered necessary by the Government (and all of which shall be conducted in Hong Kong waters unless otherwise specified) and the Contractor shall be responsible for all costs in keeping the Vessel in Hong Kong whilst the Technical Acceptance is conducted. These tests and trials shall include without limitation equipment tests, anchoring tests, inclining experiment, the bottom survey (in Hong Kong) on the slipway, the Official Speed Trial as mentioned in Paragraph 1.7.5 of this Part VII, all of those tests and trials as specified Paragraph 1.7.6 of this Part VII, the bench acceptance test and on-site commissioning test for ENE as mentioned in Chapter 9 of this Part VII and all other tests whether as specified in this Part VII or otherwise necessary to determine whether or not the Vessel including the Equipment has been supplied in accordance with all the specifications set out in this Part VII:
  - (c) All units of all ENE items and their installations shall be approved and inspected by EMSD as part of the Technical Acceptance including the bench acceptance test and on-site commissioning test for all units of all ENE items as mentioned in Chapter 9 of this Part; and
  - (d) all other tests whether as specified in this Part VII or otherwise necessary to determine whether or not the Vessel including all Equipment has been supplied in accordance with all the specifications set out in the Offered Specifications.

- (e) The Contractor shall supply all necessary equipment and labour at its own cost for carrying out the tests and trials comprised in the Technical Acceptance
- (f) If the Vessel cannot pass all of the tests comprised in the Technical Acceptance by the Delivery Date specified in the Contract, the options available to the Government are set out in Clause 12 of Part IV Conditions of Contract and other applicable provisions of the Contract.

#### 1.8.3 Delivery Acceptance

- (a) The Vessel, after its successful completion of Technical Acceptance, and the Spare Parts as specified in Schedule 1 of Part V, shall be delivered at the Contractor's expense to the Government Dockyard. In accordance with the applicable Delivery Date as specified in Schedule 2 of Part V. If the delivery of the Vessel in Ready to Use condition is **120** days later than the Delivery Date specified in Schedule 2 of Part V, at the discretion of Government, the Contract may be terminated according to the applicable terms stipulated in the Contract.
- (b) Certificate of classification for the Vessel with notations as specified in Schedule 9 of Part V shall be issued by the RO as specified in Schedule 9 before the Acceptance Certificate is issued by the Government.
- (c) The Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel shall be carried out by GNC in accordance with the terms stipulated in the Contract. The Delivery Acceptance is only completed when the Acceptance Certificate is issued by the Director of Marine.
- (d) The Contractor must demonstrate to GNC/MD that all hull construction, outfitting, Vessel stability, machinery, electrical and electronic equipment are in good working order; and must hand over the Vessel, its fixtures and Equipment to GNC in good and complete condition.
- (e) Not later than <u>two months</u> before the Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel, the Contractor is required to submit to GNC four(4) copies of the Inventory List covering all items of or relating to the Vessel including all engines, on board equipment, manuals, documentation, spares, stores, and equipment for testing in respect of the entire Vessel. The Inventory List shall be approved by GNC <u>seven</u> (7) days before the day of Delivery Acceptance and covers everything which the Contractor is required to deliver under the Contract. At the Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel, the approved Inventory List will be used to check that all the items have been delivered to GNC in a satisfactory state. Details of each inventory item shall include: item name, description, type, quantity, manufacturer's name and contact details, part reference number and/or serial number, and the items' locations in the Vessel.
- (f) The items specified in Paragraph 10.2 of this Part VII, all items listed in Annex 7 to this Part VII, all items set out in the Inventory List in the form as approved or stipulated by the Government, and all other items which are required to be delivered under this Part VII as part of the Delivery Acceptance shall be delivered to GNC as part the Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel. The Contractor must provide 14 days advance notice in writing for Vessel delivery when the Vessel is considered to be completed in accordance with the Contract and Ready for Use and to be delivered for the Delivery Acceptance. The Government will not accept delivery if after undergoing the tests and trials in the Technical Acceptance, the Government does not consider that the Vessel is in Ready to Use condition.
- (g) On delivery, the Vessel must be in a clean, tidy and fully fitted and operational condition.
- (h) The delivery acceptance of the vessel shall be carried out by GNC in accordance with the terms stipulated in the contract. The delivery acceptance is only completed once the director of marine has issued the acceptance certificate.

## 1.9 Warranty Services During the Warranty Period

- 1.9.1 Notwithstanding and without prejudice to the Contractor's obligation to provide the Warranty Services for the Vessel under the Conditions of Contract, the original copy of the manufacturer's warranty certificates and all related manuals and documents in respect of all the Equipment valid for 12 months from the date of Acceptance Certificate of the Vessel, shall be delivered to MD upon Delivery Acceptance.
- 1.9.2 The full scope of the Warranty Services for the Vessel is set out in Annex 1 to this Part VII.
- 1.9.3 The Contractor is responsible for arranging the Vessel for Guarantee Slipping at the end of the 12-month Warranty Period. In addition to any defects which the Contractor may be required to fix under Clause 18 of Part IV (Conditions of Contract), the Contractor shall also be responsible for the rectification of any defects found in the course of Guarantee Slipping. The full scope of the Services to be provided as part of the Guarantee Slipping is set out in Annex 1 to this Part VII.

## 1.10 Support Services

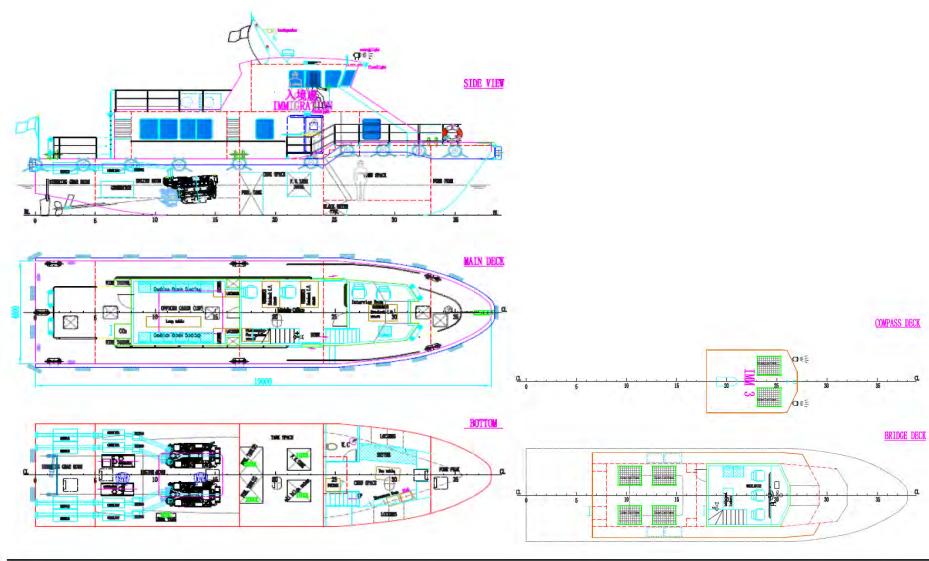
- 1.10.1 The Vessel must be designed for through life support and easy maintenance in the HKSAR based on an operation profile and minimum life expectancy as mentioned in the TS.
- 1.10.2 The above applies not only to main engines but also to all other equipment installed in the Vessel. Support and maintenance services must be available (i.e. serviceable) in Hong Kong in respect of all equipment installed in the Vessel and return of the whole or part of the Equipment to the original place of manufacturer or supplier shall not be necessary in order to carry out any repair work.

#### 1.11 Asbestos Free

1.11.1 The Vessel must not contain any asbestos or asbestos containing materials. The Contractor must comply with the Hong Kong Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311), Part X. The Contractor shall engage a service supplier approved by one of the ROs or other entities acceptable by MD to verify that there is no asbestos on the Vessel. An asbestos free certificate or a statement of compliance issued by the service supplier to this effect shall be provided upon delivery of the Vessel.

# **Chapter 2** General Technical Requirements

# 2.1 Guidance General Arrangement Plan



Part VII - Technical Specifications
Supply of Three (3) Steel Launches for the Immigration Department

#### 2.2 General Provisions

- 2.2.1 Without prejudice to the generality of Chapter 1, this Chapter contains the more particular technical specification for the Vessel. The significance of Essential Requirements is explained in Paragraph 1.1 of Chapter 1 of this Part VII above.
- 2.2.2 The work to be done under this Contract consists of the design, construction, outfit, testing and delivery of **three (3) Steel launches for IMMD**. Workmanship, functions, characteristics and performance are to be in accordance with this Part VII, best marine construction practices, and the regulatory standards herein specified or otherwise applicable.
- 2.2.3 The Contractor is required to exercise its professional expertise and knowledge to come up with an appropriate design for the Vessel which can comply with all requirements of the Contract. The Guidance General Arrangement Plan shown above ("Guidance General Arrangement Plan") is a reference drawing to help to explain the tender requirements. The Contractor is required to submit its own design in details for MD's approval.
- 2.2.4 During the design and construction of the Vessel, the Contractor is required to submit a detailed General Arrangement Plan ("GA Plan") and all relevant construction drawings for GNC's approval and acceptance. As for the preliminary General Arrangement Plan which has to be submitted during the tendering stage in Schedule 7 ("Preliminary General Arrangement Plan"), unless the Government otherwise directs, the GA Plan to be submitted after the Contract award shall incorporate those features set out in the Preliminary General Arrangement Plan. Requirements in this Part VII that the General Arrangement Plan shall follow the "Guidance General Arrangement Plan" in this Part VII shall be changed to follow the Preliminary General Arrangement Plan instead if in the opinion of the Government, the relevant aspect of the Preliminary General Arrangement Plan submitted by the Contractor is better than the Guidance General Arrangement Plan, but not otherwise.
- 2.2.5 ALL the machinery, equipment and facilities, furniture, fixtures and fittings, including outfitting of the Vessel that are described in this Part VII, together with their requirements for design and installation standards that are stipulated in this Chapter and in any other parts of this Part VII, are the items that must be included in the complete "As-built" Vessel delivered to the Government.
- 2.2.6 It is desirable that the Preliminary General Arrangement Plan to be submitted by the Tenderer shows improvements over the Guidance General Arrangement Plan over such functional aspects (Part A(I)) as mentioned in Annex D Marking Scheme to Part II Conditions of Tender.

## 2.3 Rules and Regulations

- 2.3.1 The Vessel shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the latest edition of the rules and regulations of the Recognised Organisation as specified in Schedule 9 of Part V. By latest edition, it is meant the latest edition as at the keel laying date of the Vessel. The Tenderer shall state in Schedule 9 of Part V which RO (to be selected from the definition of "Recognised Organisation" in Clause 1.1 of Part IV) and its rules and regulations and class notations that shall be used in the design and construction of the Vessel.
- 2.3.2 The Vessel is required to be issued with certificate of classification (without conditions) with notations as in Schedule 9 by the RO. All plans, particulars and documentations which are required for the classification of the Vessel, in addition to those listed in Annex 3 to this Part VII shall be approved by the RO before submission to GNC for endorsement and final approval prior to commencement of work. Any subsequent modifications or additions are to be treated in the same manner.
- 2.3.3 Without prejudice to the general requirement that the Contractor shall perform all Work in full compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, and in full compliance with the RO requirements and requirements of the Contract including this Part VII, the construction of the Vessel must comply with the rules, regulations, standards, and recommendations of the entities as specified below:
  - (a) International Electrotechnical Commission ("IEC") Regulations for the Electrical and Electronic Equipment.
  - (b) International Telecommunications Union recommendations in the International Radio Regulations ("ITU-R").
  - (c) Quality and standards of the welding shall comply with the rules of RO or American Welding Society ("AWS") or other applicable international standards or rules acceptable by MD.
  - (d) International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea 1972, as amended by International Maritime Organisation ("IMO") Resolution A464 (XII) and A626 (XV).

(e) All equipment/fittings shall be designed and manufactured to at least the standards as specified in this Part VII. When none of the rules and regulations in Paragraphs 2.3.3 (a) to (d) above are applicable, then the applicable standards specified by the applicable organisations below shall be complied with:

BSI British Standards Institute

GB Standardization Administration of the People's Republic of China

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers

ISO International Organization for Standardization

JIS Japanese Industrial Standards

2.3.4 The Contractor shall design, build and supply the Vessel in full compliance with the requirements given in this Part VII which, to that extent, may be over and above what is normally required by any statutory and RO's rules and regulations. Should there be any contradiction between the rules and regulations of the RO and this Part VII, this Part VII shall prevail unless GNC stipulates or agrees otherwise.

## 2.4 Contract Speed

- 2.4.1 The Contract Speed of the Vessel shall not be less than 17 knots at Beaufort scale number 2 when both marine diesel engines running at 100% MCR under Official Speed Trial Conditions as stated in Paragraph 1 of Annex 5 to this Part VII and whilst observing the requirements further specified in Paragraph 2.4.2 of this Part VII below.
- 2.4.2 The guaranteed speed prescribed above shall be achieved without porpoising, or other dynamic instabilities. The propulsion system selected shall match the engine profile and avoid cavitations as far as possible.
- 2.4.3 The estimated engine propulsive power and characteristic curves of the Proposed Propulsion System for attaining the Contract Speed of the Vessel under the Official Speed Trial conditions as stated in Paragraph 1 of Annex 5 to this Part VII, together with a descriptive account of the engineering principles and methodology employed for such propulsive power estimate and evaluation, shall be provided to GNC in Schedule 7 of Part V.

# 2.5 Principal Dimensions

2.5.1 The Principal Dimensions of the Vessel shall be:

General Requirements: - Mono-hull [E]

Length Overall (minimum): - at least 17 metres (fender figures included) [E]

Length Overall (maximum): - not greater than 19 metres (fender figures included)

[D]

Breadth: - 4.3 metres - 4.8 metres (fenders included)

Depth: - Design to suit

Restricted dimensions: - Nil

"Length Overall" means the distance between the foreside of the foremost fixed permanent structure and the aftside of the aftermost fixed permanent structure of the Vessel (transom) including fenders, but does not include waterjet system and out-fittings.

Tenderer shall indicate the length overall of the Vessel in dimension scale in Preliminary General Arrangement Plan submitted according to Schedule 7 of Part V.

#### 2.6 Material of the Construction

2.6.1 The Material of the Construction of the Vessel shall be:

Material of Hull Structure: Steel [E]

Material of Superstructure: Marine grade aluminium alloy [E]

## 2.7 Propulsion System

- 2.7.1 The Vessel shall be equipped with the Proposed Propulsion System as further described in Paragraph 7.2 of this Part VII.
- 2.7.2 It is desirable that based on the type approval certificate issued by any one classification society within the definition of "Recognised Organisations" in Clause 1.1 of Part IV, the emission level of each of the offered main propulsion engines of the Vessel as specified in Paragraph 7.2.1 of Part VII, complies with a standard higher than the International Maritime Organization ("IMO") Tier II emission requirements. [D]

## 2.8 Vessel Operating Profile and Environment

- 2.8.1 The Vessel shall be designed and built to operate in Hong Kong Waters with the below said operational profile.
- 2.8.2 The Summary of Operational Hours / Range of the Vessel shall be:

[E]

Number of hours/day: 18 hours/day
Number of days/year: 335 days/year

Endurance for fuel capacity: 12 hours without the need for refueling, includes:

12 hours at 100% MCR

(plus 10% margin for total fuel calculated in accordance to the number of hours mentioned

above.)

2.8.3 Total carrying capacity of the Vessel shall be 22 persons including three (3) crew members and 19 officers.

[E]

2.8.4 Operational environment:

The Vessel shall be able to operate safely in weather conditions up to and including the conditions equivalent to Beaufort wind scale number ("Beaufort scale") 7 and Sea State 6 set out in Annex 8 of this Part VII.

2.8.5 Ambient Conditions - All machinery, equipment, systems shall be capable of operating at their full design performance under the following environmental conditions:

External air  $0 \sim +40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Internal air  $0 \sim +20 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Machinery space ≤ 45 °C (All equipment at full rated power)

Maximum seawater temperature + 32 °C

## 2.9 Markings and Colour Scheme

- 2.9.1 Markings and colour scheme for the Vessel shall be provided by the Contractor. Colour scheme shall be approved by GNC before application. All painting colour scheme for fittings shall be agreed by GNC.
- 2.9.2 All labelling shall be both in Chinese and English and as per applicable rules and regulations of the RO. MD shall instruct the Contractor to design and produce any logos or graphics to be displaced on both sides of the superstructure or deckhouse and/or at locations as agreed by MD.
- 2.9.3 The Vessel's name shall be painted on both sides of the bow and the transom centre to MD and user department's satisfaction. Draught marks shall also be marked at both sides of bow and stern. The full load design draught mark shall be marked at port and starboard amidship. Vessel's identification shall be marked as large as possible at the deckhouse top for helicopter viewing.
- 2.9.4 All labelling, stencilling and marking (not limited to the hull but including all aspects of the Vessel) shall be made on separate plaques, boards or labels attached to the structure. By default all displays, control actuators, electric switches, valves, and other equipment shall be labelled to indicate their type and function as appropriate.
- 2.9.5 Exits shall be identified and labelled. Stowage locations for life jackets and quantities of life jackets contained therein shall be identified.

- 2.9.6 Safety markings for the prevention of person tripping in the Vessel shall be provided where necessary.
- 2.9.7 The design of the colour scheme of outlook profile of each vessel to be submitted to GNC for approval prior to painting.

## 2.10 Tally Plates

- 2.10.1 The following information shall be displayed on the builder's plate:
  - (a) Builder's name;
  - (b) Vessel's name;
  - (c) Year of build; and
  - (d) Maximum number of persons including the crew that the Vessel is designed to carry.
- 2.10.2 Tally plates in both English and Chinese characters shall be fitted for all spaces and all equipment as required by MD including but not limited to:
  - (a) Equipment in the console;
  - (b) Electrical and communication equipment;
  - (c) Air vents and filling pipes for the fuel oil tanks;
  - (d) All valves and equipment on deck;
  - (e) Control panels, switchboards, distribution boxes and electrical circuits; and
  - (f) Any other equipment/fitting as required.

Information engraved on the tally plates shall include: service, function, mode of operation, source of power, fuse rating, voltage and warning and other information as required by MD.

- 2.10.3 Tally plates exposed to weather shall be made of durable and weatherproof material and be securely fastened.
- 2.10.4 List of tally plates shall be provided as directed by MD.

## 2.11 Other Design Features

- 2.11.1 Berthing requirement of the Vessel shall match with the designated point of berth at Government Dockyard.
- 2.11.2 Permanent list is not allowed, and where it is not practical to achieve this requirement, the maximum permanent list of the Vessel in its lightship condition must not be greater than **0.5** degree.
- 2.11.3 Permanent ballasts can only be used as agreed by GNC. The Contractor should note that it shall be under a very exceptional case that GNC would agree for the Vessel to have ballast installed.
- 2.11.4 The Vessel shall be free of unacceptable structural vibrations and free of excessive porpoising at all speeds so that there is no loss of directional control.
- 2.11.5 All lifting appliances shall be properly certified and a Registry of Lifting Appliances and Lifting Gear is to be provided in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.
- 2.11.6 The Vessel is to be so designed that spray rail, foil, stabilizer fin, bilge keel, passive tank or trim tab should be fitted to reduce any excess roll, excess trim or excess spray affecting the performance and the safety of the vessel if found during yard trial or sea trial.

## **Chapter 3** Hull and Deckhouse

## 3.1 Structures of the Hull and Deckhouse

- 3.1.1 The Vessel shall be designed and built with a mono-hull form. The strength of the hull structure shall be approved by the RO while fulfilling the Contract Speed specified in Paragraph 2.4.1 of this Part VII and the hull structure shall be constructed of steel.
- 3.1.2 The hull structure design loads shall be in accordance with the Vessel operational profile and other applicable requirements. The design stress and load (wave height versus speed), maximum acceleration considered and scantlings calculation including the internal structural members shall be approved by the RO.
- 3.1.3 Strength shall be maintained by ensuring hull structural continuity of main members including bottom and deck girders and transverse web frames. Where the strength of a main structural member is impaired by cuts or interruptions in continuity, efficient means of compensation shall be fitted. Special care shall be given to reinforcing the hull in way of the fenders and areas likely to experience slamming.
- 3.1.4 The keel structure shall be arranged to accommodate Vessel's dry docking and lifting requirements in the Government Dockyard and relevant dockyard in Hong Kong.
- 3.1.5 All materials and build processes for steel and aluminium alloy construction shall comply with an approved standard. Their selection shall recognise the Vessel through life cycle and service conditions for ease of repair in the event of hull damage.
- 3.1.6 Hull construction materials shall be new and of a type which has been certified by the RO or other entities acceptable to GNC for shipbuilding purposes. Materials for composite structures construction shall be traceable to ensure quality, and follow good materials handling procedures, for example: workshop conditions, material storage and handling, and requirements for the manufacturing of the craft.
- 3.1.7 The Contractor shall carry out quality control throughout the construction of the Vessel by their quality control personnel.
- 3.1.8 Records of the structural materials used for vessel construction and up-to-date copies shall be provided to GNC before and/or during the construction stage of the Vessel.
- 3.1.9 Major penetrations or access openings through the transverse hull bulkheads below the main weather deck level shall be avoided as far as possible. Cable penetrations shall be located as high and as far inboard as possible. Any and all penetrations through bulkheads below the main deck shall be fitted with RO approved devices and be so arranged to ensure the bulkhead to be entirely watertight and strength maintained.
- 3.1.10 Weather-tight deckhouse located above the main deck shall, in their outside boundaries, have means of closing the openings, and such means shall be of sufficient strength and be of a design to maintain weather-tight integrity in all operational conditions.
- 3.1.11 Close attention shall be paid to the fabrication and installation of machinery foundations to insure rigidity of the foundations and their structural continuity with adjacent structure.

## 3.2 Hull and Deckhouse Structural Requirements

- 3.2.1 General Requirements for Hull Structure Construction
  - (a) All materials used in the construction shall be agreed by GNC prior to construction.
  - (b) The keel structure shall be arranged to enable the Vessel's dry docking and lifting at the Government Dockyard in Hong Kong.

## 3.2.2 Workmanship

- (a) Trunks, coamings and openings where applicable shall have radius corners as large as possible.
- (b) Fittings and openings through decks and bulkheads for pipes and cables shall be properly designed using approved fittings to maintain watertight integrity, reduce transmission of heat, and to minimise transfer of machinery vibration and noise to the hull structure.
- (c) Limber and vent holes shall be cut as necessary to ensure proper venting and drainage of all tanks, compartments, pockets, and voids. All tanks shall have limber holes and vent holes of adequate size for full capacity flow to suction and vent lines. There shall be no pockets where water or other liquids can be trapped at any normal list or trim to be encountered in service.
- (d) Sharp corners shall be avoided.

## 3.2.3 Tightness

- (a) Tanks shall be tested by pressurizing to the equivalent of a head of water from the tank bottom to one metre above the top of the vent loop subject to the RO Requirements. If pressurized by air, all fittings and welding shall be checked by application of a soap solution. No leakage is permitted. During testing, tanks shall hold their pressure without leakage for six(6) hours.
- (b) The weather-tightness of any fittings on the weather deck and deckhouse shall be demonstrated by directing a water stream from a 12 mm diameter nozzle at all parts of the exterior including all windows, doors, and hatches. The nozzle shall be 1.5 metres or less from the fitting being tested, and the water pressure at the nozzle shall be at least 4 bar. Any leakage will be considered to be a failure of the test and corrective measures shall be taken.
- (c) Chalk tests shall be carried out if the above two methods are not applicable.
- (d) All structures and fittings shall withstand the tests described above and any weakness shall be rectified at the expense of the Contractor.

## 3.2.4 Fairing

The hull, decks, and deckhouse side wall shall be fair, and shall be free from objectionable buckles or uneven sight edges. Special care shall be used in aligning and fairing of surfaces which are to be joined.

## 3.2.5 Decks, Platforms, Flats and Stiffness

- (a) All decks, platforms and walking flats shall be sufficiently reinforced to prevent deflection that might be caused by service load, an individual walking or standing on the deck and/or by structural flexure of the hull and/or deckhouse. Structures under or behind fittings shall be adequately strengthened to withstand the load exerted by or on the fittings.
- (b) The main deck (and where relevant cabin roof) shall be fitted with water-tight hatches for removal of main engines and generators.
- (c) The deck area shall have a camber at  $1/50 \sim 1/80$  of the beam of the deck edge and may slope up towards the bow at forward part.
- (d) Adequately secured grating shall be provided as required and to GNC's satisfaction. Removable grating shall be provided where required for access to valves, equipment, bilge pickups, and to other systems below.
- (e) The joint between the steel main deck and the aluminium deckhouse sides is to be designed to install a steel strip between the main deck plate by using the RO approved type explosion bonded aluminium-steel bi-metal strip in order to avoid bimetallic corrosion.

#### 3.2.6 Through-Hull Fittings

- (a) Through-hull fittings shall be located in convenient locations for maintenance purposes, as required for equipment listed in these TS. The number of through-hull fittings shall be kept to a minimum.
- (b) If required all through-hull fittings located below the waterline shall be fitted with flanged type screw down non- return valves fabricated of cast steel and having suitable corrosion protection, such as cathodic protection.
- (c) The hull external shell surface below the waterline where through-hull fittings are located shall be fitted with external fairings/screens to minimise drag.

## 3.2.7 Hull Structural Closures

- (a) Inspection hatch shall be provided on each fuel oil tank. The inspection hatch shall be sized to allow proper inspection of the entire tank interior. The inspection hatch shall have gasket covers secured by stainless steel bolts and self-locking nuts.
- (b) Access to hull compartments from the main deck shall be provided by watertight deck hatches.
- (c) Emergency escape access shall be provided for hull compartments for RO and GNC approval.
- (d) Flush deck hatches fitted with waterproof soft patch or gasket shall be provided for engine and equipment removal or maintenance purposes. Soft patches shall be secured properly and to GNC's satisfaction.
- (e) Flush watertight deck hatches shall be installed for the access to fore peak / after peak tank / tank space from main deck.

- (f) Hinged hatch covers shall be provided with means to hold them in the fully opened position. A protective device shall be installed to prevent the crew from accidentally dropping into the opening after opening the hatch. For hinged type watertight door, they shall be opened outward except those doors in high flooding risk spaces shall be opened into the space.
- (g) All access closings shall be able to be opened and closed at both sides. The warning "Door must be kept closed when underway" shall be marked on both sides of the watertight door and all watertight doors shall fit with visual and audio alarms in the wheelhouse to give alerts when watertight doors are open

#### 3.2.8 Deckhouse Closures

- (a) The weather-tight doors complied with the requirements of RO shall be provided for access into the deckhouse.
- (b) Doors giving access to the deckhouse shall have a coaming as per RO's regulation above the finished main deck surface.
- (c) Appropriate locking devices to be provided for all access doors which can be operable at both sides.
- (d) Deckhouse shall be so designed to facilitate the removal of engines from the engine room to shore for maintenance and repair. Opening on deck and closing hatches shall be provided and maintaining the structural strength of the deck structure.
- (e) All doors in the deckhouse shall have clear toughened safety glass windows.

#### 3.2.9 Freeboard Area and Hull Preservation

- (a) Exterior surfaces of the Vessel above the fully loaded draught, (that is, that part of the hull which is exposed alternately to wind and water) shall painted and prepared to a satin finish / appearance / texture.
- (b) Antifouling paint shall be applied by the Contractor to the paint manufacturer and GNC's satisfaction.
- (c) Wherever paint is used, the Contractor shall propose a suitable paint specification in conjunction with a preferred paint manufacturer for GNC's approval. Painting report prepared by the paint supplier shall be submitted to GNC for record.
- (d) All coatings shall be applied as specified by the manufacturer including temperature and humidity at time of application, coverage/rate, wet and dry film thickness, recoat time and application equipment and rate, etc.
- (e) The Vessel shall be painted externally with a paint process which can be guaranteed for a minimum of two years' service life by the paint manufacturer. Paint shall be used on surfaces as directed by GNC.
- (f) Painting Schedule shall be proposed by the Contractor in consultation with the paint suppliers/manufacturers and submitted for GNC agreement and approval.
- (g) All materials used for painting of the Vessel internally and externally shall be agreed by GNC and shall not have adverse effects to the environment and the health of persons on board.
- (h) Painting report for the complete vessel on delivery and after warranty slipping shall be prepared by the paint manufacturer and submitted to GNC.

#### 3.3 Weld Quality

- 3.3.1 All welding and fabrication work shall be carried out according to the rules of the RO to be deployed for overseeing the welding and fabrication work.
- 3.3.2 Welding joints shall be carefully designed and constructed to conform to the latest established standards and shipbuilding practice to prevent fatigue failures.
- 3.3.3 Cutting for edge preparations and welding shall be carried out by the RO recognised qualified workers.
- 3.3.4 Certification of the qualifications of each individual welder shall be submitted to MD by the Contractor before commencing welding works.
- 3.3.5 Welds carried out by unqualified procedures or welding performed by non-certified welders shall be subject to removal by the Contractor at his own expense.

## 3.4 Supervision of Fabrication and Assembly

- 3.4.1 The items listed below (but not limited to) are required to be recorded by the Contractor and submitted to GNC or the delegated consultant firm in accordance to Paragraph 1.3.2 before fabrication:
  - (a) Inventory of the incoming materials, consumables components and machinery;
  - (b) Traceability procedures for the use of the materials, traceable identification codes which shall be serial and indexed to the controlled manufacturing procedures;
  - (c) Lofting, cutting, fitting, welding, forming and dimensions control of all the major structural components, measures shall be taken to avoid deformation of structure during fabrication and welding;
  - (d) Welding and inspection procedures for identifying the type and extent of Non-Destructive Test (NDT) inspections carried out on the Vessel structures. GNC may extend the NDT where deemed to be necessary subject to the quality of the welding. A NDT inspection plan shall be submitted to GNC for approval before inspection;
  - (e) All NDT reports;
  - (f) Welding and inspection qualification and certification of each person;
  - (g) Records of maintenance and calibration of the welding, machining, measuring and inspection equipment;
  - (h) Records of machining, finish surfaces, and bolting;
  - (i) Procedures for work quality non-conformance reporting and records of rectification of defects; and
  - (j) The design and manufacturing drawing control procedures, including any of its revisions and updates, and records for any re-issue of drawings.

## 3.5 Stability and Subdivision

- 3.5.1 The stability calculations shall be carried out by using a proven computer system, with evidence (viz. recognised by a government authority or the RO). All calculations and drawings must be in metric units.
- 3.5.2 The Vessel is required to comply with the intact and damage stability requirements stated in this Part VII.
- 3.5.3 A final stability assessment of the sea trial loading condition using final lightship data shall be delivered to MD prior to the Official Speed Trial mentioned in Paragraph 1.7 of this Part VII.

## 3.6 Inclining Experiment

- 3.6.1 As part of the Technical Acceptance, an inclining experiment shall be carried out in near the waters of the Contractor's shipyard, with the attendance of MD officer(s) and/or appointed consultant, according to the guidance of Annex I to IMO Resolution MSC.267 (85) in conducting such an inclining experiment, to determine the lightship weight and the position of the centre of gravity of the Vessel.
- 3.6.2 At least 14 working days in advance of the inclining experiment, a "Scheme of Inclining Experiment" ("the Scheme") shall be approved by the RO and submitted to GNC for acceptance. The inclining experiment can only be conducted after GNC has accepted the Scheme, and in the presence of the RO surveyors and MD officer(s) and/or appointed consultant.
- 3.6.3 The Scheme shall include:
  - (a) The intended date and time, and the place conducting the inclining experiment.
  - (b) The anticipated water depth at the time conducting the inclining experiment.
  - (c) A recent photograph of the site that will conducting the inclining experiment.
  - (d) A recent photograph of the Vessel, including its external view and hull superstructures and main deck situation.
  - (e) The name of the RO representative and the Contractor representative who will attend and be responsible for the inclining experiment.
  - (f) The Vessel's intended initial loading condition (with a comprehensive list of all the items on board that are not part of the ship structures, machinery, fixture and fittings, liquid including persons and inclining experiment facilities and equipment) during the inclining experiment;
  - (g) The proposed initial locations and the subsequent movements of the inclining weights;

- (h) The calculation of the estimated heel of the Vessel before and during the inclining experiment.
- (i) The proposed number, location and lengths of pendulum used; or other methods of measuring heel angles (that must be of a type acceptable to GNC).
- (j) hydrostatic table, and tank capacity tables.
- (k) The list of data to be measured in accordance with the IMO Resolution MSC.267(85) Code on Intact Stability for All Types of Ships.
- 3.6.4 The metacentric height of the Vessel after each and every shift of inclining weight shall be determined.
- 3.6.5 The lightship weight and centres of gravity shall be calculated and presented in the inclining experiment report. Free surface effects of all liquids on board shall be taken into account in all calculations.
- 3.6.6 The Inclining Experiment Report shall be approved by the RO before submitting to MD for further comments and acceptance. The report shall include a statement from the Contractor stating that the Vessel is safe to go to sea for all other tests and trials covered in the Technical Acceptance.
- 3.6.7 The Vessel must not be subject to any operational limitations with respect to its stability capability within the operational requirements stipulated in this Part VII.

## 3.7 Stability Information Booklet

- 3.7.1 The stability due to wind and ship rolling shall be calculated for the operational sea and weather conditions stipulated in this Part VII. These calculations shall be submitted to GNC for approval.
- 3.7.2 All the requirements stipulated in the latest and as amended IMO Resolution (i.e. Code on Intact Stability for All Types of Ships regarding the Stability Information Booklet and the conduct of the inclining experiment and the Inclining Experiment Report) shall be followed.
- 3.7.3 In this regard the format and presentation of the Stability Information Booklet, Inclining Experiment Report shall follow strictly to the requirements and instructions in the latest and as amended IMO Resolution.
- 3.7.4 The Stability Information Booklet and the Inclining Experiment Report shall be approved by the RO before they are submitted to GNC for the final acceptance. These documents shall only be considered as acceptable when they are accepted in writing by GNC.
- 3.7.5 A Preliminary Stability Information Booklet based on the estimated centre of gravity (CG) positions of the Vessel shall be submitted to GNC during the design stage and within four(4) months after the kick-off meeting, to show that the Vessel can fulfil this Part VII to meet the required Vessel stability as well as any other stability requirements for GNC to consider, during the design and construction stage.
- 3.7.6 The Official Sea Trial shall only be carried out after the results of the inclining experiment show the Vessel's actual centre of gravity position is consistent with the information given in the PRELIMINARY Stability Information Booklet, and that the Vessel is safe to go on with the sea trials.
- 3.7.7 The FINAL Stability Information Booklet and the Inclining Experiment Report shall be delivered to GNC at least 14 days before the Delivery Acceptance.
- 3.7.8 **For the avoidance of doubt, in addition to the above requirements**, the Stability Information Booklet in its final version shall include (but not limited to):
  - (a) The Vessel's particulars, sketch of general arrangement drawing showing different compartment and tank positions, hydrostatic curves, and cross curves of stability;
  - (b) Tank calibration/sounding tables include but not limited to fuel oil tank and freshwater tank. These tables shall consist of the locations of tanks (in terms of frame numbers), levels from tank bottom, capacity, VCG/LCG/TCG and free surface moments, and the location of the sounding points. The trim and heel of the Vessel for which these tables are applicable shall be stated clearly;
  - (c) Stability calculations for each loading condition shall include but not be limited to a profile drawing of the Vessel and items of deadweight, lightship, displacement, drafts, trim, VCG, GM (solid & fluid), LCG, down-flooding angle and maximum static stability GZ curves;
  - (d) Any other information as reasonably required by the RO and/or GNC; and
  - (e) The RO approved inclining experiment report.
- 3.7.9 The Official Sea Trials shall only be carried out after the results of the inclining experiment show that the Vessel is safe to go on with the sea trials.
- 3.7.10 The Contractor shall supply four (4) copies of the Stability Information Booklet (for the as-built Vessel) to MD.

3.7.11 Both the preliminary and final Stability Information Booklet shall include the following loading conditions (and any other conditions as may be required by MD during the design and construction of the Vessel) and their stability results shall be presented in a manner and format as indicated in latest and as amended IMO Resolution.

Loading conditions of the Vessel:

Loading	Fuel (%)	Fresh	Black	Dirty Oil	Crew*	Other
Condition		Water	Water (%)	and Water		Persons**
		(%)		(%)		
Lightship	0	0	0	0	0	0
Light Load	50	50	10	10	3	19
Departure						
Light Load	10	10	50	50	3	19
Arrival						
Full Load	95	95	10	10	3	19
Departure						
Full Load	10	10	95	95	3	19
Arrival						
Sea Trial	95	95	10	10	3	19

#### \* Crew:

75 kg body weight and 10 kg effects for each crew.

#### \*\* Other Persons:

75 kg body weight and 5 kg effects for each other person.

- 3.7.12 The calculations shall follow the requirements below:
  - (i) The maximum free surface moments shall be used for calculating the stability of the Vessel in all above conditions.
  - (ii) VCG of each crew/person shall be assumed as one (1) metre above deck in their most likely positions. The most likely positions of these persons shall be agreed by GNC and user department.
  - (iii) Likewise the LCG of each crew/person shall be in their most likely position on board. The most likely positions of these persons shall also be agreed by GNC and user department.
  - (iv) The effect of wind moments in various loading conditions due to Beaufort scale number not less than 7 at beam shall be calculated and duly considered in the stability calculations of all the above stated conditions, to the satisfaction of GNC.

# 3.8 Intact Stability Criteria

- 3.8.1 The Vessel shall comply fully with the intact the stability criteria stipulated in 2008 IS Code (i.e. the International Code on Intact Stability, 2008, adopted by IMO resolution MSC.267(85), as from time to time revised or amended by any revision or amendment that applies to Hong Kong) ("latest and as amended IMO Resolution").
- 3.8.2 Stability will also be considered satisfactory if the Contractor choose to apply related rules and regulations in stability requirements of the RO or ISO 12217 Part 1.
- 3.8.3 If there are difficulties to comply with the above requirements, subject to GNC's prior written approval, the following criteria shall be followed.

(a) The weather criterion 
$$K = \frac{l_q}{l_f} \ge 1$$
; (the minimum heeling lever  $\ge$  heeling lever due to wind)

- (b) The initial transverse metacentric height shall not be less than 0.35 metre.
- (c) Full load state, in still water, when the persons are concentrated on one side, the inclination angle should not exceed 12 degrees.

## 3.9 Damage Stability Criteria

- 3.9.1 Suitable watertight transverse bulkheads shall be arranged to maintain the stability of the Vessel when any one watertight compartment under deck damaged and flooded, and when there is asymmetric flooding to any one of the under deck compartments.
- 3.9.2 The residual stability of the Vessel in the above mentioned damage condition shall be sufficient to maintain adequate stability of the Vessel at sea in any one of operational modes mentioned in the TS.
- 3.9.3 The residual stability of the Vessel shall be considered satisfactory if the following criteria are complied with, after taking into account of free surface effects and wind moment, for loading conditions as specified above.
  - (i) The residual transverse metacentric height shall not be less than 0.05 metre.
  - (ii) in the case of asymmetrical flooding the angle of heel for one-compartment flooding shall not exceed 7 degrees.
  - (iii) The final water line is located below any inlet opening.
    - N.B. The inlet opening means an opening through which progressive flooding may take place is immersed. This would not be an opening closed by a watertight manhole cover or a vent fitted with an automatic closure.
- 3.9.4 The opening(s) to determine the down-flooding angle(s) shall first be agreed by GNC before carrying out the damaged stability calculations. The permeability of each flooded compartment for the stability calculations shall first be agreed by GNC.
- 3.9.5 The damage stability calculation shall be produced and has obtained the RO's approval before submitting to GNC for further comments.

## 3.10 Tonnage measurement

- 3.10.1 The Vessel shall be measured as per International Convention on Tonnage Measurement of Ships (ITC) 1969. Tonnage measurement shall be endorsed and approved by the RO. The RO shall issue a Certificate of Compliance as part of the certificate of classification with notations. (Tonnage certificate is not required).
- 3.10.2 The Tonnage calculation shall also complied with relevant requirements as said in the Code of Practice Safety Standards for Class II Vessels in the version as amended and issued by Local Vessels Safety Section of Hong Kong Marine Department.

## 3.11 Freeboard assignment

- 3.11.1 The freeboard assignment shall be in accordance with Merchant Shipping (Safety) (Load Line) Regulations 1991, as amended. The Vessel shall be issued with the Hong Kong Load Line Certificate (HKLLC).
- 3.11.2 The freeboard assignment shall also comply with relevant requirements as said in the Code of Practice Safety Standards for Class II Vessels in the version as amended and issued by Local Vessels Safety Section of Hong Kong Marine Department.

## **Chapter 4** General Arrangement Plan

#### 4.1 General Provision

- 4.1.1 The Vessel shall be designed and built as a mono-hull vessel. The hull shall be constructed of steel and the superstructure shall be all welded marine grade aluminium alloy plates and specially designed extrusions.
- 4.1.2 Without prejudice to the requirements set out in this Part VII (whether it is Essential Requirements or Specifications without Label or other Offered Specifications) ("Proviso"), to the extent that the arrangement as specified in the Guidance General Arrangement Plan do not show indication concerning compliance with the aforesaid requirements, such arrangement shall be understood to serve as a guide and to help to explain the tender requirements. Without prejudice to the generality of the Proviso as aforementioned, all components of the Vessel as specified in the Offered Specifications including in this Part VII shall be included in the as-built Vessel.
- 4.1.3 The Vessel shall be constructed as follows:

Dimension	Guidance
Side deck walkway width	Minimum 0.60 metre, and obstructions to this walkway shall be avoided
Clear headroom for accommodation compartments, crew space, wheelhouse	Minimum 2.0 metres
Number of crews and other persons	Maximum 22

- 4.1.4 During the design and construction of the Vessel, the Contractor shall submit a detailed General Arrangement Plan for GNC's written approval and acceptance.
- 4.1.5 It is a contractual requirement that all furniture, equipment and facilities, fixture and fittings, including outfitting of the Vessel that are described in the TS, together with their requirements for design and installation standards that are stipulated in this Chapter and in any other parts of this Part VII are the items that must be included in the complete "As-built" Vessel delivered to the Government.
- 4.1.6 The Tenderer shall note that the requirements given in this Part VII are in addition to the RO Requirements and IMO requirements and shall be met by the design and construction of the Vessel.

## 4.2 General Arrangement

- 4.2.1 The subdivisions and accommodation compartments are listed below:
  - (a) Under Deck compartments:
    - (i) Fore peak and chain locker;
    - (ii) Crew space;
    - (iii) Tank space;
    - (iv) Engine room; and
    - (v) Steering gear room.
  - (b) Compartments above the main deck:

On the main deck there shall be comprised of the following compartments:

- (i) Wheelhouse;
- (ii) Interview room
- (iii) Middle office;
- (iv) Officer cabin;
- (v) CO<sub>2</sub> room.
- 4.2.2 Final design for subdivisions and accommodation compartments mentioned above shall be subject to full compliance with the requirements of stability and subdivisions from the RO.
- 4.2.3 All cabins shall be designed and arranged so as to protect the occupants from weather and sea conditions, and aims to minimise risk of injury.

- 4.2.4 All controls, electrical equipment, high-temperature parts and pipelines, rotating assemblies or any other items in cabins and compartments shall be properly placed not to cause injury.
- 4.2.5 Equipment fixtures and fittings on board shall be fitted properly to avoid injury to persons at all times during bad weather and worst sea conditions.
- 4.2.6 Store space shall be arranged for storing the anchor chains, mooring ropes, navigational equipment, shapes, spare fire extinguishers and other equipment.
- 4.2.7 There shall be a public address system covering all open areas and spaces of the Vessel, and where crew shall have access, including the escape routes. The system shall be such that at the initial stage of flooding to occur, or at the start of fire in a compartment, would not cause the system inoperable.
- 4.2.8 All interior decks shall be covered with fire retarding vinyl composition sheet and colour to be selected by GNC.

## 4.3 Fore peak and chain locker

- 4.3.1 The fore peak space shall be watertight and located at the foremost end of the hull, with a watertight collision bulkhead. IMO requirements for collision bulkhead must be complied with.
- 4.3.2 The fore deck geometry of the Vessel shall be carefully designed to facilitate safe boarding/mooring to MD's satisfaction. Adequate geometry can be achieved with the addition of fender mouldings adequately fitted to the Vessel.
- 4.3.3 The fore deck shall exhibit a flush deck free of anchoring/mooring equipment.
- 4.3.4 A hinged flush type watertight hatch cover shall be provided on the main deck for access to the Fore Peak. Access ladder shall be provided.
- 4.3.5 A store space with steel walls shall be arranged inside the fore peak compartment. Suitable sparred wooden shelves and perforated marine ply wood flooring with thickness of not less than 50mm shall be provided for storing the anchor chains.

## 4.4 Crew space

- 4.4.1 The crew space shall be located under-deck (or partially under-deck) aft the fore peak.
- 4.4.2 Toilet in crew cabin:
  - (a) Toilet room shall be well ventilated. One electric exhaust fan shall be provided and the exhaust air shall be routed to outside of the Vessel.
  - (b) Aluminium toilet door shall be fitted with louver and opened outward with locks which could be released from outside.
  - (c) Sewage flushed from toilet shall be stored in black water tank and have an option to discharge direct overboard where required. The material and standards of the sewage piping system shall be determined with the GNC either in the kick-off meeting after the Contract is awarded or during the design phase of the Vessel.
  - (d) A toilet with non-slip flooring and waterproof grating shall be provided with following installations and fittings:
    - (i) One stainless steel wash basin with a spring loaded cold freshwater supply tap;
    - (ii) One water delivery point under basin with a plastic hose for toilet cleaning;
    - (iii) One cabinet with mirror with vanity lights;
    - (iv) One toilet paper holder;
    - (v) Sufficient lighting;
    - (vi) One liquid soap dispenser;
    - (vii) Drain(s) to be provided to avoid water accumulation on the toilet floor and floor covering shall pitch to a floor drain piped to the black water collection tank;
    - (viii) One deep bowl water closet of suitable mode to be determined with the GNC either in the kick-off meeting after the Contract is awarded or during the design phase of the Vessel;
    - (ix) Stainless steel handrails as appropriate to allow safe use of the facilities while at sea;

- (x) Three (3) coat hooks;
- (xi) One paper towel waste bin;
- (xii) One bulkhead mounted fresh water supply valve for washing purpose;
- (xiii) 50 litres electric water heater; and
- (xiv) Shower with hot and cold water.
- 4.4.3 Notwithstanding requirements specified in other sections, the crew space shall include the following:
  - (a) One settee for 4 persons, with cushion backrest shall be provided by a table in front. The seat shall be robust and easy to be clean by cleaning agent. Seats and table shall be secured in place;
  - (b) A stairway with handrail shall lead directly from the main deck to the crew space;
  - (c) One emergency escape hatch to the exterior deck with a fixed escape ladder as a means of escape to the main deck from crew space;
  - (d) Minimum 4 x storage lockers with lock where spaces are available. Each locker shall be able to fit standard Marine Department bags (approximate 500 mm x 300 mm x 300 mm);
  - (e) Grab rails shall be provided where necessary;
  - (f) One electric powered marine wall-mounted clock;
  - (g) One 240V AC wall mounted 300 mm diameter fan;
  - (h) The crew space shall be ventilated by a split-type air-conditioning;
  - (i) Appropriate number of electric sockets shall be provided;
  - (j) One electric exhaust fan shall be provided;
  - (k) One 240 VAC electric tea kettle securely fixed in location.
  - (l) One microwave oven;
  - (m) One refrigerator with positive latches (total net capacity not less than 110 litres);
  - (n) One stainless steel kitchen sink with a spring loaded cold freshwater supply tap;
  - (o) One drawer for kitchen tools.
  - (p) One electric rice bowl (of a size and type to be decided by the user department);
  - (q) One double-burners induction cooker;
  - (r) One large rubbish bin of a suitable size with cover;
  - (s) One electric kitchen range hood;
  - (t) One stainless steel cooking table; and
  - (u) One stainless steel condiment rack.

## 4.5 Tank Space

- 4.5.1 The tank space shall be located between the crew space and the engine room.
- 4.5.2 The tank space shall be designed to accommodate:
  - (a) Independent stainless steel fresh water tank with manhole cover; and
  - (b) Independent steel oil bilge water tank with manhole cover.
- 4.5.3 Adequate ventilation for this space shall meet the requirements of an RO.
- 4.5.4 The tank space shall be designed with flush watertight cover. Watertight integrity shall be maintained when the top covering is in place.
- 4.5.5 The flooring of this compartment shall be covered with unpainted aluminium chequer plates.
- 4.5.6 Aluminium chequer plates adjacent to valves, shafts, etc., shall be easily removable for maintenance. Hinged access plates shall be fitted in way of valves. The arrangement of hinged plates shall avoid /minimise the rattling noise.

## 4.6 Engine Room

- 4.6.1 The layout of the engine room shall be in accordance with IMO Requirements and the RO Requirements and to the satisfaction of GNC.
- 4.6.2 Special attention shall be paid to the layout of the engine room for the maintenance and repair of main engines, generators and other machinery. The specific requirements given in this Part VII shall be complied with.
- 4.6.3 The engine room shall be designed as an unattended engine room.
- 4.6.4 The floor of engine room shall be covered with aluminium chequer plate. Aluminium chequer plates adjacent to bilges, pumps, shafts, pipes and strainers etc, shall be easily removable for maintenance.
- 4.6.5 Hinged access plates shall be fitted in way of valves. The arrangement of hinged plates shall avoid/minimise the rattling noise.
- 4.6.6 Splash plates, casings, fenders, screens, etc. shall be provided for the protection of personnel and machinery. Removable guards shall be provided over exposed moving parts of the machinery, hot pipe, etc.
- 4.6.7 All boundary bars, handrails, gratings, ladders, platforms, stanchions and vertical supports, etc. in the engine room and steering gear compartment shall be of lightweight construction.

## 4.7 Steering Gear Room

- 4.7.1 The layout of the steering gear compartment shall be arranged for easy and convenient installing, operating and access for maintenance/repairs to the steering gear system. Flush access manhole with hinged cover shall be provided for access to this compartment.
- 4.7.2 Readily accessible space shall be provided for the operation of an emergency manual hydraulic pump with independent piping.
- 4.7.3 The floor of this compartment shall be covered with aluminium chequer plate.
- 4.7.4 Aluminium chequer plates adjacent to valves, shafts, etc., shall be easily removable for maintenance.
- 4.7.5 Hinged access plates shall be fitted in way of valves. The arrangement of hinged plates shall avoid/minimise the rattling noise.

#### 4.8 Wheelhouse

- 4.8.1 The wheelhouse shall be located on the bridge deck. Two (2) access shall be provided.
- 4.8.2 The outside configuration of the deckhouse shall be of a design that deflect rain and seawater during heavy weather; and to provide practically all-round visibility at the steering/helm position of the console area. Pillars are not allowed to be fitted inside the bridge area.
- 4.8.3 Instruments, instrument panels and controls shall be permanently mounted in the consoles, taking into account operational, maintenance and environmental needs.
- 4.8.4 The wheelhouse shall be designed with a wheelhouse control station for one-man operation comprising controls and instruments for navigation, manoeuvring, communication and machinery operation.
- 4.8.5 Three heavy duty pedestal seats with hydraulic damping system, arm-rest and with safety belts for the crew are required. The seats should have high density foam cushions, adjustable back rest, folding arms, lumbar support and adjustable footrest. The height and direction of these seats shall be adjustable. (details as refer to Paragraph 4.16 of this Part VII)
- 4.8.6 Controls for the steering shall be easily reachable by a person of normal Asian stature in the seated position without needing to extend his arms, and without obstructing the coxswain and the navigating crew all-round field of view.
- 4.8.7 The wheelhouse shall not be designed for used purposes other than navigation, communications, monitoring the performance of the machinery and other functions essential to the safe operation of the Vessel.
- 4.8.8 In addition to the RO and IMO requirements, the wheelhouse shall be properly designed for the controls and instruments for navigation, manoeuvring, communication and machinery operation to the satisfaction of GNC.

- 4.8.9 The steering position, console and its instrument and gauges, and control layout, coxswain seat and the navigator and engineer officer seats, and in fact the complete interior arrangement of the wheelhouse shall first be agreed by GNC before the installation and construction. For this purpose, the Contractor shall construct a mock-up of the internal arrangement in the shipyard for the GNC officers and the user department officers to approve.
- 4.8.10 Controls for the coxswain controls shall be easily reachable by a normal Asian size in the sitting position without needing to unduly extending his arms, and that it would not interfere the coxswain's all round field of view.
- 4.8.11 The arrangement of equipment and means for navigation, manoeuvre, control, communication and other essential instruments shall be located sufficiently close together to enable the coxswain and the assisting officer to read/receive all the necessary information, and be able to use the equipment and controls while they are seated.
- 4.8.12 All instruments shall be logically grouped according to their functions. In order to minimise the risk of confusion, instruments shall not be rationalised by sharing functions or by inter-switching.
- 4.8.13 The instrument panels for the emergency controls and the monitoring of the fire-fighting systems shall be in a separate position, and shall be in clearly defined locations agreed by GNC officers.
- 4.8.14 Instruments required for use by any member of the operating crew shall be plainly visible and easily read with minimum practicable disposition from his normal seating position and deviation from line of vision; i.e. they will cause minimum risk of confusion under all likely operating conditions.
- 4.8.15 The instruments and controls shall be provided with screen and dimming facilities to minimise glare and reflections and prevent them from being obscured by strong light.
- 4.8.16 The surfaces of console tops and instruments shall have dark glare-free colours. Surface finishing and interior linings of the wheelhouse shall be of a matt non-reflecting finish to facilitate night operation.
- 4.8.17 The controls, displays and equipment are required to incorporate into the bridge control station so that all relevant controls can be reached from a fixed working position (e.g. sitting, standing or both).
- 4.8.18 The Contractor shall build a preliminary mock-up and a final mock-up of the bridge including all the navigation equipment arrangement, seats and other fittings as required under this Part. The mock up shall be of FULL SIZE dimensions and agreed by GNC. The bridge mock-up inspection shall also include the visibility requirements in Paragraph 4.12.
- 4.8.19 It is desirable that the preliminary control console plan to be submitted by the Tenderer shows improvements over the Wheelhouse Arrangement Plan over such operational aspects (Part A(II)(a)) as mentioned in the Marking Scheme in Part II Conditions of Tender. [D]

## 4.9 Other Wheelhouse Outfitting

- 4.9.1 The following fittings and equipment shall be provided in the wheelhouse or the store of wheelhouse:
  - (a) Two wall mounted fans of diametre 300 mm;
  - (b) One display board for posting plans, maps, notices, etc.
  - (c) One set of pigeon holes for stowage of international code flags;
  - (d) One set of international code flags suitable for the mast;
  - (e) One set of open shelves for the stowage of log books and files;
  - (f) One chart table with lamp and dimmer over, a drawer shall be provided under the table top for the stowage of charts;
  - (g) One dial type inclinometer and one thermometer for marine use;
  - (h) One metal rubbish bin with cover shall be stored inside a cabinet/locker;
  - (i) One metal box for keys shall be provided and fitted inside the wheelhouse;
  - (i) One magnetic compass with independent illuminated dimmer switch;
  - (k) One wooden box with locks for the storage of binoculars, and it shall be fitted within the vicinity of the coxswain and navigator seats. One waterproof and fog proof 7x50 Marine binoculars for day time use shall be provided;
  - (l) One electric powered marine wall-mounted master clock;

- (m) Four cup holders;
- (n) One framed safety plan of appropriate size;
- (o) Four coat-hooks;
- (p) A number of storage lockers; and
- (q) One approved type first aid box.

## 4.10 Wheelhouse Console Control Equipment

- 4.10.1 The following controls, displays and equipment are required to be incorporated into the wheelhouse control station so that all relevant controls can be reached from a fixed working position (e.g. sitting, standing or both):
  - (a) Steering is controlled by steering wheel and quick action lever control (Joystick);
  - (b) Engine speed and clutch controls;
  - (c) Rudder or steering angle indicators;
  - (d) Public address system as mentioned in Paragraph 9.2 of this Part VII;
  - (e) Magnetic compass and fluxgate compass as mentioned in Paragraph 9.3 of this Part VII;
  - (f) Differential global positioning system as mentioned in Paragraph 9.4 of this Part VII;
  - (g) Marine radar as mentioned in Paragraph 9.5 of this Part VII;
  - (h) Navigation electronic chart display and information system as mentioned in Paragraph 9.6 of this Part VII;
  - (i) Echo sounder as mentioned in Paragraph 9.8 of this Part VII;
  - (j) International maritime mobile (IMM) VHF radio with GMDSS as mentioned in Paragraph 9.9 of this Part VII;
  - (k) Marine band handheld water proof radio transceiver as mentioned in Paragraph 9.10 of this Part VII;
  - (1) AIS transponder as mentioned in Paragraph 9.11 of this Part VII;
  - (m) CCTV system as mentioned in Paragraph 9.12 of this Part VII;
  - (n) Radar transponder as mentioned in Paragraph 9.13 of this Part VII;
  - (o) Wind speed and direction system as mentioned in Paragraph 9.14 of this Part VII;
  - (p) Satellite EPRIB as mentioned in Paragraph 9.15 of this Part VII;
  - (q) Electric horn conforming to IMO requirement as mentioned in Paragraph 9.16 of this Part VII;
  - (r) Lighting control panel incorporating controls for navigation lights, and alarms, search lights and flood lights;
  - (s) Main and auxiliary engines monitoring indicators and tachometers;
  - (t) Instrument & control and alarming system for major machinery containing start/stop switches;
  - (u) Exhaust temperature gauges;
  - (v) Gear box oil pressure indicators alarms;
  - (w) Fire detection system and carbon dioxide flooding system control panel;
  - (x) Emergency stop switch for accommodation ventilation fans;
  - (y) Meter/Gauge indicating the quantity of fuel remained in the fuel tank;
  - (z) Navigation light and flashing beacon control panel;
  - (aa) VHF radio receiver stowage position and power sockets; and
  - (bb) Any other instrumentation recommended by the manufacturer of the proposed propulsion system and GNC.

#### 4.11 Interview room, middle office and officer cabin

- 4.11.1 The interview room is located in the fore part of the main deck cabin. The interview room shall accommodate with two seats with hydraulic damping system, one office table (approximate 1200mm x 750 mm) and one individual mounted seat. A door located at aft bulkhead of the interview room for access to the middle office.
- 4.11.2 The middle office is located at the aft of the interview room. The middle office shall accommodate two seats with hydraulic damping system, two office table (approximate 1200mm x 750 mm), and one table with size about 1100mm x 600mm for installing with photocopying copier and fax machine. There are two stairways provide in the middle room for access to the wheelhouse and crew space. Also, there are entrance from vessel side via each sliding door at the port and starboard side into the middle room. Another door at the aft bulkhead of the middle room is provided for access to the officer cabin at the aft.
- 4.11.3 The officer cabin located at the aft part of the deckhouse shall accommodate with two settees for 12 officers, with cushion back rest. One long table and four storage locker of appropriate size to be provided inside the officer cabin. Door at the aft of officer cabin is provided for access to the stern of the vessel.
- 4.11.4 The following equipment and fittings shall be provided in the interview room, middle office and officer cabin:
  - (a) One (1) note book computer;
  - (b) One (1) photocopying machine for A4 size (220V AC);
  - (c) Three (3) electric powered marine clocks;
  - (d) Six (6) wall mounted fans of diametre 300mm;
  - (e) Three (3) drawers, bookshelves and multi-tray for IMMD officer document storage;
  - (f) Windows with roller blinds at port and starboard side as mentioned in Paragraph 4.12.8 of TS;
  - (g) Appropriate numbers of electric sockets (220V AC and 24V DC) shall be provided. The number and location of sockets shall be proposed by the Contractor and be subject to GNC approval; and
  - (h) Seventeen (17) coat hooks fitted on the wall;
  - (i) One (1) set of phone/mobile phone wall mount;
  - (j) One (1) set of fax machine with connection to the phone/mobile phone;
  - (k) One (1) computer monitor (24 inches) mounted to a table; and
  - (l) One (1) multi-functional laser printer (copy, print and scan) connect to personal computer through USB, the print & copy speed at least 35 pages per minute and support auto double-sided printing, copying and scanning installed on a table. It is desirable that the dimensions of the printer is 494 mm in width x 430 mm in depth x 448 mm in height.

## 4.12 Windows and Visibility

- 4.12.1 Throughout the vessel polarized and tinted windows shall not be fitted.
- 4.12.2 All windows shall be manufactured from clear toughened safety glass, secured to the structure and shall be issued with the type approval certificate by the RO and is suitable and safe for marine use. Details of the all windows shall be submitted to GNC for approval and window glass thickness shall be verified in accordance with the submitted information before installation.
- 4.12.3 Windows shall be strong and suitable for the worst intended operating conditions. Window glass and the frame shall be made of materials which will not break into dangerous fragments when fractured/shattered.
- 4.12.4 Retractable transparent solar UV roller blinds shall be installed on all side windows throughout the Vessel. The blinds shall be capable of being retained in position either partially lowered or fully lowered, without swinging due to vessel motions at sea.
- 4.12.5 All windows of the accommodation space shall be fitted with curtain.
- 4.12.6 A basic layout of the windows is shown in the Guidance General Arrangement Plan. Details of all windows shall be submitted to GNC for approval. Weather-tight test shall be carried out after windows installation.
- 4.12.7 Where practical, depending on the design of the wheelhouse configuration, more windows are preferred to provide a wider clear view. [D]

- 4.12.8 Retractable transparent solar blind (American Standard Window Film ASWF, Sunny-Kool or RO approved type or equivalent) shall be installed inside of all wheelhouse front windows. All forward facing windows of wheelhouse shall be inclined forward and provide visibility free of any glare under all operating condition. The wheelhouse front windows shall be inclined from a vertical plane topside out to reduce unwanted reflection, at an angle of not less than 10° and not more than 25°.
- 4.12.9 The height of the lower edge of the wheelhouse front windows above the main weather-deck shall be, where practical, kept as low as possible for a better view forward. Care shall be given to ensure the lower edge will not present an obstruction to the forward view.
- 4.12.10 One each large RO approved sliding window shall be fitted at port and starboard side to facilitate direct downward viewing to the side of the Vessel. These windows also provide ventilation while the air-conditioning system is not operating excluding the forward section of the side windows fitted with heavy duty wipers.
- 4.12.11 Frames at the wheelhouse window separations shall be kept to a minimum, and they shall be of adequate structural strength and stiffness. They shall not be installed immediately in front of any navigation seats. The positions of window frames shall be agreed by GNC before installation.
- 4.12.12 The following outfitting items shall be provided:
  - (a) Heavy-duty marine type wide span and large area 24V DC electric wiper(s) (covering not less than 60% of the window glass plane area) with fresh water window washing systems shall be fitted to all wheelhouse front windows.
  - (b) Wipers shall have an interval operation and adjustment functions and be fitted with electrical fresh water window/wiper washing systems. These wipers shall be capable of operating independently of each other. The type and make of wiper must be submitted to GNC for acceptance before they are fitted.
  - (c) Two sets of spare wiper blades shall be provided for each window wiper installed for the Vessel. One spare unit of wiper for the coxswain front window shall also be provided.
  - (d) An all-round de-misting system shall be provided for all wheelhouse windows at the interior side of the windows. [Remark: The air conditioning system can be used for this purpose].
  - (e) Each wiper shall be operated from independent control circuit. Power switch shall be provided in each wiper power circuit for isolate faulty wiper from power trip. All wiper control operation shall not be connected on a common control bus for prevent all wiper shutdown at same time.
  - (f) Each wiper motor can be accessible for maintenance inside wheelhouse as far as practicable.
- 4.12.13 As a minimum requirement, the visibility to outside from inside the cabins and wheelhouse shall be in compliance with the requirements set out in IMO.
- 4.12.14 Side mirrors / CCTV shall be provided at locations to allow the coxswain to safely manoeuvre the vessel to a berth.
- 4.12.15 Vision blind spots or sectors shall be as few and small as possible, and in any case they must not adversely affect the keeping of a safe look-out from the helm position in the wheelhouse.
- 4.12.16 At all times regardless of the weather and sea conditions at least two third of the wheelhouse front width in front of the coxswain shall have a clear view. The visibility check shall also be carried out during the wheelhouse mock-up inspection.

## 4.13 Hatches, Doors, Ladders and Access

- 4.13.1 Design of all outfitting including, but not limited to, doors, hatches, ladders, ventilation heads, etc. shall be of a type approved by the RO for this type of vessel, or other entities acceptable to MD.
- 4.13.2 Detailed specifications of these items shall be provided. They shall include the structural arrangement, scantlings, material and welding procedures. These shall be in accordance with the RO Requirements.
- 4.13.3 It is desirable that RO approved access hatch with a coaming height of minimum 450 mm shall be used. Where the use of a access hatch is not practical on the weather deck, flushed type watertight hatch/manhole shall be used.
- 4.13.4 The design and the arrangement of the flushed type watertight manhole shall be submitted to GNC for approval.
- 4.13.5 Where the hatches are used for escape purpose, it shall be capable of operating from both sides.

- 4.13.6 Hatches for access to the watertight compartments below the main deck level shall be type approved by the RO. Watertight and weather-tight deck hatches shall be of hinged type as far as practical.
- 4.13.7 All hatches shall be fitted with a hold back device.
- 4.13.8 All deck hatches shall be fitted with a high quality commercial-grade marine-type lock. Three sets of keys shall be provided. All keys shall be tagged for identification.
- 4.13.9 Hatches and doors shall be fitted with manual means of locking; and shall be able to be quick opened from both inside and outside of compartment.
- 4.13.10 Door to aft deck shall be RO approved outwardly opening weather-tight type. Doors opening to the side deck shall be of a sliding type with width acceptable to GNC.
- 4.13.11 All doors shall be fitted with hooks or other means to hold them in the fully open position if required.
- 4.13.12 All exterior doors shall be fitted with high quality commercial-grade marine lever-type locksets. Three sets of keys shall be provided. All keys shall be tagged for identification and all locks shall all be keyed alike.
- 4.13.13 Stairway slopes shall be acceptable to MD and shall be fitted with handrails on each side. A minimum width of 600 mm shall be provided between the handrails.
- 4.13.14 Vertical ladders, if provided, shall be constructed with non-slip purpose with suitable step space intervals including but not limited to adequate footsteps and handholds for safe access to the compartments and locations of equipment.
- 4.13.15 A stair/ladder fitted with handrails is located at the back of the deckhouse for access to the upper open deck from the weather deck. The inclined angle of the ladder shall be to GNC's satisfaction.
- 4.13.16 The engine room shall be provided with two widely separated means of access/escape of minimum 400 mm x 600mm. Access to engine room shall be protected from weather.
- 4.13.17 All stair/ladder shall be constructed with non-slip steps.

## 4.14 Open deck area, railing and handrail

- 4.14.1 Open deck area shall include:
  - (a) Clean and simple bow deck area for efficient boarding and mooring operation:
    - (i) The bow deck area shall be a fore raised deck high enough.
    - (ii) The deck area shall be clean and simple for efficient anchoring, mooring.
    - (iii) The deck area geometry of the vessel shall be carefully designed to facilitate safe mooring to MD's satisfaction. Adequate geometry can be achieved with the addition of fender mouldings adequately fitted to the vessel.
    - (iv) As part of the boarding frame, a permanent forward deck railing for safe embarkation and disembarkation shall be provided.
    - (v) There shall be a weather-tight mooring cables store on the deck area (of a size and type to be decided by the user department).
  - (b) Clean and simple aft deck area for efficient boarding and mooring operation:
    - (i) The aft deck area shall be large enough for mooring. The clearance shall not be less than 0.6 m.
    - (ii) Notwithstanding requirements specified in other sections, the aft deck shall have the following fittings: one 24V DC waterproof power socket, one 240V AC waterproof power socket, and one waterproof shore connection.
  - (c) Side deck area:
    - (i) Walk around deck which provides easy access to fore deck or aft deck.
    - (ii) The width of the side deck on both sides of main deck and upper deck shall be at least 0.6 m for providing safe passages for crew / other persons to walk.
    - (iii) Components including but not limited to air vents and pipes are preferably recessed into the deckhouse side. [D]
    - (iv) Excessive protrusion of components including but not limited to air vents and pipes shall be avoided to prevent obstructions.

- (d) Compass deck area:
  - (i) Compass deck area shall be fitted with a mast.
  - (ii) The arrangement shall be such that the equipment on the compass deck shall not interfere with each other.
  - (iii) Safe access for the maintenance and servicing to equipment and its fittings shall be provided.
  - (iv) Vessel identification shall be marked on compass deck as large as possible.
- 4.14.2 All exterior deck areas shall be covered by an appropriate anti-slip surface for boarding / landing and deck covering requirements. The anti-slip paint shall not be made of a mix of paint and added grit material ("sand") and shall be to GNC's satisfaction.
- 4.14.3 Walk around deck facility provides easy access to fore deck or aft deck. The walking area on deck shall be well illuminated in dark environments. Illumination lights shall not provide obstruct the movement of personnel.
- 4.14.4 Main deck, upper deck and compass deck external spaces shall be provided with railings along the sides, except where the convenience of crew operation (e.g. at the mooring operation area) requires otherwise.
- 4.14.5 All guard rails shall comply with the RO Requirements for protection of persons on board.
- 4.14.6 Hand rails shall be provided where necessary. Grab rails shall be positioned internally and externally throughout the Vessel to MD's satisfaction. Hand rails and grab rails shall be made of high quality marine grade aluminium extrusions or stainless steel.
- 4.14.7 All hand rails shall be strongly secured to provide support for persons on board, to prevent them from falling or being thrown on deck or overboard in deteriorated weather and sea conditions, the design to consider the circumstances when all persons on board are lined up together on one side of the deck in case of an emergency situation at sea.
- 4.14.8 Where necessary, the rails of the railings are made of detachable marine stainless steel chain and insulation between stainless steel and aluminium to be fitted to avoid galvanization. A basic layout of the railings is shown in the Guidance General Arrangement Plan. Permanent stanchion with chains for safe embarkation and disembarkation shall be provided.

## 4.15 Insulation and Lining

## 4.15.1 Insulation:

- (a) Boundaries and ceilings inside the wheelhouse, main deck cabin and crew space shall be properly insulated against weather heat and temperature, with not less than 50 mm thick glass-fibre wool; and be lined with protective/decorative panel linings of hard wearing surface and water sealing.
- (b) Boundary of machinery space shall be effectively fire and sound insulated with asbestos-free materials of adequate thickness, pinned and wire-mesh secured, and lined with incombustible sheathing in accordance with the RO Requirements.
- (c) The noise level in the accommodation space shall not exceed **78** dB when the Vessel is operating at all speeds. The Contractor shall make all reasonable efforts to minimise noise and vibration in the Vessel.

## 4.15.2 Lining:

- (a) Panels of wall, ceiling panels, skirting and their joint materials shall be readily removable. The joining method shall provide long-lasting firm and strong attachments between the adjoining members and parts against excessive vibration, and withstand temperature changes and wear and tear within the life expectancy of the Vessel.
- (b) The panels shall be fitted to avoid noise generation due to its own vibration or in resonance response to the overall vibratory mode of the Vessel. This requirement applies to all operational speeds of the Vessel.
- (c) Colour of the lining material shall also be agreed by MD.
- (d) The deck or floor of accommodation space shall be covered with non-skid, wear resistance and fire retardant vinyl PVC sheets that are acceptable to GNC officers. Colour of the floor covering shall be agreed by MD.

#### 4.16 Seating

- 4.16.1 Three upholstery heavy duty pedestal seats shall be provided in wheelhouse. Requirements of the seats as follows:
  - (a) The seats shall have high density foam cushions;
  - (b) Seats shall be of a hydraulically damped, shock reducing type;
  - (c) Lumbar support;
  - (d) Adjustable height and direction (Turntable/Mounting pedestal 0°- 180°) with foot rest;
  - (e) Safety belt to be provided.
- 4.16.2 One high-density black colour leather settee for two (2) persons shall be provided in the wheelhouse. Another two settees with cushion back rest for twelve (12) persons shall be provided in the officer cabin.
- 4.16.3 One individual high-density foam seat with cushion and backrest shall be provided in the interview room.
- 4.16.4 Four upholstery seats shall be provided in front of the office table for IMMD officers in the middle office and interview room. These seats shall be of a hydraulically damped, adjustable seat height with armrests.
- 4.16.5 The seat and the attachment system to be designed to withstand vessel collision and shall be acceptable by MD.
- 4.16.6 Seating and handholds shall provide support for spinal neutral alignment and postural stability for each person up to the crew limit and also to prevent them from falling or being thrown on deck.
- 4.16.7 All seat materials of upholstery shall be of fire retardant foam material for heavy duty marine use.

## 4.17 Furniture and Fittings

- 4.17.1 Built-in furniture shall be adequately secured against ship impacts in case of ship collision or in bad weather and sea conditions.
- 4.17.2 All seats shall be strongly secured against 45 degrees inclination in all directions when all seats are occupied by sitting persons.
- 4.17.3 All tables and seats shall be lightweight, tough and robust.
- 4.17.4 Upholstery such as seat cushions back rests and settees shall be fire self-extinguishing, e.g. urethane foam to BS 3379 or equivalent, and be of thickness not less than 100mm and be covered with imitation leather.
- 4.17.5 Lockers if fitted shall be provided with built-in locks and keys. They shall be designed and fitted to the satisfaction of GNC officers.
- 4.17.6 Drawers shall be provided for storage of charts.
- 4.17.7 All hardware including screws, hooks, hasps, hinges, handles, sliding bolts, etc. shall be made of brass with chrome plated finish, or in stainless steel.
- 4.17.8 All fittings and hardware fitted on board the Vessel such as coat hooks, ceiling lights, bulkhead mounted lights, etc. shall be of a high quality chrome finish. They shall be properly fitted in accommodation space and any other spaces directed by GNC officers.
- 4.17.9 Colour and decoration schemes (or a furnishing sample board showing materials and colour to be used) for furniture and fittings shall be submitted to MD for approval before installation/fitting.
- 4.17.10 All furniture shall be fitted as to allow easy removal of the under-deck machineries and tanks if required.

#### 4.18 Mast and ensign staff

- 4.18.1 One mast shall be fitted on the deckhouse top with IMO required navigational lights, shapes, sound signals, one set of Immigration examination signal lights and red rotating beacon light, radar scanner and other electronic and navigational equipment, including the lightning arrestor, ensign hoist, two signal hoists, the antennas, GPS and UHF mobile transceiver (as indicated in the Guidance General Arrangement Plan). There shall be an all-round flashing red light on the mast.
- 4.18.2 The structure of the mast associated with its mountings and fixtures shall be designed so that all the equipment can operate in all weather conditions, with general provisions as follows:
  - (a) The mast shall have streamline shape and permits navigation light bulbs to be changed by an individual standing on the compass deck and to permit the servicing of any equipment it carries. Facilities for access to high location shall be provided where necessary.

- (b) The mast shall be constructed such that no vibration is experienced in any operating condition including at harbour. The mast design shall be of appropriate size/strength to suit its purpose.
- (c) The mast is so designed to accommodate all the navigation lights and lights indicating types of operation. Arrangement shall also be provided for hoisting of navigational shapes.
- 4.18.3 Access for maintenance and servicing of equipment and its fittings shall be provided.
- 4.18.4 The requirements of Staff are as follows:
  - (a) Two ensign staffs of length and size to be confirmed by GNC, for flags, shall be supplied.
  - (b) It is desirable that one ensign staff shall be placed at the mast and the other one to be placed at aft main deck.
    [D]
- 4.18.5 All equipment and their components including but not limited to cables, conduits, connectors, junction boxes, glands and fittings etc. shall be water proof and be able to function in all weather conditions at sea.
- 4.18.6 All hardware for mast and ensign staff, such as screws, hooks, hasps, hinges, handles, sliding bolts etc., shall be made of stainless steel and be with proper galvanic corrosion preventive measures at their contact points with the hull/superstructures.

# 4.19 Anchoring and Mooring Equipment

#### 4.19.1 Anchor

- (a) At least one high holding power type anchor with chains approved by the RO for this type of vessel and acceptable to GNC shall be provided with its associated swivel, shackles, stowage cable or cable and warp and means of recovery.
- (b) The Vessel shall be provided with adequate and safe means for releasing the anchor and its cable and warp.
- (c) The means of release shall be capable of safe operation even when the anchor cable or warp is under load.
- (d) Adequate means and arrangements shall be provided to secure the anchor under all operational conditions.

### 4.19.2 Windlass

- (a) An electric/hydraulic windlass with its associated gypsy and warping drum, cable stopper, hawse pipe, bollards and fairleads shall be of a size, type, height and power suitable for an easy run of the anchor chain and cables as well as the mooring lines.
- (b) The windlass shall be capable of lifting one anchor with sufficient length of chain, at a speed acceptable to the RO and in accordance with IMO requirements. The unit shall be fitted with an emergency manual operating mechanism.
- (c) Control of the windlass shall be located in the vicinity of the windlass through a starter control unit enclosed in the watertight cabinet. There shall be another control unit in the wheelhouse, that it can be controlled in rough weather.
- (d) Emergency stop button for windlass shall be provided in the wheelhouse at the coxswain station position and local area.
- (e) A canvas/tarpaulin windlass cover shall be provided.
- (f) The Vessel shall be protected so as to minimise the possibility of the anchor and cable damaging the hull structure during operation (including in bad weather and sea conditions).

#### 4.19.3 Mooring

- (a) Suitable fairleads, bitts and mooring ropes shall be provided and fitted at the appropriated position for the safety mooring operation.
- (b) As a minimum six (6) bollards on deck shall be provided. All the bollards shall be double bitts and suitable for towing vessels of similar dimensions from side and rear. The structure associated with these bollards shall be strengthened as per the RO Requirements.
- (c) Quantity and dimension of mooring ropes shall comply with the RO Requirements.
- (d) Enclosed lockers or bins for storing mooring lines shall be provided on deck such that they are readily

available and are secured against the high wind and ship motion accelerations.

(e) Two stainless steel boat hooks with 3-metre staves and stowage arrangement shall be provided.

#### 4.20 Fenders

- 4.20.1 Fender system shall be provided on the gunwale of the hull as shown on the Guidance General Arrangement Plan. Internal stiffeners shall be suitably provided to strengthen the hull structures. The fender arrangement shall be to MD's satisfaction. The base plates of fender installation shall be widened properly.
- 4.20.2 Side and Stern Fenders
  - (a) Fixed hollow D shape rubber fenders of suitable size (a size acceptable to MD) shall be fitted continuously along the ship sides at the main deck level.
  - (b) Thickened fenders of sufficient height shall be installed at the bow, samples of this fender is shown in the Guidance General Arrangement Plan.
- 4.20.3 The rubber fender shall be of type high-stretch ability and wear resistant suitable for berthing alongside of large ships.
- 4.20.4 Sufficient numbers of rubber tyre fenders of appropriate size, each with a stainless steel securing ring shall be provided. Two (2) of them shall be fitted at the Intersection of ship's stern plate and side plate.
- 4.20.5 At least eight (8) units of portable air filled fenders at diameter not smaller than 300mm shall be provided.

#### 4.21 Cathode Protection and Painting

- 4.21.1 The steel hull, shaft bracket, propellers, stern tubes and the lightning protection system underwater etc., shall be protected by a cathode protection system for two-year life.
- 4.21.2 Service life expectancy of anti-fouling systems shall be provided according to the requirements of the RO or other equivalent international standards.
- 4.21.3 The Contractor after contract award shall propose a list of the paint to be used for the hull, deck, superstructures structural materials (including and fouling, paint) with detailed specifications. Thickness of each coating shall be specified. Property compatibility of different paint layers must be maintained.
- 4.21.4 Paints shall be of a fire-retardant marine quality and applied in accordance with the manufacturer's specification.
- 4.21.5 The Contractor shall propose a suitable paint specification in conjunction with a preferred paint manufacturer for GNC's approval.
- 4.21.6 All surfaces and any parts of the hull, deck or machinery, fittings that may cause glare or reflection must be matte powder-coated.
- 4.21.7 All fastening preparation and other penetrations shall be completed before painting of any surface.
- 4.21.8 Surfaces that require painting shall be fully prepared to meet with paint maker's requirement prior to painting.
- 4.21.9 Volatile Organic Compounds ("VOC") content limits of the paints shall comply with the Controls and Requirements of the VOC Regulation (VOC content limits for regulating paints used on vessels and pleasure craft) of the Regulation of Hong Kong Air Pollution Control Ordinance.
- 4.21.10 A Tributyltin ("TBT") free fouling-release/anti-fouling paint complies with actual operating profiles of this working vessel shall be applied on the following areas below the water line to provide at least two-years protection against the marine growth.
  - (a) Exterior of the hull; and
  - (b) Sea chest, sea chest grate and sea suction pipe.
- 4.21.11 A TBT free certificate issued by the paint manufacturer shall be submitted before the Delivery Acceptance. The fluoropolymer foul release coating/antifouling paint (e.g. Intersleek 1100SR or equivalent) shall comply with the International Convention on the Control of Harmful Anti-fouling Systems on Ships as adopted by the IMO.
- 4.21.12 All deck areas shall be covered with hard wearing and anti-slip epoxy paint.
- 4.21.13 All paint work shall carry a one-year guarantee provided by the Contractor against defects in material and workmanship.

- 4.21.14 Painting schedule proposed by the Contractor in consultation with the paint suppliers/manufacturers shall be submitted for GNC approval before painting.
- 4.21.15 A painting report shall be submitted to MD upon the completion of painting work for the Vessel.
- 4.21.16 The Contractor shall provide GNC at Delivery Acceptance a letter of certification from the paint manufacturer to certify the application of the paint is under the paint manufacturer's quality control, and that it is in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements for surface preparation, metal surfaces temperature and atmospheric conditions, paint thickness and method of application.
- 4.21.17 The colour of the paints shall refer Markings and Colour Scheme.
- 4.21.18 In order to prevent the marine growth (such as bio-film, barnacles) leads to block partial and complete blockages in the seawater cooling system (such as sea chests, seawater manifolds) which resulting in dramatic effects on the engine running temperatures and increasing fuel consumption, an Ultrasonic Antifouling System ("UAS") to be adopted in the vessel. An UAS includes control unit, ultrasonic transducer, cables and connectors. An UAS is capable of operating in dual voltage system (e.g. alternating current and direct current). The transducer, cables and connectors to be in IP68 standard and cables are in oil and fire resistant type. The UAS should be supplied with at least a two years warranty by the manufacturer.

#### 4.22 Ventilation

- 4.22.1 The requirements for ventilators and the ventilation system shall comply with the RO Requirements.
- 4.22.2 Wheelhouse, interview room, middle office, officer cabin and crew cabin shall be protected from gas or vapour fumes from machinery, engine-exhaust gas and smells from the fuel system.
- 4.22.3 The toilet and the pantry shall be fitted with an exhaust fan of not less than 36 air changes per hour; and a louver at the lower portion of the toiler door shall be provided. There shall be covers for the exhaust fans capable of being closed to prevent rain water and seawater spray.
- 4.22.4 Air pipes shall be fitted to all tanks, void spaces, and all spaces and compartments which are not fitted with other types of ventilation arrangement.
- 4.22.5 The lower edge of openings in all exterior air pipes and trunks shall be at least **300** mm above the main deck.
- 4.22.6 All ventilators shall be provided with weather-tight covers.
- 4.22.7 Natural ventilation for all the compartments in the Vessel shall be provided as practical as possible.

# 4.23 Lighting

- 4.23.1 Natural light shall be allowed as far as possible in the deck cabin and wheelhouse.
- 4.23.2 Adequate lighting intensity and lighting arrangement, as well as any necessary lighting segregation, by means of blinds or other means, shall be provided inside the wheelhouse to enable the operating personnel to perform their navigation task if there is a need.
- 4.23.3 The walking area on deck shall be well illuminated in dark environments.
- 4.23.4 Care shall be taken to avoid large shadows as well as glare and stray image reflections in the operating area environment. High contrast in brightness between work area and surroundings shall be avoided. Non-reflective or matt surfaces shall be used to reduce indirect glare to a minimum.
- 4.23.5 Emergency lighting shall be provided throughout the Vessel for its operational needs.
- 4.23.6 Only in fault situation, limited (and suitably reduced) illumination of the essential gauges, instruments and controls for monitoring likely system is allowed.
- 4.23.7 Lights shall not obstruct the movement of persons.

#### 4.24 Lightning Protection

- 4.24.1 The Vessel shall be fitted with a proven lightning protection system as per RO and IMO requirements to protect the Vessel, persons on board and the electronic equipment installed.
- 4.24.2 Method and working principle of protection shall be submitted to GNC for approval before the installation.

# 4.25 Miscellaneous

- 4.25.1 Navigational shapes shall be provided and properly stowed in the Vessel.
- 4.25.2 A full set of maritime signal flags shall be provided and properly stowed in the wheelhouse of the Vessel.

# **Chapter 5** Fire Safety Equipment

#### 5.1 General Provisions

- 5.1.1 The Vessel shall be enclosed by fire-resisting divisions complying with the requirements of the International Code for Application of Fire Test Procedures (FTP Code), as defined in Chapter II-2 of SOLAS.
- 5.1.2 Fire-resisting bulkheads and decks shall be constructed to resist exposure to the fire as per RO Requirements for that specific location. The main load-carrying structures shall be arranged to distribute load such that there will be no collapse of the construction of the hull and deckhouse when it is exposed to fire.
- 5.1.3 The hull, structural stiffeners, bulkheads, decks, deck houses and pillars shall be constructed of approved non-combustible materials as required in the FTP Code and having adequate structural properties.
- 5.1.4 The arrangement of pipes, ducts, electrical cables etc., penetrating into fire-resisting divisions shall be made to ensure that the fire-resisting integrity of the division is not impaired, and necessary testing shall be carried out in accordance with the FTP Code.
- 5.1.5 All furniture shall be constructed entirely of approved non-combustible or fire-restricting materials, except that a combustible veneer with a calorific value not exceeding 45 MJ/m² may be used on the exposed surface of such articles.
- 5.1.6 All upholstered furniture, draperies, curtains, suspended textile materials shall have the qualities of resistance to the propagation of flame in accordance with the FTP Code.
- 5.1.7 All deck finish materials shall comply with the FTP Code.
- 5.1.8 All the exposed surfaces and surfaces in concealed or inaccessible spaces in corridors and stairway enclosures, and of bulkheads (including windows), wall and ceiling linings in all compartments shall be constructed of materials having low flame-spread characteristics as required in FTP Code.
- 5.1.9 Any thermal and acoustic insulation shall be of non-combustible or of fire-restricting material. Vapour barriers and adhesives used in conjunction with insulation, as well as insulation of pipe fittings for cold service systems need not be non-combustible or fire restricting, but they shall be kept to the minimum quantity practicable and their exposed surfaces shall have low flame spread characteristics.
- 5.1.10 Exposed surfaces in corridors and stairway enclosures, and of bulkheads (including windows), wall and ceiling linings, in all compartments shall be constructed of materials which, when exposed to fire, are not capable of producing excessive quantities of smoke or toxic products, this being determined in accordance with the FTP Code.
- 5.1.11 Hose reel with attached fire hose shall be installed in engine room(s) for ready-to-use purpose, each with a length to cover the whole engine room length.

# 5.2 Fire Detection System

- 5.2.1 An approved automatic fire detection system shall be provided in the Vessel at appropriate locations in accordance with RO Requirements. The fire detection system shall comply with the rules of the RO or International Standard acceptable to GNC.
- 5.2.2 The fire detection panel shall be installed in the wheelhouse.
- 5.2.3 The detection system shall initiate audible and visual alarms distinct in both respects from the alarms of any other system not indicating fire, in sufficient places to ensure that the alarms are heard and observed on the wheelhouse control station.
- 5.2.4 Fire detectors shall be installed in the engine room, crew space, officer cabin, middle office, interview room, wheelhouse, steering gear compartment etc. in addition to meeting the RO Requirements. Detection system using only thermal detectors shall not be permitted unless in spaces of restricted height and where their use is especially appropriate.

#### 5.3 Fixed Fire-Extinguishing System for Unattended Engine Room

- 5.3.1 Engine room fire extinguishing systems shall be a fixed CO<sub>2</sub> flooding system complying with the RO regulations for engine room protection.
- 5.3.2 Activation of the CO<sub>2</sub> system shall cause an audio and visual warning alarm in the wheelhouse and the engine room.

- 5.3.3 The CO<sub>2</sub> bottles for the system shall be stowed preferable at the aft as indicate on the Guidance General Arrangement Plan and shall be properly protected from weather.
- 5.3.4 Engine room ventilation systems shall automatically shut down upon activation of the CO<sub>2</sub> flooding systems or manually from controls at the control station.

### 5.4 Portable Fire Extinguishers

- 5.4.1 Adequate number of portable fire extinguishers shall be provided to serve all compartments in the Vessel and so positioned, as to be readily available for immediate use. The quantity and position of portable fire extinguishers shall also comply with relevant requirements as said in the Code of Practice Safety Standards for Class II Vessels as amended version issued by Local Vessels Safety Section of Hong Kong Marine Department.
- 5.4.2 Fire extinguishers shall be type-approved by the RO or other international standards acceptable to GNC. Certificates shall be submitted to GNC before Delivery Acceptance.
- 5.4.3 Fire extinguishers shall be ready for use and located in easily visible places such that they can be reached quickly and easily at any time in the event of a fire. Portable fire extinguishers shall be properly secured in place.

# 5.5 Fire Pumps

- 5.5.1 One electric fire pump located outside of the machinery space shall be provided to have sufficient capacity to pump water from the sea-chest to deck hydrant with a jet throw of at least 12 metres. The fire pump shall be controlled from the wheelhouse. The fire main and fire pump design shall meet RO and relevant requirements as said in the Code of Practice Safety Standards for Class II Vessels as amended version issued by Local Vessels Safety Section of Hong Kong Marine Department.
- 5.5.2 A semi-rotary hand pump of bronze casing and internal components shall be provided on deck for fire-fighting purpose. The pump shall be able to produce a flow jet of at least 6 metres distance. The suction seachest of the hand pump shall be fitted outside the engine room and the attached cast steel screw down non-return sea suction valve shall be operated by an extended spindle on main deck. Installation shall comply with relevant requirements as said in the Code of Practice Safety Standards for Class II Vessels as amended version issued by Local Vessels Safety Section of Hong Kong Marine Department.
- 5.5.3 Isolating valves shall be fitted at appropriate locations and at hydrant outlets. The hydrant shall be supplied with a complete set of fire-fighting accessories including appropriate length of fire hose made of suitable material and spray/nozzle. The hose and nozzle shall be stowed inside a fire box located in the vicinity of the hydrant.
- 5.5.4 A deck washing pipe line shall be branched off from a fire main line. Fire water to be provided for anchor chain flushing.

### 5.6 Safety Plan

- 5.6.1 The fire control plan shall be permanently exhibited at main deck and bridge deck for the guidance of the ship's crew, using graphical symbols in accordance with IMO Resolution A.952 (23) as amended.
- 5.6.2 The contents of the safety plan shall meet the relevant regulations of MD.
- 5.6.3 The fire control plan must be approved by GNC before Vessel acceptance.
- 5.6.4 The text of such plan shall be in the languages of English and traditional Chinese.

#### 5.7 Additional Protection

- 5.7.1 When the Vessel is afloat and unmanned, the fire detection system and the bilge alarm system shall continue to function. When the audible and visual alarm is not acknowledged after a time period of five minutes (can be adjusted), the audible and visual alarm shall be extended externally to an audible and visual alarm fitted on the top of the deckhouse to bring the attention of the persons ashore or the guard of the Government Dockyard.
- 5.7.2 The signals of fire detection system and bilge alarm system shall be sent to the shore office or supervisor automatically.
- 5.7.3 The additional protection shall be able to be turned on and off when required.

# **Chapter 6** Lifesaving Appliances and Arrangements

#### 6.1 General Provisions

- 6.1.1 Lifesaving appliances and arrangements shall be provided as per Merchant Shipping (Local Vessel) Ordinance Cap 548G and the Code of Practice issued by the Hong Kong Government HKSARG regarding the Vessel of this type.
- 6.1.2 Lifesaving appliances shall be provided in the Vessel at appropriate locations in accordance with the RO Requirements. All the required Life jackets shall be Inflatable Life jackets.
- 6.1.3 Lifesaving appliances shall be of approved types conforming to the latest International Life-Saving Appliance Code ("LSA Code") adopted by the Maritime Safety Committee of the Organization and approved by the RO.
- 6.1.4 Life jackets shall be so placed as to be readily accessible and their positions shall be clearly indicated. Donning instructions shall be posted at suitable positions in the Vessel.
- 6.1.5 Adequate number of lifebuoys shall be provided, relevant requirements as said in the Code of Practice Safety Standards for Class II Vessels as amended version issued by Local Vessels Safety Section of Hong Kong Marine Department. Lifebuoys shall be marked with ship names on both sides.
- 6.1.6 Approved LSA Plan by RO in frame shall be posted on the wall of wheelhouse or the corridor in mess room.

# **Chapter 7** Machinery

# 7.1 General Requirements

- 7.1.1 The Tenderer shall note that the Vessel is for use in Hong Kong and it is desirable that the main engines, gearboxes, electric generator sets and any other machinery offered by the Tenderer are those at present commonly used by ships operating in Hong Kong Waters, and that they have good support for spare parts and after sale services locally in Hong Kong.
- 7.1.2 It is desirable that the supports of local agents shall include supplying brand new proposed main engines, gearboxes, electric generator sets and other machineries for five years after vessel delivery. [D]
- 7.1.3 The Vessel shall be equipped and fitted with all machineries described in this Chapter each complying with the specifications set out in this Chapter for such machinery. The Spare Parts to be provided shall be of the same model as supplied for the Vessel and shall equally comply with all specifications set out in this Chapter.
- 7.1.4 The engine room shall be an unmanned machinery space (UMS), designed for unmanned operation. Under normal operation, all controls are directed from the wheelhouse where the control console shall be fitted with a full set of monitoring instrumentation and alarm indications. However, essential local manual controls shall also be provided for the main propulsion engines and steering gear for emergency operation.
- 7.1.5 Two accesses with reasonable separation shall be provided for the engine room. The design of the engine room layout shall be approved by the RO and agreed by GNC. The machinery, associated piping systems and fittings relating to the main engines and electric generator sets shall be of a design and construction adequate for the service for which they are intended and shall be so installed and protected as to reduce to a minimum any danger to persons on board, due regard being paid to moving parts, hot surfaces and other hazards. The design shall have regard to materials used in construction, the purpose for which the equipment is intended, the working conditions to which it will be subjected and the environmental conditions on board. Cushion/protection on the overhead cable trunk for preventing head injury of crew shall be provided.
- 7.1.6 Easy access and ample headroom around all machinery shall be provided for local operation, routine checking and 'in-situ' maintenance. Well-planned removal routes shall be provided for the major items such as the main propulsion engines, gearboxes, and the generator set, etc.
- 7.1.7 Sufficient space and headroom in the vicinity of the machinery for local operation, inspection and routine maintenance for all the machinery shall be provided. Procedures and sequences for complete removal of the major items such as the main engines, gearboxes, generator set, fuel oil tanks etc. shall be carefully designed to enable their removal from ships for maintenance in a practicable manner to avoid the need for the deck or shell plate to be cut.
- 7.1.8 All parts of machinery, hydraulic, control and other systems and their associated fittings which are under internal pressure shall be subjected to appropriate tests including a pressure test before being put into service for the first time.
- 7.1.9 Provision shall be made to facilitate cleaning, inspection and maintenance of main engines, electric generator sets, fire pumps etc. and their associated piping and equipment.
- 7.1.10 Lifting brackets for moving heavy equipment shall be mounted underneath the deck head of the engine room, the engine room entrance and other appropriate locations. The lifting capacity shall be marked on every of these lifting brackets after a load test to the RO Requirements. All lifting appliances shall be properly certified and a Registry of Lifting Appliances and Lifting Gear is to be provided in accordance with the applicable regulations.
- 7.1.11 All emergency stops shall be fitted with protective guards to prevent inadvertent use.
- 7.1.12 The machinery installation shall be suitable for operation as in an unmanned machinery space. The monitoring and control, including automatic fire detection system, bilge alarm system, remote machinery instrumentation and alarm system shall be centralised in the control station of the wheelhouse.

# 7.2 Main Propulsion Engines

7.2.1 The Vessel shall be equipped with two (2) electrically started, fresh water cooled marine diesel engines (alternatively referred to as "main propulsion engines" or "main engines") of adequate power for attaining the Contract Speed. The rating of the main propulsion engines shall be required for the Vessel with annual operation of at least 6,030 hours (18 hours, 335days/year). The emission level of the two (2) marine diesel engines shall at least meet IMO Tier II emission requirements.

- 7.2.2 Type-approved certificates issued by the RO or another classification society listed in the definition of "Recognised Organisations" in Clause 1.1 of Part IV certifying compliance with the emission level as specified in Paragraph 7.2.1 above shall be provided.
- 7.2.3 It is desirable that two electric generating sets (as mentioned in Paragraph 7.4 of this Part VII) which give power to two E-motors (the electric generating sets and the shaft motors are collectively "E-motors") which in turn are dedicated for driving the two fixed pitched propellers with/without the need for reduction gearboxes. The E-motors are purposed for serving the Vessel in loitering speed operation mode to reduce the emission at sea.
- 7.2.4 The aggregate propulsive power of the main propulsion engines shall be not less than 1000 kW.
- 7.2.5 The engines' aft end shall be connected to the fixed-pitched propellers via reduction gearboxes through a flexible coupling.
- 7.2.6 The main propulsion engine shall be resilient-mounted to the ship's structure.
- 7.2.7 The main propulsion engines shall be marine diesel engines of proprietary make, electric started by 24 Volt-DC, and to have integral fresh water/sea water heat exchangers, fresh water pump, sea water pump, LO pump, fuel lift pump (if necessary), FO filters, LO filters, engine-mounted instrumentation panel with essential gauges and protective devices, and any other ancillary equipment and fittings as recommended by the engine manufacturer for the efficient operation of the engines.
- 7.2.8 Flexible mounting shall be used for containing the noise levels in crew spaces not to exceed 80 dB (A).
- 7.2.9 Engine-mounted charging alternator, capacity of not less than 60 amperes, with built-in voltage regulator shall be provided on each main engine for charging their respective starting batteries.
- 7.2.10 The Proposed Propulsion System including its control system shall be approved by the RO.
- 7.2.11 To facilitate LO renewal, a suitable hand pump connected to the LO sump shall be provided for each diesel engine so that LO can be drained from the lowest point of the engine LO sump.
- 7.2.12 The main engine's exhausts and silencers shall be protected according to the RO Requirements to avoid the hot surface danger to the personnel and minimise the heat transfer into the machinery space. All components of exhaust system shall be mounted or suspended by the hangers which will not transmit heat, noise or vibration to the Vessel's structure. The exhaust outlets designed inboard hull ship side on the shell shall be positioned above the waterline.

#### 7.2.13 Engine Performance

- (a) The Tenderer is required to submit the estimated propulsive power requirements and characteristic curves of the Propulsion System for the Vessel to support its claim for the achievable 17 knots Contract Speed with both marine diesel engines running at 100% MCR.
- (b) Manufacturer's full power shop trial certificate for a continuous running test at full load for four hours for each main engine must be submitted to MD before the acceptable trials.
- (c) The governor control of the engine must be capable of proper control when the engine is suddenly unloaded.
- (d) For double safety, the back-up governor of each main engine shall be able to take over control instantaneously (and immediately) as soon as the main governor fails. When this happens the alarm (which is with individual indication visual and sound signals) shall be sound and signalled in the wheelhouse.
- (e) Main engines shall always be in a standby mode and being pre-lubricated.

### 7.3 Main Engine Control

- 7.3.1 The design and installation shall follow the RO requirement. The control and instrumentation of the main engines shall be designed for one-man operation in the wheelhouse, they shall be ergonomically laid out and grouped around the steering position in the wheelhouse control console
  - (a) Instrumentation and control systems for the main and auxiliary machineries shall be designed for unmanned machinery space operation.
  - (b) Engine mounted instrumentation panel with the essential gauges shall be provided locally for each machinery to facilitate easy maintenance.
  - (c) The monitoring probes and sensors fitted to the main and auxiliary machineries shall be of a type-approved by RO.

- (d) Emergency telegraph light signal panels for the communication between the wheelhouse and the engine room shall be arranged
- 7.3.2 The following instrumentation and control devices shall be provided for the controls and instrumentation of the marine diesel engines (includes dedicated for driving the electric generating sets where applicable as further described in Paragraph 7.4 below) and shall be designed for one-man operation in the wheelhouse. These instrumentation and controls in the control console shall be comprehensive and include:
  - (a) Start/stop keys or push buttons to be fitted with guard cover and running / stop indication lamp for each of the two main engines;
  - (b) RPM control device for each of the two main engines;
  - (c) Shaft tachometers; and
  - (d) Wheelhouse / local control change-over switch and indicator;
- 7.3.3 Instrumentation and controls in the control console shall be comprehensive and shall include:
  - (a) Starting and stopping of main engines and where applicable E-Motors from the wheelhouse;
  - (b) Emergency stop button with guard cover;
  - (c) Wheelhouse / local control change over switch and indicator;
  - (d) Speed control device;
  - (e) Rudder angle indicator;
  - (f) Sea water cooling pressure;
  - (g) Coolant water temperature and pressure;
  - (h) Engine lubricating oil temperature and pressure gauges;
  - (i) High cooling water temperature alarm and de-rate function;
  - (i) Engine low lubricating oil pressure alarm and trip;
  - (k) Gearbox lubricating oil low pressure gauge;
  - (l) Gearbox lubricating oil low pressure alarm and trip;
  - (m) Ammeter for each engine;
  - (n) Engine exhaust gas pyrometer;
  - (o) Fresh water tank content gauge;
  - (p) Fuel oil tanks content gauge;
  - (q) Over speed alarm and trip;
  - (r) Main engine expansion tank low level alarm;
  - (s) Battery charging control lamps;
  - (t) D.C. power on light;
  - (u) Central illumination dimmer for all light in the control console;
  - (v) Lamp test;
  - (w) Alarm test and reset;
  - (x) A standard engine makermmer for all light in the control console; the engine room; and
  - (y) Any other instrumentation recommended by the manufacturer of the Proposed Propulsion System and GNC.
- 7.3.4 The main engine should be provided with running hour meter. The recorded running hour reading should be retained after main engine is powered off. The running hour reading should be automatically reset back to zero after the maximum running hour reached.

  [D]

# 7.4 Electrical Generating Sets

- 7.4.1 Two (2) electrically started, fresh water cooled diesel engines integral with alternating current alternator, of self-excited, brush-less and ventilated type, shall be installed. [E]
- 7.4.2 The capacity of these generating sets shall be such that either one of the two generating sets shall be able to supply all electricity necessary to ensure that normal operational conditions of propulsion and safety can be achieved. Synchronization of the generators are not required.
- 7.4.3 Each electric generating set at its continuous service rating, shall have sufficient capacity for:
  - (a) Supplying all full operational electrical load of the whole Vessel including air conditioning running at full capacity and E-motor if applicable plus not less than a 15% reserve margin; and
  - (b) Permitting the starting of the largest motor without causing any motor to stall or any other device to fail due to excessive voltage drop of the system when the electric generating set is supplying full operational electrical load including air conditioning running at full capacity of the whole Vessel
- 7.4.4 Electrical load analysis and calculations shall be approved by the RO before submission to GNC.
- 7.4.5 The exhaust of the electric generating sets shall be arranged with a water-lock/lift-silencer with a view to reducing its noise levels. This shall be configured with a hose running from the gen-set (wet outlet) and a wet hose outlet:
  - (a) The exhaust outlets leading to stern side on the transom shall be positioned above the waterline and be as high as practicable to prevent standing waves sealing the outlet. Exhaust pipe outlets shall be at a minimum of 300 mm vertical distance above loaded waterline and can be arranged via goose-neck type expansion bellow to the exhaust outlet fitted to shell above waterline for discharge.
  - (b) The exhaust systems shall be designed appropriately to comply with the gen-set and exhaust manufacturers' requirements. The generator set exhaust system shall be arranged to provide reasonable access to engine room machinery.
  - (c) RO approved expansion bellows (for example the goose-neck type in both dry and wet side) shall be used.
  - (d) All exhaust components shall be mounted or suspended using spring-type hangers which will not transmit heat, noise or vibration to the Vessel's structure.
  - (e) Lagging / Noise control requirements: Flexible sound reduction wrap for exhaust piping works to be based on manufacturer / appropriate industrial standard.
- 7.4.6 The design and installation of the generator sets, switchboard and the associated wiring shall follow the RO Requirements. For the avoidance of doubt the following requirements shall also be met:
  - (a) Each electric generator set shall be provided with a type approval certificate issued by the any classification society listed in the definition of "Recognised Organisation" in Clause 1.1 of Part IV but not necessarily the RO for the Vessel specified in Schedule 9 of Part V.
  - (b) The rating of each diesel engine shall be capable of developing for a short period (15 minutes) a power of not less than 110% of the alternator's continuous service rating.
  - (c) The resilient-mounted generator set designed for marine application shall be of a proprietary make. The arrangement of the electrical and piping systems shall enable the quick dismantling and easy replacement of the unit.

#### 7.5 Electrical Generator Control

- 7.5.1 The controls and instrumentation of the electric generator shall be designed for one-man operation in the wheelhouse, the instrumentation and controls in the control console shall be comprehensive and shall include:
  - (a) Remote start and stop.
  - (b) Tachometer with running hour meter.
  - (c) Cooling water temperature gauge.
  - (d) Exhaust gas temperature gauge.
  - (e) Lubricating oil pressure gauge.
  - (f) Battery charger ammeter.

- (g) Fault indicating lights and alarms.
- (h) Protective devices such as overspeed, low lubricating oil pressure trip etc. as recommended by the engine builder.
- (i) A standard manufacturer's local control panel to be fitted in the engine room.
- (j) Instrumentation and alarm panel for generator sets.
- (k) The local control panel in engine room shall contain the following devices:
  - (i) Start / stop push buttons to be fitted with guard cover and running / stop indication lamp for each of the two generator engines;
  - (ii) Volt-metre, Watt-metre for each generator;

#### 7.6 Instrumentation and Control

- 7.6.1 A control station in the wheelhouse shall be provided with comprehensive instrumentation and controls for remote operation and monitoring of the main engines, electric generator sets and other auxiliaries to facilitate for unattended engine room operation.
- 7.6.2 One fire detector panel and one engine room carbon dioxide fire-fighting panel shall be installed in the vicinity of the control station.
- 7.6.3 Additional controls and monitoring devices shall also be provided locally in the vicinity of that machinery or equipment.
- 7.6.4 All the instruments such as temperature sensors, pressure sensors, level gauges etc. shall have obtained type approval certificates issued by the RO or the manufacturer's certificate complying with the national standards of the place of manufacture of the relevant instrument. The Contractor shall provide copies of the type approval certificates or the manufacturer's certificate to GNC on or before the Delivery Acceptance
- 7.6.5 All indication lights, illumination of instrumentation gauges fitted on the consoles of the wheelhouse control station shall be fitted with dimmers for day and night operation.
- 7.6.6 At least two independent means of stopping the main engines from the wheelhouse control station under any operating conditions shall be available.

# 7.7 Reduction Gearboxes

- 7.7.1 The reversing reduction gearboxes shall be resilient-mounted to the ship's structure. The gearboxes shall be provided with clutches, alarm senders, and switches.
  - (a) Gear oil heat exchangers shall be piped to the engine cooling circuits as specified by the manufacturer. Gearboxes oil coolers shall be sized to accommodate the heat generated by the clutches at less than full engagement.
  - (b) Reduction gearboxes shall be sized to provide both low and high speed performance.
  - (c) In order to operate at the loitering speed of about 5 knots where E-motors applicable, repeated cycling of the clutches in and out of gear is not permitted in any case to obtain low speed operation. If required, the Vessel shall be fitted with a gearboxes configured with a trolling clutch to permit low-speed operation.
- 7.7.2 The gearboxes shall be provided with alarms for low oil level and oil temperature. Alarms shall be repeated both locally and at the wheelhouse.
- 7.7.3 Sufficient engine side space for maintenance and repair shall be required. Design of installation arrangement shall be confirmed either using vertical offset or horizontal offset gearboxes.

# 7.8 Propeller Shafts, Stern Tubes, Propellers

- 7.8.1 All the components of the shafting system design and installation shall follow the RO Requirements such as Torsional Vibration Calculation.
- 7.8.2 All the components of the shafting system shall be of adequate strength and stiffness to enable it to withstand the most adverse combination of the loads without exceeding acceptable stretch levels for the material concerned.

7.8.3 Shaft torque measuring device shall be fitted at the tail shafts for measuring the output power of main engines.

#### 7.8.4 Stern tubes

- (a) Water lubricated stern tubes with packing type glands shall be of type approved by the RO or other organisations acceptable to GNC. Propeller shaft bearings shall be RO approved water-lubricated cutlass rubber/composite type. Forward and after ends of stern tubes shall be bored for bearings and a dripless shaft seal system shall be fitted to the inboard side of each stern tube.
- (b) The material of the stern tube shall be stainless steel of Grade SAE 316L or equivalent.
- 7.8.5 The propeller shafts shall be made of corrosion resistant and high yield stress material, such as stainless steel of Grade SAE 316L or equivalent.
- 7.8.6 The two propellers shall be of a fixed pitch type with the design to minimize the vibration cause to the hull. The propellers shall be turned outboard when the Vessel is in moving forward motion.
- 7.8.7 Rope cutting device shall be fitted nearby the propellers.
- 7.8.8 The propeller shaft brackets shall be of stainless steel of Grade SAE 316L or equivalent construction. The materials for shaft brackets, shafts, keys, locking nuts, etc. shall be compatible for use with the propeller material.
- 7.8.9 Grease or packing containing graphite shall not be used with these shafts.

# 7.9 Steering Gear System

- 7.9.1 The steering gear system will be a twin rudders arrangement and shall comply with the RO Requirements.
- 7.9.2 Electro-hydraulic steering gear with two independent power units, each running unit is capable of providing the maximum torque operating on twin rudders from 35 degrees on either side to 30 degrees on the other sides within 28 seconds with the vessel running ahead at maximum continuous shaft rpm and at the sea trial condition.
- 7.9.3 The steering gear system shall include motor driven pumps, reservoir/filter units, emergency manual helm pump, rudder transmitter limit switch, rudder angle indicators, actuating cylinders, master helm control and one non-follow-up controller.
- 7.9.4 Rudders are controlled by steering wheel and joystick in the control station of the wheelhouse. Coxswain shall be able to use steering helm wheel or joystick at the same time. Steering helm wheel may also function as emergency manual helm pump in case of emergency. The power hydraulic pump could be started and stopped both in wheelhouse and in steering gear room. Steering wheel type shall be non-skid type of appropriate size acceptable to GNC.
- 7.9.5 The control of the rudder shall be switched from elector-hydraulic steering to emergency hydraulic helming via a change-over switch in the wheelhouse.
- 7.9.6 Separated illuminated rudder angle indicator with dimmer switch, running and overload alarm shall be provided in the wheelhouse.
- 7.9.7 Emergency steering system shall be provided and the emergency system proposal to be acceptable to GNC.
- 7.9.8 A change-over electric switch shall be provided in the wheel house for switching the steering control between electric mode and manual mode

### 7.10 Rudders and Rudder Stocks

- 7.10.1 The rudders shall be designed to meet the RO Requirements.
- 7.10.2 Rudder angle indicators shall be provided in the steering gear room. The port and starboard degree markings in intervals not greater than one degree shall be permanently marked and distinguished by red (port) and green (starboard) in English and traditional Chinese.
- 7.10.3 Extremes of rudder travel shall be provided by mechanical stoppers.
- 7.10.4 Lower bearings of rudder stock shall be water-lubricated.
- 7.10.5 The rudder stock and rudder blade shall be made of 316L stainless steel and shall be designed in accordance with the RO Requirements.

# 7.11 Engine Room and Other machinery spaces Ventilation

- 7.11.1 There shall be four sets of marine axial type A.C. ventilating fans with silencers in the engine room. 2 sets of supply fans and 2 sets of exhaust fans. All air inlet and outlet shall be equipped with fire dampers.
- 7.11.2 Arrangements shall provide sufficient air to the engine and shall give adequate protection against damage, as distinct from deterioration, due to ingress of foreign matter.
- 7.11.3 The air supply inlet vents shall be connected to louvers of efficient design in preventing ingress of water during extreme weather conditions. All vents shall be provided with weather-tight covers, fire dampers and coaming of adequate height.
- 7.11.4 The engine room compartment shall be adequately ventilated so as to ensure that when machinery therein is operating at full power in all weather conditions, an adequate air supply is maintained to the compartment for the safety of personnel and the operation of the machinery.
  - (a) All spaces containing machinery shall be provided with forced ventilation for combustion and ventilation air to meet the requirements of the prime movers and other heat sources with a minimum 50 air changes per hour for the machinery space. The ventilation design shall be such to avoid any hot spot or "dead air" area.
  - (b) All ventilation ducts, intakes, and outlets shall be sized to minimise pressure drops and flow noise. For design purpose, air flow rates in ducting shall be kept at 10 m/s or less. Airflow rates at vents and louvres shall be as low as required to avoid flow noise (Typically 5 m/s depending on vent or louvre design).
- 7.11.5 Steering gear compartment and tank space shall be adequately mechanically ventilated for the purpose of those compartments. The ventilation arrangements shall be adequate to ensure that the safe operation of the Vessel is not put at risk.
- 7.11.6 The steering gear room, tank space and crew space shall be adequately ventilated for ensuring that the safe operation of the Vessel.
- 7.11.7 For guidance, the ventilation air to the compartment as stated shall:
  - (a) limit the temperature rise in a machinery space to 10°C above ambient temperature;
  - (b) as the prime movers draw combustion air from within the compartment, the total ventilation air be based on ISO 7547 "Standard for Shipbuilding Air-conditioning and ventilation of accommodation spaces" as a minimum but shall not be less than that required for combustion plus 50%.
  - (c) The instrument use in measuring the minimum 50 air changes per hour for the machinery space shall be provided by the Contractor and shall have been calibrated to the satisfaction to GNC during the yard trial.
- 7.11.8 Automatic shut-off device shall be provided according to RO Requirements when carbon dioxide system is activated.
- 7.11.9 Calculation for the capacity of the fans to meet the minimum air changes requirements shall be submitted to the RO for approval.

#### 7.12 Air-Conditioning System

7.12.1 A Proprietary Make split-type air-conditioner system for marine application including indoor and outdoor units for each of the following compartments shall be provided. The Contractor shall propose specific equipment for approval by GNC prior to purchasing with quantity as follows:

(a) Wheelhouse 2 Sets
(b) Officer cabin 2 Sets
(c) Crew space 1 Set
(d) Middle office 1 Set
(e) Interview room 1 Set

- 7.12.2 The temperature of the compartments as stated in Paragraph 7.12.1 shall be maintained at 22°C for 60% relative humidity when the external ambient air temperature is 38°C at 90% relative humidity with full crew and full carrying capacity on board. An acceptance test of the complete air-conditioning system of the Vessel shall be carried out by GNC to verify the system is effective and complying to the requirements given here. The Contractor shall provide GNC a copy of this test report upon completion of the test.
- 7.12.3 The design of the cooling air capacity shall be evenly distributed. An individual control shall be provided in each compartment.

- 7.12.4 The location of air-conditioning indoor and outdoor units shall not create obstructions to the removal of any hatch covers or direct maintenance of any major machinery and equipment.
- 7.12.5 The way of refrigerant copper tubes between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall not create obstructions to the removal of any hatch covers or direct maintenance of any major machinery and equipment.
- 7.12.6 The use of refrigerants under Class 2 and Class 2L (such as R717, R32 and R1234yf) should be avoided as far as possible. If it is unavoidable to use refrigerants under Class 2 and Class 2L, the refrigerants shall fulfil the relevant restrictions as specified by the manufacturers, agents or suppliers, such as requirements on minimum room area and minimum installation. Reference should be made to the "Guidance Note on Household Air-Conditioners Using Mildly Flammable Refrigerant" issued by EMSD.)
- 7.12.7 The supporter rack for each outdoor unit shall be provided. Removable covers shall be provided for protection the external unit of air-conditioner from sunlight / rain.
- 7.12.8 The refrigerant shall be CFC and HCFC free.
- 7.12.9 Emergency stop switches of the air conditioning system in addition to the normal power 'on' and 'off' switches shall be installed in the wheelhouse control station.
- 7.12.10 Sufficient fresh air induced to the air-conditioned area shall be based on ISO 7547 "Standard for Shipbuilding Air-conditioning and ventilation of accommodation spaces", all compartment; and there shall be not less than 25 m³/h per person so as to keep the CO2 level low enough for health reasons.
- 7.12.11 Bacteria resistant replaceable filters shall be fitted at air inlets.
- 7.12.12 The air-conditioning indoor units shall be located in the compartments for its efficient operation within the cabin environment, as recommended by the air-conditioner manufacturer, with due regards to air moisture at sea environment to avoid undue condensation formation. In view of design constraints with respect to the already compact cabin space and its other installed fixtures and fittings, the exact installation position of the indoor units shall be agreed by GNC before installing the indoor units in the cabin(s).
- 7.12.13 Sufficient ventilation shall be provided in case of air-conditioning breakdown.

# 7.13 Piping System

- 7.13.1 Pipes connection and bending:
  - (a) Piping connections and joints shall be constructed and designed in accordance with the rules and regulations of the RO.
  - (b) Pipe bends shall be kept to a minimum and have sufficient radius to facilitate smoothness of flow.
- 7.13.2 The piping material shall be copper chrome plated or stainless steel 316L. The thickness accords with the RO Requirements.
- 7.13.3 All pipes for essential services shall be secured in position to prevent chafing or lateral movement. Long or heavy lengths of pipe shall be supported by bearers so that no undue load is carried by pipe connections or pumps and fittings to which they are attached.
- 7.13.4 Suitable provision for expansion shall be made, where necessary, in each range of pipes.
- 7.13.5 Where expansion pieces are fitted, arrangements shall be provided to protect against over extension and compression. The adjoining pipes shall be suitably aligned, supported, guided and anchored, where necessary, expansion pieces of the bellows type shall be protected against mechanical damage.
- 7.13.6 As far as practicable, pipelines, including exhaust pipes from engines, are not to be routed in the vicinity of switchboards or other electrical appliances in positions where the drip or escape of fluids or gas from joints or fittings could cause damage to the electrical installation.
- 7.13.7 Watertight bulkheads, decks or structural members having pipeline penetration shall be designed and compensated in accordance with RO Requirements.
- 7.13.8 The material of the gaskets shall be capable of resisting chemical attack of the fluid being conveyed. Galvanic corrosion shall be avoided if different materials used in the system.
- 7.13.9 Machinery and piping designation and marking.
  - (a) All piping and equipment shall be labelled and colour-coded. And each pipe running through each compartment shall be colour coded, labelled, and have the direction of flow marked in at least two places.

(b) Colour coding of machinery and piping shall be in accordance with the following:

Fire main	Red	
Sea Water	Dark green	
Fuel Oil	Dark brown	
Lube Oil	Striped black/yellow	
Fresh Water	Blue	
Hydraulic Oil	Orange	

# 7.14 Fuel Oil System

- 7.14.1 As Government vessels are committed to utilise sustainable / renewable fuel blends. The propulsion diesel engines and the electric generating sets of the Vessel shall be able to use ASTM D975-08a B5 blends diesel fuel (5% biodiesel, 95% diesel labelled B5) and approved by the engine makers.
- 7.14.2 The fuel oil of the propulsion diesel engines and the electric generating sets shall be supplied from one or more fuel oil tanks. Endurance for fuel capacity shall be as stated in Paragraph 2.8.2 of this Part VII.
- 7.14.3 Quick closing valves (control from above the main deck) shall be fitted to the fuel oil tanks outlets.
- 7.14.4 Boost pumps shall be arranged to lift fuel to the engines through coalescing filters.
- 7.14.5 Fuel filters shall be mounted near the fuel tank on the suction side of the fuel pump. The system design and filtration systems shall be approved by the engine and generator system manufacturer.
- 7.14.6 The tanks shall be hydrostatically tested as required by an approved standard and connections shall be proven tight.
- 7.14.7 An electric motor-driven pump shall be provided for transferring the fuel.
- 7.14.8 The Contractor shall provide the initial fills of fuel oil, lube oil, coolant, and hydraulic fluids using fluids and additives prescribed by engine manufacturer. The Contractor shall provide a summary listing of all fluids and quantities used.
- 7.14.9 All materials used in fuel systems shall be resistant to deterioration by its designated fuel and to other liquids or compounds with which it may come into contact under normal operating conditions, e.g. grease, lubricating oil, bilge solvents and sea water.
- 7.14.10 The filling pipe shall be of metallic construction and a permanent fixture led from the deck and secured to the tank by an approved connection. A screwed cap and name plate inscribed 'Fuel Oil' shall be provided at the filling point. Flexible hoses are not permitted as filling pipes.
- 7.14.11 An easily removable coarse strainer shall be built into the filling line, if required.
- 7.14.12 Two duplex filters shall be fitted in the oil fuel supply lines to the main and auxiliary engines, and the arrangements shall be such that any filter can be cleaned without interrupting the supply of filtered fuel oil to the engines.
- 7.14.13 Flexible pipes of approved type shall be used as short joining lengths to the engine where necessary.
- 7.14.14 Water separators shall be fitted to the fuel supply line, if required.

### 7.15 Fuel Oil Tanks

- 7.15.1 The Vessel shall be built with independent fuel tank(s) fabricated by stainless steel of Grade SAE 316L to service the Vessel's main propulsion engines and ship service electric generators, actual location to be designed and approved by the RO and accepted by GNC. Individual components of the system, and the system as a whole, shall be designed to withstand the combined conditions of pressure, vibration, shocks, corrosion and movement encountered under normal operating conditions and storage.
- 7.15.2 The tank(s), if more than one, shall be interconnected to permit fuel transfer between the tanks.
- 7.15.3 All materials used in fuel systems shall be resistant to deterioration by its designated fuel and to other liquids or compounds with which it may come into contact under normal operating conditions, e.g. grease, lubricating oil, bilge solvents and sea water. All seals such as gaskets, O-rings and joint-rings shall be of non-wicking, i.e. non-fuel absorbent material.

- 7.15.4 Earthing device shall be provided for fuel filling system. Grounding wires shall not be clamped between a hose and its pipe or spud.
- 7.15.5 Fuel filling systems shall be designed to avoid blowback of fuel through the fill fitting when filling at a rate of 30 litres/min at between 1/4 and 3/4 full of the tank capacity.
- 7.15.6 Quick closing valves (control from above the main deck) shall be fitted to the fuel oil tanks outlets.
- 7.15.7 Fuel filters shall be mounted near the fuel tank on the suction side of the fuel pump. The system design and filtration systems shall be approved by the engine manufacturer.
- 7.15.8 The Contractor shall provide the initial fills of fuel oil, lube oil, coolant, and hydraulic fluids using fluids and additives prescribed by engine manufacturer. The Contractor shall provide a summary listing of all fluids and quantities used.

#### 7.15.9 Provisions of the fuel oil tank

- (a) A tank content gauge and low level alarm shall be fitted in the console. A level gauge in litres shall be provided for each tank;
- (b) Rigid fuel suction pipes near the tank bottom shall be provided;
- (c) An inspection hole, air vent with flame trap on deck and discharge valve with remote operated quick closing device shall be provided. Fuel tank inspection hatch shall be sized to allow proper inspection of the entire tank interior. The inspection hatch shall have gasket covers secured by stainless steel bolts and self-locking nuts;
- (d) Suitable provision such as drip trap shall be made for collecting the oil discharge;
- (e) Baffle openings shall be designed so that they do not prevent the fuel flow across the bottom or trap vapour across the top of the tank;
- (f) The tanks shall be designed and installed to prevent water from being trapped on the exterior surface;
- (g) Sounding pipes with chained cap shall be provided;
- (h) Tank drain shall be provided; and
- (i) The compartment or space containing the fuel oil tank shall be fitted with two ventilating pipes of arrangement acceptable to GNC.

#### 7.15.10 Structures and Design

- (a) The tanks shall be hydrostatically tested as required by an approved standard and connections shall be proven tight. Before test the internal surfaces of the diesel tank shall be left unpainted and shall be cleaned thoroughly to the satisfaction of MD.
- (b) Two separate fuel oil tanks built in or integrated to the hull shall be provided. The fuel oil tanks shall be symmetrical (one at portside and the other at starboard) to minimize the tank beam and to reduce free surface effect.
- (c) Diesel tank(s) shall be at the under deck position. The tanks shall be installed so that the loads due to the mass of the full tank are safely induced into the structure, with due consideration given to upward and downward acceleration due to the Vessel's movements at maximum speed in the sea.
- (d) Except the electric wires for the fuel oil tank level sensor(s), no other shall pass through any fuel tank. Ventilation for the fuel tank shall comply with national or other acceptable industrial standards.
- (e) The total capacity of the diesel oil tank shall be provided. Fuel supplied shall not be less than requirement of the Vessel's operation as Paragraph 2.8.2 of this Part VII with 10% margin in litres. The unpumpable capacity of each tank shall not be more than 10% of the capacity of that tank.

### 7.16 Fresh Water System

- 7.16.1 Fresh water tank arrangement
  - (a) One independent stainless steel fresh water tank with a total capacity of not less than 1,000 litres shall be arranged in the Vessel to supply fresh water to the main deck, under-deck and crew space.
  - (b) It shall be installed in the tank space as indicated on the Guidance General Arrangement Plan.
- 7.16.2 The fresh water shall be supplied by a fresh water pump to achieve a pressure at the tap located at main deck, under-deck and crew space to GNC's satisfaction. This system acts as the potable fresh water system and a hose which freely reaches all parts of the Vessel shall also be provided.
- 7.16.3 Marine grade stainless steel 316L shall be used for fresh water tank. The fresh water tank shall be flushed clean before installation and delivery of Vessel.

- 7.16.4 The fresh water tank shall be designed to easily accessible for maintenance. It shall also be arranged with its own fill and vent pipes with gauze to prevent ingress of material / bugs to the tank. The freshwater tank shall be fitted with the following:
  - (a) Inspection / cleaning access cover;
  - (b) Filling / sounding pipe;
  - (c) Air pipe; and
  - (d) A tank content level gauge in litres and low level alarm shall be fitted on the wheelhouse control station.
- 7.16.5 The tanks shall not be integral with the hull and shall be installed so that the loads due to the mass of the full tank are safely induced into the structure.
- 7.16.6 The thickness shall sustain the loads due to the mass of the full tank with due consideration given to upward and downward acceleration due to the Vessel's movements at maximum speed in the sea without damaging the integrity of the tank and ship's structure.
- 7.16.7 The freshwater tank shall not be directly adjacent to any other tanks carrying liquid of any kind.
- 7.16.8 The freshwater tank shall be tested without leakage by a head of water equal to the maximum to which the tank may be subject, but not less than 2.5 m above the top of the tank. The static test pressure shall be applied for 5 minutes without pressure drop.
- 7.16.9 A capacity indicator calibrated in litres shall be provided.
- 7.16.10 The impressed unit shall be provided with a starter, pressure switch, pressure gauge, relief valve and suction valve. The freshwater pump shall maintain the pressure automatically.
- 7.16.11 Domestic freshwater piping shall be made of copper or stainless steel 316L. Certificate of piping material shall be submitted before the delivery of the Vessel. The welding joints of the domestic fresh water piping's shall be free from lead. The domestic fresh water from the fresh water tank shall be free from any substance harmful to health and shall comply with the Government requirements for domestic water.
- 7.16.12 Cold freshwater taps completed with PVC braided / reinforced transparent hoses shall be fitted on the main deck aft, crew cabin and wheelhouse top to provide a rinse off facility for cleansing purposes.

## 7.17 Bilge System

- 7.17.1 The Vessel shall be fitted with a bilge system to the requirements of the RO.
- 7.17.2 A bilge audible and visual alarm panel shall be fitted in the wheelhouse control station and engine control room for all subdivision compartment spaces.
- 7.17.3 When the Vessel is afloat and unmanned, the bilge audible and visual alarm system shall continue to function. When the audible and visual alarm is not acknowledged after a time period such as 5 minutes (can be adjusted), the audible and visual alarm shall be extended externally to an audible and visual alarm fitted on the top of the deckhouse to bring the attention of the persons ashore or the guard of the Government Dockyard. The additional protection shall be able to be turned on and off when required.
- 7.17.4 A bilge water holding tank of capacity according to the requirements of RO shall be provided. A suitable oily water separator shall be provided, the separated oil shall be hold in an independence tank fabricated by stainless steel of Grade SAE 316L which shall meet the requirement of RO and get to the satisfaction of GNC.
- 7.17.5 The bilge of the engine room and steering gear room shall lead to a bilge water holding tank. An electric motor-driven pump fitted in engine room with associated piping shall be provided in pumping out bilge water ashore or to the bilge water holding tank. A suitable electric motor-driven pump shall be provided to pump out the dirty oil ashore. A direct overboard shall be provided in case of emergency affecting the safety of the Vessel. A semi-rotary hand pump of bronze casing and bronze internal components shall be provided.
- 7.17.6 Bilge piping shall be of stainless steel 316L.
- 7.17.7 24 V DC bilge pumps shall be installed in all compartments for oily-free water discharge overboard except forepeak, engine room and steering gear room.

### 7.18 Seawater System

7.18.1 All sea valves with cast steel body shall be compatible with the hull material, flange connected to the sea chests shall be tested according to RO Requirements.

- 7.18.2 It is desirable that sea chests provided for the main and auxiliary machineries shall be installed in the vicinity of their respective seawater pump suctions but with adequate distance between each other to avoid water flow disturbance.
- 7.18.3 Seawater piping shall be constructed of ASTM Grade B467, UNS C71500 grade or equivalent copper nickel pipe. A suitable strainer with isolation valves and air vent shall be fitted to each seawater system. Due consideration shall also be given for quick and easy access to the seawater strainers.
- 7.18.4 The sea chest for sea water inlet is to be designed for open up easily to clear debris at sea without moving out the attached ventilation pipe. The thickness of the side plates and top plates are to be in accordance with the RO requirements. The structure of sea chest shall be independent of the engine girders, bottom longitudinals and bottom transverses as far as possible.

# 7.19 Sanitary, Grey and Black Water System

- 7.19.1 There is one toilet located in the crew space. The toilet shall use pressured sea water for flushing.
- 7.19.2 One grey/black water holding tank with capacity of not less than 770 litres shall be provided.
- 7.19.3 A sanitary/sea water pump shall be installed in the engine room to supply sea water for sanitary service. Pressurised seawater shall be distributed to the toilets through pressure reducing valves or for flushing by direct pressure via flushing valves.
- 7.19.4 Toilet and basin shall be designed to discharge into the grey/black water holding tank and ashore. Alternative pipings shall be arranged for the wash basins/toilets to be discharged directly overboard through a non-return shipside valve if necessary.
- 7.19.5 The tank shall be fitted with a level gauge and a "Tank Full" indicator installed in a highly visible location in the wheelhouse.
- 7.19.6 The design of the toilet shall be agreed and acceptable to GNC before installation. Alternative piping to be provided to discharge the toilet directly overboard in emergency.
- 7.19.7 A discharge macerator electric pump shall be provided for pumping out the contents of the holding tank. This shall be primarily lead to the shore connection, but shall also be arranged with a backup direct overboard discharge via non-return valve. The shore connection shall be arranged with an international shore connection.
- 7.19.8 Sanitary, Grey and Black Water piping shall be made of stainless steel of Grade SAE 316L.
- 7.19.9 It is desirable that the Tenderer has proposed to supply additional equipment and/or system on top of those already required in Paragraphs 7.17 and 7.19 above to further mitigate the discharge all (but not just one or two) of the following: oily water, black water and grey water from the Vessel in the Hong Kong waters ("Additional Discharge System").

### 7.20 Open deck drainage system

- 7.20.1 The Vessel shall be fitted with an Open deck drainage system to the requirements of the RO.
- 7.20.2 Upper deck lines are constructed by aluminium alloy tube of Grade 6061 and thick wall galvanized seamless steel tube if pass through the steel main deck.

# 7.21 Floor Plates, Handrails and Guards

- 7.21.1 The floor in compartments under main deck shall be covered with unpainted aluminium chequer plate for safe operational use.
- 7.21.2 All boundary bars, handrails, gratings, ladders, platforms, stanchions and vertical supports in the compartments shall be of lightweight construction. Aluminium chequer floor plates shall be secured by fixing with sections but shall be readily removable for access to the components including but not limited to bilges, pumps, shaft, pipe work and strainers for ease of maintenance.
- 7.21.3 Hinged access plates shall be fitted in way of valves. Suitable arrangements shall be provided for hinged plates to avoid rattling noise.
- 7.21.4 Removable guards for the protection of personnel and machinery shall be provided over exposed moving parts of the components including but not limited to machinery and hot pipe work.
- 7.21.5 Components including but not limited to splash plates, casings, fenders and screens shall be provided for the protection of personnel and machinery.

# **Chapter 8** Electrical System

# 8.1 General Requirements

- 8.1.1 All the electrical equipment and installation shall comply with the requirements of the RO.
- 8.1.2 Two 24 volts electrically started, fresh water cooled diesel engines shall be installed and integrated with two alternating current alternators, which shall be of self-excited, brushless and ventilated type. Synchronising and parallel operation is required.
- 8.1.3 All electrical equipment, fittings, instruments, switches, cables, insulation, sheathing, circuit breakers, rating standards and their installations shall comply with the latest Regulations of the International Electrotechnical Commission (hereinafter referred to as IEC), Electrical Installations in Ships.
- 8.1.4 Protective devices such as circuit-breakers or fuses shall be provided at the source of power, e.g. the switchboard, to interrupt any overload current in the circuit conductors before heat can damage the conductor insulation, connections or wiring-system terminals.
- 8.1.5 Switches and controls shall be marked to indicate their use, unless the purpose of the switch is obvious and its mistaken operation will not cause a hazardous condition. Each cable shall be clearly labelled and carry its own unique identification code.
- 8.1.6 The Contractor shall submit a layout plan with famed showing the exact locations of the electrical Equipment and the layout plan to be placed in wheelhouse and the engine room. All electrical Equipment shall be accessed easily and safely for inspection and maintenance.
- 8.1.7 All electrical Equipment installed shall be provided with manuals for operation and maintenance.
- 8.1.8 The standard of installation shall enhance the Equipment's safety features of not presenting any hazards to the operator, e.g. all metal panels exposed to the operator shall be grounded properly. Warnings of any potential hazards shall be displayed in both English and Chinese, or with universally recognised labels.
- 8.1.9 If electrical fittings, not of aluminium, are connected to aluminium, suitable means is to be taken to prevent electrolytic corrosion.
- 8.1.10 The contractor shall submit cable route layout for showing major power and control system cables, main engine and generator electronic system control cable layout and electronic navigation equipment cables layout, etc. for ease of inspection and maintenance. Location of cable transit system (Paragraph 8.10.11) where cables pass through at watertight bulkhead or deck penetration shall be shown in the layout plan.

# **8.2** Electricity Distribution Network

- 8.2.1 The main electrical AC power supply shall be provided by two electric generators. Synchronising operation is not required.
- 8.2.2 The generators shall be sized based on a 15% growth margin above the predicted maximum load condition. The Vessel's electrical load calculation shall include summer and winter, static and transient, loads on AC, DC, shore power, and ship service systems. The Vessel's electrical load calculation shall be approved by the RO and accepted by GNC.
- 8.2.3 The generator set will maintain an output voltage within  $\pm 5\%$  over the entire load range and frequency within  $\pm 1.5$  Hz.
- 8.2.4 The generators starting circuit shall be 24V DC. Starting and normal shutdown controls shall be mounted on the generator along with generator oil pressure and water temperature gauges; AC voltmeter and ammeter shall be directly connected to existing wiring systems with the use of a double-pole, double-throw (DPDT) transfer switch / centre-off switch for an ammeter to read both legs (AC Volts readings).
- 8.2.5 The generators shall be protected against short-circuits and overloads by multipole circuit-breakers (overload protector).
- 8.2.6 The distribution of the electricity to the equipment is through circuit breakers fitted on an electrical distribution board.
- 8.2.7 Circuit breakers shall be provided for each circuit. Circuit breakers shall be of the proper voltage rating, manual reset type, designed for inverse time delay, instantaneous short circuit protection, and capable of repeatedly opening the circuit in which it shall be used without damage to the circuit breaker. Circuit breakers shall indicate whether they are in the open or closed position. All circuit breakers shall be labelled to identify the circuit being protected.

- 8.2.8 Twenty (20) percent of spare circuit breakers or three space circuit breakers, whichever is the greater, shall be provided in each distribution panel, both AC and DC. The Vessel's ENE shall be supplied from an independent distribution panel, which shall in turn be supplied from a single breaker in the main DC panel.
- 8.2.9 All three/single-phase loads shall be balanced on each feeder. Loads of one type such as heaters or receptacles shall not be concentrated on a single branch or leg.
- 8.2.10 All supply panels shall be fitted with a miniature circuit breaker of double-pole type with over-current and short circuit trips. All junction boxes shall be readily accessible. A special arrangement is required for the navigation lights supplied from this prime panel.
- 8.2.11 The generator shall be provided with running hour meter. The recorded running hour reading shall be retained after generator is powered off. The running hour reading shall be automatically reset back to zero after the maximum running hour reached.

#### 8.3 Main Switchboard

- 8.3.1 Provide one main switchboard installed in engine room. Bottom incoming line, front plate maintenance.
- 8.3.2 Switchboards for main power supplies shall be installed such that the control elements, indicating instruments, circuit-breakers and fuses are readily accessible. The terminal side shall be accessible.
- 8.3.3 Under all normal conditions of operation, power is distributed from the main switchboard and the distribution system shall be designed to keep cable costs to a minimum by distributing to power panels located close to the user services and in general located in the engine room. Connections and components on panel-boards shall be in locations protected from the expected conditions in conformity with IEC 60529:
  - (a) IP 67 as a minimum, if exposed to short-term immersion;
  - (b) IP 55 as a minimum, if exposed to splashing water;
  - (c) IP 22 as a minimum, if located in protected locations inside the Vessel.
- 8.3.4 Switchboards shall be permanently marked with the nominal system voltage.
- 8.3.5 A self-standing dead front marine type main switchboard of aluminium construction with adequate ventilation louvres shall be fitted in an accessible and well ventilated position and shall contain the following:
  - (a) Sector for single phase supply 220-240V AC (designed by contractor)
  - (b) Sector for 24V DC supply
  - (c) Sector for shore power supply
- 8.3.6 The solar panel system

It is desirable that the Tenderer has proposed a solar panel system complying with all of the specifications set out in below:

- (a) The solar panel system shall be fitted on the top of the deckhouse as indicated on the Guidance General Arrangement Plan. For a maximum solar collection, it shall maximize efficient use of the deck space in a manner as practical as possible. The solar battery systems must have the ability to be charged from the solar panels.
- (b) The solar panel system converts solar energy sufficiently to power shipboard AC 220V lighting and others, such as cabin lighting, fans, the portable apparatus and the domestic equipment.
- (c) A multipole switch located in wheelhouse which can send the solar power to charge all the 24V DC batteries, this multipole switch must interlock with other battery charger.
- (d) Rigid service walkway and platforms shall be provided for maintenance.
- 8.3.7 Due consideration shall be given in respect of the switchboard location to avoid any risk of damage resulting from oil and water spray or other mechanical hazards. Adequate guardrail(s) and insulated mat(s) shall also be provided.
- 8.3.8 Megger test and other relevant tests shall be carried out and witnessed by GNC. The results for these tests shall form part of Sea Trial Report that shall be submitted to GNC before Delivery Acceptance.
- 8.3.9 An appropriate laminated electrical diagram shall be attached on each switchboard.
- 8.3.10 All switchboard instruments, controls, and all circuit breakers, both on external panels and inside the switchboard, shall be provided with labels of durable flame-retardant material bearing clear and indelible indications. The appropriate ratings of fuses, the setting of adjustable protective devices and the full load current of electric generator shall be indicated.

- 8.3.11 Apart from the spare feeder breakers, the switchboard shall contain but not limited to the following:
  - (a) Electric Generator Set Sector with the following:
    - (i) Circuit breaker of adequate capacity with over-current trip and short circuit trip;
    - (ii) Interlock device to ensure only one electric generator is connected to the bus bar;
    - (iii) Voltmeter, ammeter, wattmeter and frequency meter;
    - (iv) Indication lights for "Power Available", "Breaker Opened" & "Breaker Closed";
    - (v) All necessary fittings and any other protective devices.
  - (b) 220V AC Single Phase Sector with the following:
    - (i) Meters or earth lamps to indicate the state of insulation;
    - (ii) Moulded case circuit breakers with over-current and short circuit trips for the distribution of 220V AC power supply to their components including but not limited to lighting services, fans and motors:
    - (iii) Any other necessary fittings and protective devices.
  - (c) 24V and 12V DC Feeders Sector:
    - (i) Transformer / rectifier of adequate capacity for converting AC power to D.C. power. The rectifier shall be of 1-phase full wave regulated type with voltage regulation  $\pm 5\%$  and ripple factor 4% at 100 Hz;
    - (ii) Magnetic automatic relay switch for activating emergency 24V D.C. supply in event of AC power failure;
    - (iii) Supply source indicator lamp for transformer / rectifier;
    - (iv) Ammeter for charging unit;
    - (v) Voltmeter with selector switch (charging voltage and battery voltage);
    - (vi) Meters or earth lamps to indicate the state of insulation;
    - (vii) Moulded case circuit breakers with over-current and short circuit trips for 24V DC bus and feeder circuits; and
    - (viii) Any other necessary fittings and protective devices.
  - (d) Sector for shore power supply

# **8.4** Direct Current Power Source

- 8.4.1 Batteries for Main Engines and Electric Generator Set Starting:
  - (a) Independent bank of 24V batteries shall be provided for starting of each of the two main engines and each of the two electric generator sets.
  - (b) The capacity of the batteries shall be sufficient to provide at least six consecutive starts of each one of the main engines, and at least three consecutive starts of each one of the electric generator set from cold, without recharging.
  - (c) Electrical connections shall be arranged so that the batteries can be used to start either main engine or generator engine by operating a manual change-over switch in the engine room.
  - (d) The batteries shall be charged by engine driven alternators with backup service provided by an automatic battery charger. Interlock or protective devices shall be provided to prevent simultaneous charging from the charger and the alternator. The battery charger shall also be prevented from charging the batteries during main engine starting.
  - (e) Batteries to be of maintenance-free type
    - (i) There will be five sets of 24V batteries charged directly from engine driven alternators, generator set. There shall be one battery set allocated to each engine.
    - (ii) Power supply batteries shall be portable, maintenance free, heavy duty, deep cycle and produced from environmentally friendly materials. They shall have a minimum life expectancy of five years, or 200 full discharge cycles at full load, rated in accordance with cognizant regulatory body requirements.

- (iii) The supplied 12V/24V batteries for configuration of any battery bank shall be either of 75AH, 100AH, 150AH or 200AH to match for the replacement of existing Government Dockyard batteries during maintenance and repair work.
- (f) Each engine driven alternator shall have its own built-in voltage regulators, automatic cut-off, and any other required protective devices.
- (g) The batteries shall be located as close as practicable to the engines in order to minimise the voltage drop. The battery bank shall be housed in a separate GRP or GRP lined storage box. Each box shall be provided with a removable cover with locking clips for ease of maintenance.
- 8.4.2 Batteries for Routine and Emergency Supply
  - (a) 24V battery shall be provided for routine and emergency supply, all emergency equipment shall operate from a dedicated 24V DC power supply.
  - (b) In event of main electrical AC power failure, 24V DC batteries shall act as an emergency supply for all communication equipment, navigation and emergency lighting, fire monitoring and control system, and other vital instrumentation and control systems for the Vessel to return to base.
  - (c) This emergency supply shall come into operation automatically in the event of main electrical power supply failure. The capacities of these sets of batteries shall be sufficient to maintain the emergency supply for a period according to the RO Requirements.
  - (d) The batteries shall be installed in a separate compartment located outside of the engine room above deck. The compartment shall be well ventilated and prevent ingress of water.
- 8.4.3 Independent batteries for electronic equipment:
  - (a) Battery shall be provided solely for the VHF
  - (b) The battery bank shall be housed in a separate GRP or GRP lined storage box, that the box shall be located outside of the engine room above deck. The box shall be well ventilated and prevent stagnant of water.
  - (c) Provided an independent batteries charger for it in the wheelhouse.
- 8.4.4 12/24V DC services shall be supplied from the switchboard in the steering console through a 2-wire insulated system to the following items:
  - (a) Navigation light control panel and navigation lights
  - (b) Horn
  - (c) Emergency lighting
  - (d) Fire detecting system
  - (e) Compass light
  - (f) Instrument panel in control console
  - (g) CCTV
  - (h) Public address
  - (i) One hand-held searchlight and one fixed searchlight (for aft)
  - (j) Unmanned duty alarm system
  - (k) Any other navigational and electronic equipment (if applicable)
- 8.4.5 The batteries as required in Paragraphs 8.4.1 and 8.4.2 shall be subjected to continuous trickle charge under normal operation of the Vessel by an automatic battery charger. Under the battery fully discharged condition, the charger shall be able to perform a quick charge function.
- 8.4.6 Apart from the charger, a provision shall also be made to allow the batteries to be charged by an engine driven alternator. The battery chargers shall provide automatic control between float and boost charges. Each charger shall also be provided with a voltmeter, voltage regulator, selector switch, blocking rectifier, and the required devices for protecting the chargers against short circuit, reverse connection, excessive temperature and overloading. The capacity of each battery charger shall be sufficient for charging one set of completely discharged starting batteries to fully charged condition within 10 hours.
- 8.4.7 Battery charger installations shall meet all cognizant regulatory body requirements including:
  - (a) One (1) set of charging and discharging board with one charger for Routine and Emergency battery shall be provided. Charging method shall be float-charging type and boosting charge type with manual

voltage adjuster.

- (b) The charger is equipped with rectifying device. When the main power supply is normal, the rectifying device provides DC 24V power. When the main power failure, it automatically switches to battery for power supply. The character of battery charger shall be: Input (AC) 220V, 2Ph, 50Hz. Output (DC) Max. Voltage: abt. 28V.
- (c) The chargers shall be sized such that a completely discharged battery bank can be recharged to 80% capacity within 8 hours (100% at 10 hours). At the end of the charge, the charge shall be tapered to a trickle value.
- (d) The chargers shall be fitted with a pilot lamp, a charging adjustment, a voltmeter and an ammeter indicating charging current.
- (e) Discharge protection shall be provided to prevent a failed charger component from discharging the battery bank.
- (f) Battery charging facilities will be available via the main propulsion engines and the 220V AC generator. Battery chargers shall not be mounted directly over batteries.
- (g) Battery selector/isolator switches shall be provided between battery chargers and the battery banks they serve.
- (h) Provisions shall be made to allow either main engine to be started by the other engine's starting batteries.
- (i) The charger has protection against overcharge.
- 8.4.8 An instruction plate with a schematic wiring diagram illustrating the operating procedures and precautions for the selection of battery banks and charging of batteries shall be provided in the vicinity of the charger, battery selection switchboard and charging distribution board. All charging control shall be conducted in the wheelhouse.
- 8.4.9 Batteries shall be permanently installed in a dry, ventilated location above the anticipated bilge-water level.
  - (a) Battery rooms, boxes and lockers are to be ventilated to prevent the accumulation of flammable gases. Natural ventilation may be employed if the required number of air changes is small and the duct can be run directly from the top of the battery room, box or locker to the open air above, with no part of the duct more than 45° from the vertical.

For natural ventilation of the battery room, the cross-sectional area A of the inlet is to be equal to that of the outlet, not less than:

(i) for vented type batteries

$$A = \frac{50 \times U_n \times Q \times n}{1000} \text{ cm}^2$$

(ii) for valve-regulated sealed batteries

$$A = \frac{20 \times U_n \times Q \times n}{1000} \text{ cm}^2$$

where: Un — nominal voltage of the battery, in V;

Q — battery capacity, in Ah;

n — number of cells in series.

The quantity Q of air expelled from the rooms, boxes or lockers containing vented type batteries is not to be less than:

$$Q=0.11In m^3/h$$

where: I — the maximum charging current during the development of gas, but not less than 25% of the maximum charging current output by the charging device, in A;

n — number of battery cells.

The quantity of air expelled from the rooms, boxes or lockers containing valve-regulated sealed batteries may be reduced to 25% of that required in Q=0.11In m<sup>3</sup>/h

(b) Batteries shall be located in areas so as to avoid heat soak. Emergency batteries shall be located in the area outside the engine room such as wheelhouse.

- (c) All battery storage boxes shall be provided with removable covers and locking clips for ease of maintenance.
- (d) Drainage shall also be provided to avoid accumulation of moisture.
- 8.4.10 Batteries shall not be installed directly above or below a fuel tank or fuel filter.
- 8.4.11 Any metallic component of the fuel system within 300 mm above the battery top, as installed, shall be electrically insulated.
- 8.4.12 Battery cable terminals shall not depend on spring tension for mechanical connection to them.
- 8.4.13 A battery-disconnect switch shall be installed in the positive conductor from the battery, or group of batteries, connected to the supply system voltage in a readily accessible location, as close as practical to the battery or group of batteries except the circuits for engine starting and navigation lighting and electronic devices with protected memory and protective devices such as bilge-pumps and alarms, if individually protected by a circuit breaker or fuse as close as practical to the battery terminal.
- 8.4.14 Local information plates showing the voltage, ampere-hour rating, group number and application shall be provided for each battery set.

### 8.5 Shore Power Supply and Connection

- 8.5.1 The electrical system shall include the provision for shore power supply (220V AC, 1PH, 50Hz, 32A) designed to an approved standard. And with phase sequence automatic adjustment device.
- 8.5.2 The shore power system shall be interlocked to prevent the Vessel's generator from providing power to the shore. Indicating lights for "shore power available", "shore power breaker on" and "shore power breaker closed" to be fitted.
- 8.5.3 The Contractor shall provide a 1:1 isolation transformer for the shore power supply. The earth wire of the shore power cable shall be connected to the shielded core of the isolation transformer. The core of the isolation transformer shall be completely insulated from the case. It shall be convection cooled and shall have no moving parts. The transformer enclosure shall be drip-proof and the isolation transformer shall be rated for continuous operation at full capacity of the shore power connection.
- 8.5.4 The watertight connection box shall be designed with a quick release receptacle.
- 8.5.5 Not less than 30 metres long shore connection power cable of adequate rating with quick release watertight plug shall be provided.
- 8.5.6 The 30-metre shore connection power cable terminating at compatible connections to mate with existing facilities on Government Dockyard, to be identified by GNC. Suitable stowage on board shall be provided for the cable.

### 8.6 Circuit Breaker

- 8.6.1 All circuit breakers shall have time delay thermal overload trip and instantaneous short circuit current trip. The overload trip shall be set at 110% of the maximum circuit load current. The cable rating shall be in excess of the circuit breaker overload tripping current.
- 8.6.2 Circuit breaker shall act as a protective device only and shall not use for switching purposes. An individual On/Off switch shall be installed for each electrical fitting.

#### 8.7 Motor and Starters

- 8.7.1 Where a starter is situated remotely from the motor, stop and start buttons shall be provided near the motor for local operation. All electric motors of essential services shall have separate start and stop push buttons plus running indication lights (with dimmer control) inside the wheelhouse console.
- 8.7.2 Motors installed in the engine room and other enclosed spaces shall be of semi-enclosed drip-proof type. Motors installed in locations exposed to weather or moisture shall be of waterproof construction. Insulation of motors shall not be less than Class B standard under IEC Regulations for the Electrical and Electronic Equipment.
- 8.7.3 A circuit diagram shall be placed in the local control box of each electrical installation.
- 8.7.4 In general, starters to be of magnetic control type except that small motors (0.5 kW or less) may be manually operated by line switch with protective fuse on each pole.

### 8.8 Unmanned duty alarm system

- 8.8.1 When the Vessel is afloat and unmanned, if the bilge-alarm or fire detecting system trigger, nobody acknowledged after 5 minutes (can be adjusted), the audible and visual alarm shall be extended to an audible and visual alarm. This alarm shall be fitted on the top of the deckhouse to bring the attention of the persons ashore or the guard of the Government Dockyard. The additional protection shall be able to be turned on and off when required.
- 8.8.2 DC 24V power supply from DC Power Source.

### 8.9 Level alarm and indicator panel

- 8.9.1 The Contractor shall provide a level alarm and indicator panel in wheelhouse. DC24V power supply from general batteries. The level alarm and indicator panel includes the following functions:
  - (a) High level alarm:
    - (i) STEERING GEAR ROOM BILGE WATER
    - (ii) ENGINE ROOM BILGE WATER
    - (iii) TANK SPACE BILGE WATER
    - (iv) FUEL OIL TANK (P)
    - (v) FUEL OIL TANK(S)
    - (vi) F.W.TANK
    - (vii) CREW SPACE BILGE WATER
    - (viii) BLACK WATER TANK
    - (ix) FORE PEAK BILGE WATER
  - (b) Low level alarm:
    - (i) FUEL OIL TANK (P)
    - (ii) FUEL OIL TANK(S)
    - (iii) F.W.TANK
  - (c) Level indicator (Percentage) panel in wheelhouse:
    - (i) FUEL OIL TANK (P)
    - (ii) FUEL OIL TANK(S)
    - (iii) FRESH WATER TANK
    - (iv) BLACK WATER TANK
- 8.9.2 All bilge water high level alarm signal to Unmanned duty alarm system.
- 8.9.3 All other level alarm for other equipment/instrument refer in the Paragraphs 7.3.2 & 7.3.3 shall be required in the wheelhouse.

# 8.10 Cable, Wiring and Fuse

- 8.10.1 Cables which may be exposed to physical damage shall be protected by sheaths, conduits or other equivalent means. Cables passing through bulkheads or structural members shall be protected against damage to insulation by chafing. When cables pass through bulkheads and decks with certain fire protection requirements, integrity shall not be weakened.
- 8.10.2 Where cables are protected by pipe conduits, the space factors of the pipe conduit shall conform to IEC regulations in order to prevent bunching of wires and to minimise earth faults.
- 8.10.3 Cables shall have minimum dimensions in accordance with IEC regulations or other equivalent international standard, or the conductor manufacturer's rated current-carrying capacity, based on the load to be supplied and allowable voltage drop for the load to be carried.
- 8.10.4 Cables in voltage-critical circuits, such as starter motor circuits and navigation light circuits, whose output may vary with system voltage, shall be sized in compliance with the component manufacturer's requirements.

- 8.10.5 The metallic sheathing, armour or braid of cable shall be properly earthed at both ends. All bare terminals shall be properly insulated by approved cable insulators.
- 8.10.6 Cables that are not sheathed shall be supported throughout their length in conduits, cable trunking, or trays, or by individual supports at maximum intervals of 300 mm.
- 8.10.7 Sheathed cables and battery cables to the battery disconnect switch shall be supported at maximum intervals of 300 mm, with the first support not more than 1 m from the terminal. Other sheathed conductors shall be supported at maximum intervals of 450 mm. Sheathed engine starter conductors constitute an exception to this requirement.
- 8.10.8 Wiring shall be run along perforated metal trays and shall be secured in such positions as to allow easy maintenance.
- 8.10.9 In principle wiring shall not be installed below the engine room floor plates. If it is unavoidable, it must be laid through galvanized pipes.
- 8.10.10 Cables and wiring inside accommodation areas shall run behind linings which shall have removable panels for inspection and maintenance.
- 8.10.11 Where electric cables have to be fitted on the decorative surface of bulkheads, they shall be enclosed in conduits.
  - (a) RO approved watertight, fire resistant and gastight cable transit system shall be provided in way of watertight bulkhead or deck penetrations (Hilti, RISE or equivalent).



- (b) The penetration shall be located as high as practicable and well clear from the ship side.
- 8.10.12 Each electrical cable that is part of the electrical system shall have a means to identify its function in the system, except for conductor integral with engines as supplied by their manufacturers.
- 8.10.13 Cables and the wiring terminals of different AC and DC power supply voltages in the junction box, fuse box as well as the equipment terminal box shall be laid separately and shall have a distinctive code and labelling system for easy identification to facilitate tracing.
- 8.10.14 Tally plates showing the cable size and the number of cores shall be provided for each of the main power cables.
- 8.10.15 All fuses are preferably of cartridge type and rated adequately for the protected circuits.
- 8.10.16 Electric wiring (whether single core or multi-core type) shall use approved (by an authority acceptable to GNC) type of bulkhead/deck penetration gland/fitting when they pass through watertight bulkheads or the weather deck.

#### **8.11 Lighting Fixtures**

- 8.11.1 General lighting shall be provided for all compartments and shall be arranged to give sufficient illumination to all working areas for normal operation. All lighting shall be equipped with LED bulbs including the navigation lights.
- 8.11.2 Lighting shall be in accordance with the recommended practices for marine lighting and to GNC's satisfaction, particular attention will be paid to the level of brightness provided in all areas.
- 8.11.3 The general lighting system described herein shall be composed of fixtures permanently installed as necessary to provide the levels of illumination required to an approved standard. The system shall include fixtures, switches, panels, boxes, and cabling for the distribution system supplying the lighting fixtures. Fixtures shall be accessible for re-lamping and cleaning.

- 8.11.4 General lighting shall have individual or group switches to conserve power, unless agreed with GNC, all light sources, including signalling, shall be of LED type. The LED colour temperature is to be to GNC's satisfaction.
- 8.11.5 Middle office, interview room and wheelhouse should be equipped with lights/lamps for night time working. The installed lightings at Middle office, interview room shall able to provide lux level of 300-500 lux for normal desk office work. Dimmers and switches shall be provided for night time working operation. Lighting from the engine room shall not be seen through the ventilation louvres during operation at night. Emergency lighting of 24V DC supply shall be provided for all compartments, emergency embarkation stations, open decks as per the RO Requirements.
- 8.11.6 Emergency exit routes shall be identified and illuminated as required by RO Requirements.
- 8.11.7 For the wheelhouse, interview room, middle office, officer cabin and crew space, red and daylight lighting shall be provided above all desks and working areas including the chart table. Red and daylight can be changed by switch.
- 8.11.8 Controls shall be provided within each compartment for the illumination therein. Each light shall have a manually controlled switch located at the primary entrance to that compartment and switches for this purpose shall be installed near the access and located so as not to be obscured when the door is open. A separate switch shall be provided in each compartment to control each group of lights. Switches shall break both sides of the circuit. Fixtures shall be installed so that illumination therefrom will not be obstructed by the components including but not limited to fixed pipes, ducts, bins and berths.
- 8.11.9 Fixtures shall be mounted so as not to vibrate in any operating condition and so that the vessel vibration will not harm the fixture. Fixtures shall be selected and mounted to maintain the maximum possible headroom.
- 8.11.10 All sockets, terminal blocks, and switch and receptacle interiors shall be made of non-flammable phenolic material.

### 8.12 Navigational Light

- 8.12.1 All navigational and signal lights to be provided shall be in compliance with the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea 1972 as amended by IMO Resolution A. 464 (XII) and A. 626 (XV). Type approved certificate in respect of each model of the navigational and signal lights issued by RO shall be provided on or before the Delivery Acceptance at the latest.
- 8.12.2 The lighting shall be controlled from a control and alarm signal panel in the wheelhouse. Each navigation light circuit shall be provided with a switch, protection fuse, indicating lamp and alarm. A dimmer for the panel indication lights, buzzer stop and lamp test buttons shall be fitted. The navigation light control panel alarm and its communication interface must be suitable to VDR.
- 8.12.3 Navigation light circuits shall be independent of any other circuit. There shall be two essentially separate power supply systems to the distribution board: one from the main AC power source and one from the emergency DC power source.
- 8.12.4 The following navigational and signal lights (with double-pole circuit breakers) and shapes shall be provided:
  - (a) Port-side light;
  - (b) Starboard-side light;
  - (c) Stern light;
  - (d) Masthead light;
  - (e) Anchor light;
  - (f) Combined NUC and diving lights as follows: three all-round lights in a vertical line where they can best be seen. The highest and lowest of these lights shall be red and the middle light shall be white, all lights shall be independently operated for different use;
  - (g) One all-round flashing red light installed on compass deck appropriate location. That to bring the attention of the persons ashore or the guard of the Government Dockyard (see detail in Paragraphs 4.18.1, 5.7.1 & 8.8);
  - (h) Black ball (three numbers);
  - (i) Black diamond;
  - (j) Whistle;

- (k) Bell;
- (l) one set of immigration examination signal lights and red rotating beacon light; and
- (m) Any other navigation lights as required.
- 8.12.5 Three sets of spare bulbs (one per light) shall be provided for the navigational and signal lights. The red rotating beacon light to be provided with separate on/off switch.

# 8.13 Searchlight

- 8.13.1 Three proprietary make 220V AC, 1500W adjustable remote control searchlights are required for operation, two toward the bow and the other one toward the stern. Three switches for the searchlight shall be mounted adjacent to the searchlight control joystick.
- 8.13.2 The searchlights shall be installed on the top of the wheelhouse. The searchlight shall be remotely controlled by electric joystick located in the wheelhouse control station for turning and tilting.
- 8.13.3 Tarpaulin covers shall be provided for the searchlights.
- 8.13.4 One 24V DC LED portable search lights (with luminosity equivalent to not less than 150 W conventional type) with 30 meters water proof cable reels and plugs shall be provided in the wheelhouse.
- 8.13.5 Each search light shall be operated from independent power and control circuit. Power switch shall be provided in each searchlight power circuit for isolate faulty search light from power trip. All vessel searchlight control operation shall not be connected on a common control bus for prevention of all searchlights shutdown at same time.
- 8.13.6 Opening access for maintenance shall be provided at wheelhouse ceiling for replacement/repairing of search light lamp fitting in case room for replacement/repairing at the wheelhouse top is not available.

# 8.14 Floodlight

- 8.14.1 A floodlight control panel installing on wheelhouse console. It can control all the floodlights. All floodlights must LED lamp, AC 220V, 50Hz.
- 8.14.2 The floodlights shall be for marine use, and capable of withstanding a corrosive environment.

The floodlights arrangement at least shall be like below:

Lighting fixture	Quantity	Location	Illuminated area
80W LED lamp	2	Compass deck front	Wheelhouse front area
80W LED lamp	1	Main deck aft	Main deck aft area
80W LED lamp	2	Main deck port side	Main deck port side
80W LED lamp	2	Main deck starboard side	Main deck starboard side

8.14.3 Sufficient amounts of flood lights to GNC's satisfaction shall be arranged on the main deck and compass deck to ensure sufficient lightings at night.

### 8.15 Power Receptacles / Sockets

- 8.15.1 Receptacles/sockets installed in locations subject to rain, spray or splashing shall have a minimum protection of IP55, in accordance with IEC60529 when not in use, e.g. protected by a cover with an effective weatherproof seal.
- 8.15.2 A system of 220V AC, 13A and 24V DC 5A socket outlets shall be provided in the engine room, fore and aft ends of the Vessel on the main deck and in the fore peak of the Vessel.
- 8.15.3 Socket outlets for 220V AC (with USB charging socket 5V 2A), 24V DC or 12V D.C shall be provided in the wheelhouse. 13A AC power socket integrated with USB charger socket 5V 2A should comply with BS1362.2, BS5733, IEC 61558-2-16, IEC61000-6-1 & IEC 61000-6-3 standard.
- 8.15.4 Sockets shall be provided in ship office for hardware including but not limited to printer, personal computers, charger for portable VHF, charger for digital camera, charger for mobile phone, desk lamp and spare.
- 8.15.5 The crew space requires 220V AC power sockets (with USB charging socket 5V 2A) for the equipment including but not limited to portable apparatus and the domestic equipment.

- 8.15.6 The wheelhouse, officer cabin, crew space, middle office and interview room require 220V AC power sockets for fans which adequate natural ventilation ensured in case air-conditioning break down.
- 8.15.7 Each socket outlet shall be integrated with an 'On/Off' switch to facilitate local switching of the electrical equipment. The 220V AC socket outlets shall be supplied with 13A 3-square-pin fused plugs. The 24V DC socket outlets shall be supplied with fused plugs.
- 8.15.8 Sockets for different voltage systems shall be clearly labelled and with different pin sizes so that one system cannot plug into the other.
- 8.15.9 Power sockets on the weather deck, in the engine room and other damp locations shall be watertight and be provided with watertight covers and switches. All power plugs provided for the portable equipment intended to be used in these areas shall also be of weatherproof marine type.

# **Chapter 9 Electronic Navigation Equipment**

# 9.1 Description of Electronic Equipment System

- 9.1.1 The Contractor shall supply and be responsible for the supply, delivery, testing, installation, commissioning and warranty (12 months from the date of the Acceptance Certificate) and provision of operational and maintenance service manual and training of the following equipment/systems to be fitted onboard the Vessel for GNC:
  - (a) Loudhailer/Siren and public address system with USB player,
  - (b) Magnetic compass with back lighting and fluxgate compass,
  - (c) Differential Global Positioning System,
  - (d) Marine Radar (x-band) for navigation,
  - (e) Navigation Electronic Chart Display and Information System (ECDIS),
  - (f) Back up for ENC or ECDIS (paper nautical charts)
  - (g) Echo sounder,
  - (h) International Maritime Mobile (IMM) VHF Radio with GMDSS,
  - (i) Marine Band Hand-held Waterproof Radio Transceiver,
  - (j) Secure Automatic Identification System (AIS) transponder (Include the receiver and transmitter modules),
  - (k) CCTV System,
  - (1) Wind Speed and Direction Indicator,
  - (m) Electric horn conforming to IMO requirement, and
  - (n) Night Vision

The Contractor shall provide all labour, material, transportation, installation calibration, testing and commissioning, Warranty Services in Warranty Period, test equipment and all other tools and equipment which are necessary to complete the work required in this Chapter. References to "Equipment" in this Chapter shall mean the above-mentioned Equipment in (a) to (n). References to "Electronic Navigation Equipment" or "ENE" or "Electronic Navigational Equipment" throughout the Tender Documents or Contract shall mean each set of the above-mentioned Equipment in (a) to (n).

- 9.1.2 It is desirable that an integrated system is adopted as much as possible for all ENE, so that information and also the display monitors of different systems, such as colour plotter system, radar system, can be shared in order to utilise the limited space available in coxswain operation area and to provide users a better displaying interface ("Integrated Navigation System" or "INS").
- 9.1.3 All ENE offered shall be designed for marine applications and shall allow effective operation under most arduous condition such as poor weather, strong winds and heavy rains and severe vibration. Exposed components shall be weather-proof and adequate protection against splash and water shall be provided for all electronic equipment fitted on board.
- 9.1.4 All components of the equipment exposed to the weather shall be sea water corrosion resistance. Internal components shall be fully enclosed with heavy duty seals and sufficient heat dissipation mechanism such as ventilation and conduction to protect the Equipment.
- 9.1.5 The Contractor shall pay attention to the compass safe distance of the equipment and the radiation hazard zone of the radar scanner in the Vessel design.
- 9.1.6 All radar and radio equipment shall meet both the applicable requirements of the International Maritime Organization and the licensing requirements of the Office of the Communications Authority of Hong Kong.
- 9.1.7 All siting, installation and cabling in respect of components including but not limited to compass, VHF and radar shall comply with the relevant rules and regulations of Hong Kong.
- 9.1.8 All ENE shall have warranty support services in Hong Kong and on-site maintenance shall be available in Hong Kong.
- 9.1.9 When the generation / use of calendars are employed for logging of reports, activation off equipment, or as any essential part of logic for the proper functioning of the system, then the calendar generation shall function without any error or manual intervention for all leap years.
- 9.1.10 The circuit breaker for the ENE shall equip with lockout device so that the breaker can be locked during the equipment maintenance.
- 9.1.11 Lightning protection shall be provided and installed wherever applicable. The lightning arresters for all outdoor antennas shall be installed at the antenna ends.

- 9.1.12 Equipment supplied shall complete with all standard and/or maker recommended accessories as required for normal operation.
- 9.1.13 All the ENE control system on wheelhouse console shall not use touch screen (Except for ECDIS).

### 9.2 Loudhailer / Siren System and Public Address System with USB Player

9.2.1 The system shall function as a loudhailer/siren system for external broadcast specially designed for maritime purposes. The system shall also consist of a public address system for internal broadcast in the crew area. The whole system must be marine type.

#### 9.2.2 Loudhailer/Siren

- (a) The system shall comprise two master control units in wheelhouse and two weather proof horn type loudspeakers, in conformance to IPX5 or better, located at forward and aftward of the Vessel respectively.
- (b) The system shall have the capacity to generate a "Yelp" siren and a horn signal sound in manual mode. It shall also have a selection of at least six warning signal sounds in automatic mode for general marine navigational uses, namely Underway, Stopped, Sail, Tow, Anchored, and Aground. A separate siren generating signal similar to the police horn signal with separate on/off switch to be provided in the wheelhouse console.
- (c) There shall be a volume control on external broadcasting speaker so it shall be adjustable to full power for messages to be heard 0.5 km away from the Vessel and down to minimum of 0.1 km for night operations.
- (d) Two master control units, which shall be completed with fist microphone and microphone hanger, shall be recessed mounted in the wheelhouse with the following facilities provided at the front panel:
  - (i) Power ON/OFF
  - (ii) Hail volume control
  - (iii) Function control
- (e) Speech shall be delivered through a fist microphone hanging on the console. The fist microphone shall be splash-proof, and preferably water-proof.
- (f) The amplifier shall be with a rated power output of not less than 30 watts per speaker and shall have the following characteristics:
  - (i) Mic in (hail) sensitivity: Not greater than 30 mV for 30 watts output at 1 kHz
  - (ii) Hail distortion: Not greater than 10% at 30 watts output at 1 kHz
- (g) The horn type loudspeaker shall be weatherproof reflex type, 8 ohms impedance with power rating not less than 30 watts (actual rating shall match with the amplifier).
- (h) A USB player shall be provided with the system in such a configuration that the audio signal from the USB player can be broadcasted through the loudhailer system.

#### 9.2.3 Public Address System

- (a) There shall be at least one speaker installed at the crew cabin, officer cabin and middle office for a one-way internal broadcast to the crew and officer from the microphone at either of two master control units. There shall be volume control for these internal broadcast speakers for adjusting acoustic levels to comfortable levels for the crew and at the same time avoid excessive acoustic feedback to the microphone. These internal broadcast speakers shall be waterproof to IPX5 or better and suitable for the location of installation.
- (b) The positions of two master control units of loudhailer/siren system, control panel and both the position and quantity of speakers of public address system shall be finalised in the detailed design stage.

# 9.3 Magnetic Compass with Back Lighting and Fluxgate Compass

- 9.3.1 The Contractor shall provide one magnetic compass and one fluxgate compass with digital display.
- 9.3.2 The fluxgate compass shall consist of at least a sensor unit and a display unit, and be compact and easy to operate. It shall have direct connection to the radar.
- 9.3.3 An electronic display unit shall be installed at a position for easy viewing of Vessel heading by the coxswain.
- 9.3.4 The fluxgate compass shall be electronic such that GPS/DGPS will not cause deviation.

- 9.3.5 The fluxgate compass shall be provided to allow the operation of the radar in north stabilised mode and supply heading direction information to colour plotter system.
- 9.3.6 Performance requirements of fluxgate compass shall be as follows:

(a) Reference : Either magnetic north or true north.

(b) Accuracy :  $\pm 1.0^{\circ}$  typical or better.

(c) Resolution : 0.1° or better.
 (d) Deviation Compensation : Automatic.
 (e) Operating Temperatures : 0°C to 50°C
 (f) Waterproofing : IPX5 or better.

# 9.4 Differential Global Positioning System

- 9.4.1 The Contractor shall supply and install one set of DGPS which fulfils the following general requirements:
- 9.4.2 The DGPS shall integrate with radars, ECDIS, for providing real time Vessel position and clock signal in the NMEA 0183 and NMEA 2000 format.
- 9.4.3 The DGPS shall consist of the following;
  - (a) 7" ultra-bright high contrast colour LCD display;
  - (b) Touch screen and keyboard;
  - (c) DGPS to be compatible with GPS and GLONASS networks;
  - (d) DGPS to have receiver autonomous integrity monitoring (RAIM) functionality to alert when position accuracy is below user set limit.
  - (e) DGPS to be displayed at Wheelhouse Control Station and at Navigation/Communications Console and anywhere else required by GNC;
  - (f) Capable or integrating with secure AIS, radar, ECDIS.
  - (g) The DGPS antenna/receiver shall be connected to the radar for the provision of GPS-related data, such as position fix, time, speed over ground and course over ground;
  - (h) The GPS system shall be fully compatible with the radar;
  - (i) The GPS system shall support Serial NMEA 0183, Serial 26-pin D-sub, Serial 9-wire RS232, Serial 3-wire RS232 and Ethernet (NMEA 2000); and
  - (j) The GPS system shall support at least the following data displayed at the GPS display unit and through outputs to the radar display:
    - (i) Position (latitude/longitude): to at least four (4) decimal points,
    - (ii) Horizontal Position accuracy (at speed of 15kt): less than or equal to 10m,
    - (iii) Course: 1 oresolution,
    - (iv) Speed: 0.1 knot or 0.1 km/hour resolutions with at least three (3) digits,
    - (v) Date and time: selectable as GMT or local mode, and
    - (vi) Satellite status information.
- 9.4.4 The GPS system's antenna/receiver shall fulfil the following technical requirements:

(a) Receiver Type: 8 or more channel parallel receiver

(b) Receiving Frequency and Code: 1,575.42 MHz (C/A code)

(c) Position Accuracy: Within + or - 3 metres horizontal rms or better 95%

of the time

(d) Warm Start Time: Less than 30 seconds (e) Ambient temperature: 0°C to 55°C or better

(f) Waterproofing: IPX7 or better

# 9.5 Marine Radar (x-band) for navigation

### 9.5.1 General Requirements

- (a) The equipment shall be a relative motion high performance radar suitable for small vessels and comprise a transceiver, an antenna and a colour display unit, suitable for bright daylight and night viewing.
- (b) The radar shall be able to track high speed small crafts easily.
- (c) The radar shall also be able to detect tiny targets such as small buoys or wooden stakes.
- (d) The Contractor shall ensure that the type and the number of provisions of the radar are appropriate to the class of the Vessel.
- (e) The radar shall be equipped with a collision avoidance system that is an Automatic Radar Plotting Aid ARPA or other equivalent function capable of tracking at least 10 targets.
- (f) The transceiver shall be housed in the scanner unit and shall be designed for aloft mounted construction and capable of satisfactory operation at high wind speeds. The scanner assembly shall be housed in a weatherproof housing.
- (g) The radar scanner unit shall be installed well clear of obstructions to minimise undue interference and Non-Ionizing Radiation (NIR hazards). Care shall also be taken to ensure the scanner mounting does not give excessive shadow sectors for navigation lights.
- (h) Complete interface kit shall be provided to interface the radar for the fluxgate compass, GPS/DGPS, colour plotter and secured AIS. The radar shall have interface to accept and display navigation data such as latitude and longitude positions of the Vessel given by the GPS/DGPS receiver.
- (i) There shall be interface provided to the radar for secured AIS. The radar shall have interface to accept and display AIS information such as Vessel names, call signs, heading, destination, maritime mobile service identity (MMSI), latitude, and longitude and other navigation data given by the secured AIS.
- (j) The Contractor shall pay special attention to any possible radar blind zone, and shall address this during the design stage and verify it after installation, and rectify it if required. The Contactor shall pay special attention to the equipment installed before the radar scanner like flood lights and/or horn speakers. Care shall also be taken to ensure the mounting does not obstruct the navigation lights.
- (k) The radar shall have standard NMEA 0183 OR NMEA 2000 interface ports, i.e. National Marine Electronics Association (NMEA) Standard, capable of accepting navigational data from a wide selection of GPS/DGPS Receivers and Electronic Compasses, secured AIS and to output comprehensive data on all tracked targets in the form of a track table to a wide selection of electronic chart plotters. However, connection of the radar system to the other systems supplied under this Contract via other standard or proprietary interface types equivalent to NMEA 0183 OR NMEA 2000 is acceptable.
- (1) The power for the equipment shall be supplied from the D.C. 24V system of the Vessel.
- (m) The radar transceiver shall be housed in a radome antenna/scanner unit of maritime type. It shall be designed for aloft mounted construction and capable of satisfactory operation at high relative wind speeds of not less than 70 knots.
- (n) Guard zones and alarm functions shall be provided in the radar. The zone shall be set and shown on the display screen. Audible alarm shall be activated if other vessels enter the zones set.
- (o) The display unit shall be of table top mounting type providing clear and clutter free picture in all weather conditions and suitable for bright daylight and night viewing. It shall indicate clearly the important parameters such as radar targets, range marker, bearing line, heading marker, range rings, guard zone and background.
- (p) On the viewing side of the display unit, the following controls shall be provided:
  - (i) Power ON/OFF
  - (ii) Standby/Transmit
  - (iii) Automatic adjustment of gain, sea clutter and tune keeps targets clearly in view
  - (iv) True motion displays the Vessel's movements relative to fixed targets
  - (v) Bearing cursor rotation
  - (vi) Electronic bearing line (EBL)
  - (vii) Variable range marker (VRM)
  - (viii) Range scale selection
  - (ix) Display brilliance & illumination
  - (x) Selection of background colour and target colour
  - (xi) Tuning
  - (xii) Heading marker ON/OFF

#### 9.5.2 Performance Requirements

(a) The marine radar shall perform at least or better than the following requirements in this Paragraph.

(b) Display Unit

> (i) Display : Flat panel colour LCD (ii) Screen size : 15 inches (381 mm) or larger Resolution : 1280 x 1024 pixels or better (iii)

(iv) Display mode : Head up, course up, north up and true bearing modes (with inputs

of compass and speed data)

(v) Range scale : 0.125 nm to 24 nm

(vi) Range units : Selectable from nautical miles, kilometres, and kilo yards

(vii) Minimum range : 30 m or less

Range ring accuracy : 1.5% or less of the maximum range of the scale in use; or 30 m, (viii)

whichever is the greater

(ix) Radar bearing accuracy : 1.5 degree or less

Display language : English Bilingual (English and Chinese) is preferred. [D](x)

: With adjustable electronic bearing lines and variable range (xi) Others

markers features

(xii) Operating temperature :  $-15^{\circ}$ C to  $+55^{\circ}$ C or better

: 90% or better (xiii) Relative humidity

(c) Transceiver

> (i) Operating frequency : 9410±30 MHz (X-band)

: At least 6 kW (Please note that this specification about peak (ii) Peak power output

power assumes a traditional radar (magnetron radar), rather than

a solid state radar.)

(iii) Pulse length : Equipped with long, medium and short pulse modes for close,

medium and long range operation

(iv) Overall noise figure : 6 dB or better

(d) Antenna

(e)

(i) Operating frequency :9410±30 MHz (X-band) (ii) Aerial type : Open array radar antenna Horizontal beam width :2.0 degrees or less (iii)

Vertical beam width :26.0 degrees or less (iv)

Polarization : Horizontal (v)

(vi) Rotation speed : Not less than 24 rpm within satisfactory operation at relative

> wind speed up to 70 knots. Manual and automatic selection of antenna rotation speed such as 24 rpm, 36 rpm and 48 rpm

shall be available according to detection range.

:  $-15^{\circ}$ C to  $+55^{\circ}$ C or better (vii) Operating temperature

: 90% or better (viii) Relative humidity Heading Marker, Bearing Measurement and Display

The thickness of heading marker shall not be greater than 0.5 degree with an accuracy of not (i) greater than 1 degree.

Arrangements shall be provided for bearing measurement with an accuracy of better than 1.5 (ii) degree. Bearing discrimination shall be better than 2.0 degrees.

ARPA (Automatic Radar Plotting Aid) Requirement

(i) Target acquisition 10 targets (manual)

(ii) Tracking Automatic

(iii) ARPA range scales From 0.75 to 12 nautical miles or better

Range, bearing, course, speed, CPA (Closest Point of Approach), TCPA (Time to Closest Point of Approach) (iv) Readout of selected target

(v) Target vector : Relative, true

(vi) Intercept mode : Automatically calculate intercept course and Time to Go

(TTG) to tracked target

(vii) Adjustable warning limit : warming for CPA to a desired adjustable limit

- (g) The crew operator shall be able to select the following modes of presentation at the radar display:
  - (i) radar image only,
  - (ii) plotter image only, or
  - (iii) plotter image overlaid with radar image.

# 9.6 Navigation Electronic Chart Display and Information System

9.6.1 The ECDIS shall show the radar, secure AIS, depth of water by echo sounder and ENC information in one picture.

#### 9.6.2 General Requirements

- (a) One set of Electronic Chart Display and Information System ("ECDIS") shall provide the following functions:
  - (i) Navigational calculation
  - (ii) Chart updating
  - (iii) Piloting
  - (iv) Voyage monitoring.
  - (v) Create User Charts and Route Plan.
- (b) One set of ECDIS with DGPS receiver and echo sounder shall be installed. It shall consist of three DGPS display control units, a remote GPS antenna and differential beacon receiver, colour chart plotter with electronic chart cartridges for Hong Kong Waters, and echo sounder.
- (c) The information received by the DGPS receiver shall be input to the marine radar and display on the marine radar and the screen of colour plotter. The output of the receiver shall give the Vessel position in a format compatible to marine radar in the "American Standard for Interfacing Marine Electronic Navigational Devices" NMEA 0183 or NMEA 2000 format. However, connection of the radar system to the other systems supplied under this Contract via other standard or proprietary interface types equivalent to NMEA 0183 or NMEA 2000 is acceptable.
- (d) One screen multi-touch monitor of size not less than 19 inches shall be provided. The screen monitors must fulfil the following features:
  - (i) 1000 nits Brightness
  - (ii) 610mm active viewing area
  - (iii) HDMI, DVI and composite inputs with a pre-installed cable to the Server Rack for transmission of hydrographic survey information as secondary input
  - (iv) On-class menu keys
  - (v) Can be operated as components including but not limited to radar, chart plotter, depth sounder and alarm.
- (e) The GPS/DGPS/plotter system shall be provided with "speed logs and electronic compass interface" or "gyro and its interface" to support the "dead reckoning" mode operation, if GPS satellite signal is absent for a period greater than 10 minutes
- (f) The system shall be equipped with navigational sea charts in details covering the entire Hong Kong Waters.
- (g) The information received by the secure AIS shall be able to display on the screen monitors of ECDIS.
- (h) The system shall be completed with interface kit to interface with the colour chart plotter for the radar, echo sounder and GPS/DGPS. The colour chart plotter shall accept and display information given by the radar, echo sounder and GPS/DGPS receiver.
- (i) The processor unit of the ECDIS shall accept and display information given by the ENE: Radars, VHF, AIS transponder, DGPS and control console. The processor unit shall have high-performance quad-core processor for rapid, responsive operation of the multiple touch screen monitor.
- (j) ECDIS display may also be used for the display of radar, radar tracked target information, AIS and other appropriate data layers to assist in route monitoring.

- (k) ECDIS shall provide appropriate alarms or indications with respect to the information displayed or malfunction of the equipment.
- (l) ECDIS is capable of reading and loading IHO S-57 (Version 3.1) ENC data file and update the same where necessary. Also it is able to handle the different chart format such as S-57 digital charts, SevenCs directENC charts, SevenCs Bathmetic ENCs, ARCS charts, VMAP/DNC charts, AML charts, BSB charts, WMS charts and Geo TIFF.
- (m) The chart information to be used in ECDIS shall be the latest edition, can be corrected by official updates (S-57 digital charts, SevenCs directENC charts, SevenCs Bathmetic ENCs) by the MD with records of update shown on the ECDIS.
- (n) ECDIS shall enable the mariner to execute in a convenient and timely manner all route planning, route monitoring and positioning currently performed on paper charts. It shall be capable of continuously plotting the ship's position.
- (o) The ECDIS shall be capable of displaying both English and Chinese characters of the ENC.
- (p) ECDIS shall store 12 hours history voyage record and can be reproduced on the ECDIS.
- 9.6.3 Performance requirements shall be as follows:
  - (a) Navigational Features
    - (i) Total waypoints: 2000 or more
    - (ii) Routes: 50 route plans or more
    - (iii) Alarms: Including but not limited to, proximity alert, cross-track error, and arrival /anchor watch
  - (b) Electrical and Physical
    - (i) Power source : 12 24V DC (external)
    - (ii) Display (screen type) : 19 inches or greater diagonal high resolution colour display

resolution 1280 x 1024 pixels or better for 4:3 aspect ratio.

- (c) Environment
  - (i) Operating temperature : -10 °C to +50 °C (ii) Storage temperature : -20 °C to +60 °C
- (d) GPS Receiver
  - (i) GPS receiver type : Equipped with 8 channel parallel receiver or better
  - (ii) Frequency range (GPS) : 1575.42±1MHz (C/A code), L1
  - (iii) Sensitivity (GPS) : -130 dBm or better
     (iv) Dynamic range (GPS) : 25 dB or better
     (v) Warm start fix time : Less than 30 seconds
     (vi) Cold start fix time : Less than 3 minutes
     (vii) Position accuracy : no greater than 15 m
  - (viii) Tracking velocity : 999 knots
- (e) Differential Beacon Receiver
  - (i) Frequency range : 283.5-325 kHz
  - (ii) Frequency step : 500 Hz
  - (iii) Position accuracy : No greater than 5 m
- (f) Data Display
  - (i) Lat/Lon: N or S plus 7 digits E or W plus 8 digits
  - (ii) Speed and course : 0.1Kt/h or 0.1Km/h resolution digit 1-degree resolution
  - (iii) Cross track error
     (iv) Bearing
     (v) Range
     : Graphic or direction indication
     : 3 digits, 1-degree resolution
     : 4 digits, 0.01-nm resolution
  - (vi) CDI : Active perspective view, selectable scale (0.1, 0.3 or 0.5nm)
  - (vii) Time : Selectable as GMT or local mode
  - (viii) Mapping : Resident world map in memory (reversible video)
  - (ix) Display system : English operation and display
  - (x) Language for system : Bilingual (English and Chinese) is preferred [D]

# 9.7 Back up for Electronic Navigational Charts or Navigation Electronic Chart Display and Information System (paper nautical charts)

9.7.1 The Contractor shall supply an independent ECDIS as the backup for ENC or ECDIS (paper nautical charts). The backup for ENC or ECDIS shall be connected to a separate power supply. The take-over of the backup from the ENC or ECDIS shall be smooth and timely.

#### 9.8 Echo sounder

- 9.8.1 The Contractor shall supply and install an Echo Sounder System with the sonar unit securely installed on the body of the vessel. The Echo Sounder shall be as follows:
  - (a) The equipment shall consist of a transducer and a digital depth indictor front panel which is flushed mounted at the steering console and capable of displaying depth information in feet, fathoms and meters.
  - (b) The measured depth shall be between 0m and 800m with at least three selectable ranges to indicate shallow, mid and deep ranges. The unit of measurement shall be selected at the front panel of the equipment.
  - (c) Shallow water audible and visual alarms shall be provided when entering an area with a depth shallower than the pre-set depth. Setting of the alarm depth shall be capable on the front panel of the equipment.
  - (d) The measuring accuracy of depth reading shall be better than + 5% of full scale range.
  - (e) The peak to peak transmitting pulse power of the transducer shall not be less than 200 Watts and the nominal operating frequency shall be 200 kHz.
  - (f) There shall be an isolating switch to switch off the recorder in case of shortage of recording paper but the equipment for sensing and indicating the depth shall still be operating and functioning as in normal working condition.
  - (g) The transducer shall not interfere or be interfered with by other equipment on the vessel.
  - (h) The echo sounder supplied shall be completely compatible with all systems using the NMEA 0183 or NMEA 2000 standard and be capable of interfacing with the navigational radar, ECDIS, compass, DGPS and other equipment as necessary.
- 9.8.2 Echo sounder display shall be:
  - (a) 10.4" colour LCD with adjustable backlight and full dimming capability with day/night pre-sets;
  - (b) Either 24 V DC or 220-240V AC Power Supply;
  - (c) Provide data Output in NMEA 0183;
  - (d) Provide output for external VGA;
  - (e) Provide output for printer; and
  - (f) Type approved in accordance with IMO relevant Requirements.

# 9.9 International Maritime Mobile Very High Frequency Radio with Global Maritime Distress Safety System

- 9.9.1 The Contractor shall supply one (1) console mounted International Maritime Mobile ("IMM") VHF radio equipped with GMDSS functionality.
- 9.9.2 The IMM VHF radio is to be located near the Coxswain seat. Its exact position is to be determined and agreed by the GNC during the design of the wheelhouse.
- 9.9.3 General Requirements:
  - (a) The IMM VHF radio shall meet the licensing requirements of the Office of the Communications Authority of Hong Kong ("OFCA").
  - (b) The radio shall be fully compatible with the Global Maritime Distress Safety System ("GMDSS") with a Class A Digital Selective Calling ("DSC") transceiver fully compliant with the International Maritime Organization ("IMO") GMDSS carriage requirements.
  - (c) The radio shall be equipped with all the international maritime VHF channels with a fist microphone and press-to-talk switch or telephone handset, mic/handset hanger, mounting bracket and loud speaker.

- (d) The radio shall have a dual watch mode selection switch, incorporating Channel 16 with any other selected channel.
- (e) The following functions shall be available on the front panel of the radio:
  - (i) Power ON/OFF;
  - (ii) Transmit indicator, volume and squelch controls;
  - (iii) Socket for plug for microphone and external speaker;
  - (iv) Quick selector for Channel 16;
  - (v) Channel selector and indicator;
  - (vi) Independent dual watch mode selection switch; and
  - (vii) Transmission power selector for HIGH and LOW Power (25 W / 1 W).
- (f) The operating temperature range of the radio shall be -5°C to +55°C or better. The water ingress protection for the radio shall be IP X7, or better.
- (g) The radio shall include an exterior antenna, integrated microphone, loudspeaker, control knobs/keys, display screen, and all connectors and accessories to provide the functionality required. The radio shall be equipped with a 220V AC battery charger (for battery charging on shore) and one extra set of spare re-chargeable battery. The Contractor shall provide proper stowing space and facilities for keeping of the portable radio and the spare battery such that the crew can take the portable radio out for use when necessary

#### 9.9.4 Performance Requirements shall be as follows:

(a) Transmitter Characteristics

(i) Spurious and Harmonics: -70dB or better

(ii) RF Output Power: Transmission power selector for: (a) High at twenty-five

(25) watts nominal and (b) Low at one (1) watt

(iii) nominal.

(b) Receiver Characteristics

(i) Sensitivity: Less than -119dBm for 20 dB SINAD or equivalent

(ii) Adjacent Channel Selectivity: 65dB or better(iii) Spurious Image Rejection: 65dB or better(iv) Intermodulation: 65dB or better

(v) Audio Output: Not less than 1 watt at rated output with less than 10%

distortion.

- (c) Aerial and Feeder
  - (i) The aerial provided shall be a marine type aerial with at least 3 dBi gain, vertically polarised, omni-directional and suitable for mounting on the launch.
  - (ii) The V.S.W.R. of the aerial installed shall be less than 1.5: 1.
  - (iii) The aerial feeder shall be RG58U type or equivalent.
  - (iv) Coaxial cable lightning suppresser with appropriate earthing connection shall be provided for protecting the radio equipment. All outdoor connector joints shall be properly covered by waterproof tape or material.

### 9.10 Marine Band Hand-held Waterproof Radio Transceiver

### 9.10.1 General Requirements

- (a) The Contractor shall provide one (1) GMDSS VHF waterproof Marine Band handheld transceiver.
- (b) Each VHF marine band handheld transceiver shall be of proprietary make and completed with two sets of rechargeable lithium batteries, batteries charger, helical antenna with V.S.W.R. not exceeding 1.5:1 and carrying case (with shoulder strap or belt clip). The batteries shall be of a lifetime of at least 5 years.
- (c) The operation period of each fully charged battery shall not be less than eight (8) hours per charge (10% transmit, 10% receive, 80% stand-by). The charger shall be designed for 220V AC input power supply and equipped with a BS 1363 type 13A power plug.

- (d) The portable transceiver shall, as a minimum, be capable of transmitting and receiving on all 55 International Maritime VHF channels, together with the private maritime VHF single frequency channels 96 (157.925MHz) and/or 99 (157.975MHz).
- (e) The handheld transceiver shall be of robust, waterproof, light weight design and made with shock proof material suitable for hand held radio communications both on the Vessel and ashore.
- (f) The transceiver shall be fully solid state and of software programmable carrier frequency type. Addon crystal for carrier frequency will not be acceptable.
- (g) The unit shall be a type approved model accepted by OFCA for maritime frequency band application.

#### 9.10.2 Performance Requirements

- (a) The transceiver shall, as a minimum, incorporate the following controls/switches/functions:
  - (i) Power on/off button;
  - (ii) Volume control;
  - (iii) High/low transmitting power switch;
  - (iv) Press to talk switch;
  - (v) Built-in microphone and loudspeaker;
  - (vi) Channel selector operating channel display; and
  - (vii) Sockets for external microphone, press to talk and loudspeaker
- (b) The transceiver shall comply with the following:
  - (i) Operating frequency range: International Maritime VHF Band
  - (ii) No. of Operating Channels: 99 (programmable)
  - (iii) Channel spacing: 25kHz
  - (iv) Frequency stability: ± 8ppm between 0 and 50 °C
  - (v) Housing IP Category: IP 57

# 9.11 Secure Automatic Identification System transponder (Include the receiver and transmitter modules)

#### 9.11.1 General Requirements

- (a) The equipment shall receive information from AIS-equipped vessels.
- (b) The equipment shall be a Class A universal AIS complying with IMO MSC.74 (69) Annex 3, IEC 61993-2, ITU-R M.1371-3, ITU-R M.493-13, ITU-R M.825 (DSC), IEC60945, IEC 61162-1/2.
- (c) The secure AIS transponder (receiver module) shall be capable of receiving AIS information from AIS equipped vessels that includes: dynamic data (vessel position, coordinated universal time (UTC), course over ground (COG), speed over ground (SOG), rate of turn (ROT), heading), static data (maritime mobile service identity (MMSI), vessel name, type of ship, call sign, length and beam, heading, destination, latitude and longitude, location of position-fixing antenna on the ship), short safety-related messages and other navigational data.
- (d) The Secure AIS transponder (receiver module) supplied shall be equipped with interface connecting to display including the display of the radar system. The AIS shall allow the radar and ECDIS to display AIS information given by the AIS receiver.
- (e) The AIS signal must feed in to the Serial port, USB port, Bluetooth of EDCIS and provide 12 hours history record to EDCIS.
- (f) The AIS supplied shall be compatible with all systems using NMEA 2000 standard and be capable of interfacing with the navigation radar, ECDIS, compass, and DGPS.
- (g) The AIS shall be capable of operating in at least four (4) modes, including but not limited to:
  - (i) Normal mode function as a normal SOLAS Class A AIS broadcasting and receiving without encryption;
  - (ii) Secure mode only encrypted AIS data will be broadcasted, both encrypted and non-encrypted AIS messages will be received;
  - (iii) Passive mode no AIS will be broadcasted, both encrypted and nonencrypted AIS messages will be received; and
  - (iv) Pseudo mode receives both encrypted and non-encrypted AIS messages, broadcasts correct encrypted AIS data and virtual unencrypted AIS data for AIS spoofing.

- (h) It shall be possible to edit AIS message information relating to navigation and ship information.
- (i) The AIS shall be easy to identify other ship's status by providing electronic chart data.
- (j) The AIS shall have a self-restoring function to enhance stability.
- (k) The AIS shall have a user-friendly one touch keypad (or equivalent).
- (l) Each set of AIS shall include:
  - (i) A display with minimum dimensions of 250mm x 130mm;
  - (ii) An AIS transponder unit;
  - (iii) A VHF antenna;
  - (iv) A GPS antenna; and
  - (v) Installation/operation handbook.
- 9.11.2 The AIS shall be capable of the following performance requirements:
  - (a) General Requirements
    - (i) Power Supply: 24V DC
    - (ii) Default Frequencies:

AIS1 (CH 87B) : 161.975MHz AIS2 (CH 88B) : 162.025MHz DSC (CH70) : 156.525MHz

- (iii) Frequency Range: 155-163MHz
- (iv) Transponder Size/Weight (+2%): 237mm W x 79mm H x 170mm D, 1.7kg
- (b) AIS Transmitter
  - (i) Power Output: 12.5W or 1.0W ( $\delta 1.5dB$ )
- (c) Performance Requirement
  - (i) The secure AIS transponder shall be able to access to the general VHF data link on standard AIS format, but protected from public access with built-in cryto functions. No external encryption software is required, though supported if needed. The secure AIS transponder shall offer STANAG 4668 Ed.2 Annex C and Annex D type of encryption that shall offer interoperational with other systems when needed as well as encrypted AIS solution where a third AIS channel is not available.
  - (ii) The secure AIS transponder shall be able to operate in "Normal" AIS mode in which the transponder shall perform all the functions of a Class A AIS transponder. Encrypted AIS is not used.
  - (iii) The secure AIS transponder shall be able to operate in "Silent" mode in which the transponder shall not broadcast anything over VHF and shall receive standard AIS messages and encrypted AIS messages.
  - (iv) The secure AIS transponder shall be able to operate in "Tactical" mode in which the transponder shall only transmit encrypted data, including encrypted position reports continuously; receive and process standard AIS messages on AIS1 and AIS2 channels as well as encrypted messages.
  - (v) The secure AIS transponder shall be able to operate in "Hybrid" mode in which the encrypted data link is active and the unit receives both open and encrypted AIS messages. The unit may transmit both open and encrypted AIS data. It is possible for the unit to transmit virtual AIS data for AIS spoofing, while maintaining correct data on the encrypted data link.
  - (vi) The installation of the secure AIS transponder shall be done in such a way that cables cannot be tampered with and are protected.

## 9.12 CCTV System

- 9.12.1 The Contractor shall supply and install a CCTV System to provide a 360 view of the exterior of the vessel to assist with navigation and in particular berthing of the vessel as well as the rear and front deck for view of operations being carried out at those locations. Interior views to include the Unmanned Machine Spaces.
  - (a) The locations of the CCTV cameras shall be determined with the GNC either in the kick-off meeting after the Contract is awarded or during the design phase of the Vessel.

- (b) Unless otherwise specified, all CCTV cameras shall comply with the following technical requirements:
  - (i) All cameras shall be IP based, high definition camera (1920 x 1080p), water-proof, vandalresistant type, Infrared Cut Filter (ICR) day and night dome pan-tilt-zoom cameras. They shall be marine type and shall be suitable for operation in a rough sea environment. Ingress protection: Outside door must IP56 or better, inside of up-deck may be IP20 or higher IP value, and underdeck may be IP44 or better.
  - (ii) All cameras shall have an image stabilization function to accommodate the rough sea conditions.
  - (iii) All cameras shall be capable of covering diagonal view by wide angle lens or standard lens according to the actual condition.
  - (iv) CCTV images shall be displayed relevant multi-function display on the Wheelhouse Control Station. Exterior CCTV views of the port / starboard / aft shall be permanently displayed on the overhead monitors. Interior CCTV images of the UMS shall be displayed at the Engineering Officer's Console.
  - (v) An Uninterruptible Power System ("UPS") shall be designed, supplied and installed to sustain the operation of the CCTV system for a minimum of sixty (60) minutes.
  - (vi) The CCTV system shall be equipped with a control panel or virtual control panel, installed in the Wheelhouse to allow the operator to control pan-tilt-zoom of the selected camera. These requirements will be discussed further during the design phase.
  - (vii) All cameras shall be powered by Power over Ethernet (PoE) as part of the CCTV system.
- 9.12.2 CCTV is for view of the exterior and internal of the vessel (display for real time monitoring). The CCTV system shall consist of no less than eight (8) channels covering including but not limited to the following areas:
  - (i) one (1) camera on the port side, view the port side passage area;
  - (ii) one (1) camera on the starboard side, view the starboard side passage area;
  - (iii) one (1) camera facing aft for navigation purposes;
  - (iv) one (1) camera facing aft to view operations;
  - (v) One (1) camera facing forward for navigation purposes, just for record not need on monitor;
  - (vi) one (1) camera facing forward to view operations on the bow;
  - (vii) one (1) camera at wheelhouse aft for viewing operation at the upper deck; and
  - (viii) At least two (2) cameras in the engine room.
- 9.12.3 Camera shall be a pan-tilt-zoom camera with a wide field of view of at least 120° and with Infra-Red (IR) Light Emitted Diodes (LEDs) enabling operation in poorly illuminated areas or conditions. The camera shall be installed in the location that that covers the area in front of the Vessel.
- 9.12.4 The control and monitoring of the CCTV system shall be from the wheelhouse.

#### 9.13 Wind Speed and Direction System

The Contractor shall provide a Wind Speed and Direction System. The wind sensor shall be fixed type. The Contractor shall confirm the installation location with the user.

9.13.1 System Parameters

The Contractor shall supply and install one (1) wind sensor and a wind data display indicator that converts wind speed and direction into serial digital data and display to the indicator in both digital and analogue format for wind direction. The sensor and indicator shall comply with the following technical requirements:

Input voltage: 24V DC

Wind Speed:

Range: 0-120 knots

Accuracy: +/- 2%

Resolution: 0.01 knots

Wind Direction:

Range:  $0^{\circ}$ –359°

Accuracy: +/- 3°

Resolution: 0.1°

Interface: RS-422/NMEA0183

Windspeed selection: Knots, Metres/Sec and

Kilometres/Hour

Size of indicator: Approximate140mm

x 140mm

Operating Temperature:  $0 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

## 9.14 Electric horn conforming to International Maritime Organisation requirement

- 9.14.1 The Contractor hall supply and install one (1) set of maritime type electric horn fitted on the radar mast, one
  - (1) set of horn controller shall be fitted on navigation watching console capable of operating horns, and one
  - (1) set of horn push button shall be fitted on appropriate location.
- 9.14.2 The electric horn shall be marine grade and weatherproofed to IP56.
- 9.14.3 The equipment shall be fed from the AC 220V and DC 24V emergency supply system and sound pressure level at least 100dB at 10m.

## 9.15 Night Vision

- 9.15.1 A night vision system to be provided, should consist of high-definition low light camera and thermal imaging cores, gyro stabilized. [D]
- 9.15.2 Performance requirements shall be as follows:

Video Refresh Rate: 9 Hz

Field of View: 24 ° x 18 ° Focal Length: 18mm

Zoom 30 x optical zoom E-Zoom: 4x Continuous

Gyro Stabilized: Yes

Pan/Tilt Adjustment Range: 360° Continuous Pan, +/- 90° Tilt

Analog Video Output: NTSC

Network Video Output: Dual H.264 IP Network Video Stream

Power Requirements: 12 to 24VDC

Sand/Dust Ingress: Mil-Std-810E or IP6X

Water Ingress: IPX6 (heavy seas, power jets of water)

Operating temperature range: -25 to + 55 degrees

Shock: 15g vertical, 9g horizontal

Vibration: IEC60945
Salt Mist: IEC60945
Wind: 100 knots

## 9.16 Installation Requirements

#### 9.16.1 General

- (a) The control panel of all equipment shall be installed and flush-mounted in the coxswain operation area unless otherwise specified. The mounting screw shall be detachable from the front of the equipment and the equipment shall be taken out at the front for further checking or replacement. The Contractor shall submit a layout plan showing the exact locations of the Equipment before installation.
- (b) Equipment supplied shall be completed with all standard and/or maker recommended accessories as required for normal operation.
- (c) The equipment supplied shall be completed with all the auxiliary items required for normal operation including connectors, circuit breakers, power sockets, interface device, plugs and cables with conduits. Additional power conditioners, filtering devices, power stabiliser or regulator shall be provided and installed at no extra cost if required.
- (d) RF connectors of suitable impedance shall be provided and used for connections of the RF cables, antennae and radio equipment. Connectors between the feeder cables and antennae shall be protected by weatherproof material to avoid water seepage.
- (e) All wiring shall be finished in a neat and appropriate manner approved by the Government.
- (f) Adequate measures to prevent interference amongst the equipment shall be taken, which include but not limited to the following:
  - (i) Separate screened conduits or trunkings shall be provided.
  - (ii) Rules, regulations and recommended practices regarding screening of electric wiring must be observed.
  - (iii) Receiving apparatus and other electronic equipment which may be affected by radio frequency induced voltages must be effectively earthed, screened and protected against such voltages.
  - (iv) Lightning protection devices shall be fitted.
- (g) All siting installation and cabling work shall be undertaken to the highest standard to ensure:
  - (i) satisfactory performance of the Equipment,
  - (ii) protection from mechanical and water damages,
  - (iii) ease of accessibility for maintenance and repair, and
  - (iv) manufacturers' recommendations shall be strictly observed.
- (h) The power, signal and control cables connecting to the flush-mounted equipment shall be long enough to let the equipment wholly rest on a secure surface with valid cable connections for fault finding and equipment testing. These extended cables shall be properly managed and resided inside the console.
- (i) EMC (electromagnetic compatibility) shall be achieved through careful design and layout of the equipment and installations and the proper application of EMC measures, including but not limited to shielding. Any mutual interference between equipment / cabling shall be within an acceptable level and shall not affect the intended operation and functionalities of the equipment.
- (i) Installation location
  - (i) Installation location of the equipment shall be easily accessible for inspection and maintenance. Exact location shall be subject to the approval of the Government.
  - (ii) Installation location of the equipment shall not cause interference with other Equipment including any emitted interference.
- (k) Material and Workmanship
  - (i) Material and Equipment shall be of high quality, and shall comply with, where applicable, the appropriate British Standards and Code of Practice, together with any amendments made thereto, suitable for installation in the Vessel.
  - (ii) All the designs shall be subject to the approval of the Government and the respective works shall be carried out in a first class workman-like manner.
  - (iii) The Government reserves the right to reject any part of the installation not compliant with the Offered Specifications including this Part VII. The Contractor shall carry out the necessary remedial work or replacement at its own cost and expense and without delay.
  - (iv) The Contractor shall provide all installation materials including but not limited to cables, casing and mounting accessories which are durable and fire retarding. Where it is impracticable for signal cables for data to be run inside conduits, PVC insulated and sheathed with armoured cable shall be used.

- (1) Equipment Fixing and Interconnection
  - (i) All switches, connectors, jacks and receptacles shall be clearly, logically and permanently marked during installation. All wires and cables shall be identified at every termination and connection point with permanent type markers suitable for installation in the Vessel.
  - (ii) Interconnection of various items of Equipment shall be mechanically and electrically connected by multi-pin connectors or terminals.
  - (iii) All cables shall be joined by properly designed connectors or inside joint boxes. Where terminal blocks are used for connection cables, the tip of each conductor shall be crimped with a suitable terminal pin before it is inserted into the terminal block.
  - (iv) The Contractor shall be responsible for providing and installing properly rated power cables from the power points to its own equipment.

#### (m) Electricity

- (i) Except for A.C. operated equipment that is deployed with the approval of GNC, the power supply of the ENE shall be compatible with the Vessel's DC electrical system.
- (ii) The equipment shall be protected by appropriately rated fuses. The fuses shall be contained in independent fuse holders which are easily accessible.

#### (n) Cable

- (i) All exposed cables and wiring shall be sheathed or protected by metal conduits.
- (ii) Watertight cable glands shall be provided by way of watertight bulkhead or deck penetration.
- (iii) Signal wiring shall be separated from power supply cables and housed in separate screened conduits or cable trunks.
- (iv) Cables and wirings shall run behind the compartment lining. Where electric cables are necessary to be fitted on the decorative surface of bulkheads, they shall be enclosed in proper metal conduits.

#### (o) Labelling and Marking

- (i) Each cable shall be clearly labelled and carry its own unique identification code.
- (ii) Polarity of power cables shall be labelled.

#### 9.17 Acceptance Test

- 9.17.1 The acceptance tests for each unit of each item of ENE shall comprise the following:
  - (a) A bench acceptance test which includes functional tests and detailed measurements of the performance of each unit of each item of ENE Equipment to verify that each unit of each item of ENE Equipment complies with all Offered Specifications including the specifications as set out in this Chapter shall be performed by the manufacturer of the ENE and recorded in a test report to be certified by the manufacturer.
  - (b) On-site commissioning test shall be carried out by the Contractor in the presence of the EMSD representatives after completion of the installation of each unit of each item of ENE Equipment. The overall installation standard and operational features of each unit of each item of ENE Equipment shall be evaluated. The test shall be carried out at the same time as the Official Sea Trial.
- 9.17.2 The Contractor shall submit a test plan for the on-site commissioning tests of the ENE at least one month prior to the on-site commissioning test date to the Government for approval. The bench acceptance test reports certified by the manufacturers for all ENE shall be provided to GNC and EMDS at the same time as the test plan for the on-site commissioning tests if not already provided.
- 9.17.3 The Contractor shall provide all the necessary test equipment and tools for carrying out all tests as mentioned in this Chapter 9 at no extra cost to Government.
- 9.17.4 At least one month before the end of the Warranty Period, the Contractor shall arrange and perform confirmation test in the presence of the representatives from EMSD. Should any defects be found during the confirmation test, the Contractor shall fix the defects as soon as possible and in any event no later than the time prescribed by the EMSD representatives. Without prejudice to other rights and claims of the Government (including the continued retention of the Retention Money in the amount as specified in Schedule 3 of Part V), the Warranty Period shall be extended correspondingly for so long as the defects are not fixed by the Contractor.
- 9.17.5 For defects found during the confirmation test, the Equipment or its parts shall be repaired or replaced, and the Warranty Period of the Equipment shall be extended for one more year.

#### 9.18 Documentation for the Proposed Electronic Navigational Equipment

- 9.18.1 The Contractor shall supply the following documentation:
  - (a) Technical and proposed equipment information including integrated system equipment schematic diagram of all this general electronic equipment and sufficiently detailed to enable a technical appraisal of the Electronic Navigation Equipment required in this Chapter to be made.
  - (b) Lists of equipment as required in this Chapter.
- 9.18.2 The Contractor shall upon delivery of the Vessel as part of the Delivery Acceptance, supply three sets of Operation Manuals, Service Manuals and integrated system/equipment schematic diagram in English or Chinese (at least two sets of which shall be original), giving full details on:
  - (a) Operations and working principals;
  - (b) Equipment functional description;
  - (c) Equipment specifications;
  - (d) Schematic block diagrams and circuit diagrams with sufficient information and details for Equipment maintenance and repairing;
  - (e) Calibration procedures;
  - (f) Equipment (adjustment/mounting procedure) and parameter settings;
  - (g) Part list with part numbers and locations (the adjustment/calibration tools/kit/program shall also be included);
  - (h) Maintenance and troubleshooting instructions;
  - (i) Equipment interfacing with wiring diagram with clear signal labelling;
  - (i) Software operation manual for equipment driven by application software;
  - (k) As fitted conduit/trunking route diagrams for the electronic equipment installed on board for the purpose of future maintenance; and
  - (l) The design conduit/trunking route diagrams submitted to GNC and EMSD for approval during construction stage.
- 9.18.3 In addition, the Contractor shall submit a list to show the unit price and the installation cost for each proposed Equipment and the accessories and recommended maintenance spares for the first year following the Warranty Period. The name of the manufacturer and model/type shall also be included in the above list for MD and EMSD's consideration/evaluation.

## **Chapter 10** Services Support

#### 10.1 General Requirement

- 10.1.1 In determining the appropriate design for the Vessel, all of the following factors shall equally be taken into account without one outweighing another:
  - (i) Vessel performance (e.g. engine rating, size, etc.);
  - (ii) Initial cost;
  - (iii) On-going cost (e.g. maintenance cost, petrol consumption, spare parts, etc.);
  - (iv) Reliability (frequency and time to repair breakdown);
  - (v) Time between maintenance periods;
  - (vi) Time to undertake scheduled maintenance (downtime);
  - (vii) All machineries and equipment installed in the Vessel shall be serviceable in the HKSAR.
- 10.1.2 Allowable Vessel downtime (including scheduled preventive maintenance and unscheduled repair and maintenance) shall not exceed 10% of the total hours of operation per month based on the operation profile as specified in Paragraph 2.8.2 of this Part VII.
- 10.1.3 Maintainability the Vessel shall be easy to maintain by ensuring that there shall be:
  - (a) Good access to all installed items for monitoring, service and overhaul.
  - (b) Ease access to in-situ service and maintenance in the HKSAR.

#### 10.2 Information to be Provided Prior to and at Delivery Acceptance

- 10.2.1 Information shall be provided prior to Delivery Acceptance:
  - (a) Detailed inventory list for the whole Vessel to be submitted to the Government for approval.
  - (b) The Inventory List shall cover all discrete items down to major component/unit level.
  - (c) Full details of each item includes:
    - (i) Item number;
    - (ii) Description;
    - (iii) Type/model;
    - (iv) Quantity;
    - (v) Manufacturer;
    - (vi) Manufacturer's reference number;
    - (vii) Location in Vessel;
    - (viii) Local agent/supplier address, telephone and fax numbers;
    - (ix) Order time;
    - (x) Self-life;
    - (xi) Unit cost.
  - (d) FOUR paper copies and ONE soft copy of the Inventory List shall be provided to GNC.
- 10.2.2 "As Fitted" Plans and Drawings including those as listed in (but not limited to) Annex 7 of this Part VII, and any other relevant information as required by GNC and including those specified below shall be supplied either before or upon Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel.
  - (a) Not less than four (4) weeks before the Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel, the Contractor shall provide a list of all "As Fitted" Plans and Drawings to GNC for acceptance. FOUR (4) hard copies of final version of the "As Fitted" Plans and Drawings and ONE (1) soft copy in Compact Disk ("CD-ROM") shall be provided by the contractor to GNC upon delivery of the Vessel to the Government Dockyard.
  - (b) At Delivery Acceptance, the Contractor shall provide to GNC all the necessary service and repair manuals, operational guides, spare parts information of all engines, machinery equipment, electrical equipment, steering, windlass, electronics and navigational lights and lightings and the outfitting items of the Vessel.

- 10.2.3 In addition to the above mentioned items, upon Delivery Acceptance, the Contractor shall also supply the following:
  - (a) FOUR (4) copies of ship equipment list for all bought-in machineries and electrical equipment. The list shall include:
    - (i) Description;
    - (ii) Type/model;
    - (iii) Makers part number or equivalent;
    - (iv) Location;
    - (v) Quantity;
    - (vi) Supplier or agent's name and contact address;
    - (vii) Order time;
    - (viii) Shelf life; and
    - (ix) Unit cost.
  - (b) FOUR (4) copies (at least one original) of maker operation, maintenance and workshop manuals for all machineries / equipment in English.
  - (c) FOUR (4) paper copies and ONE (1) soft copy in CD-ROM as per the Vessel delivered of "Docking Plan" which shall include the profile, plan and sections shall be prepared by the Contractor.
  - (d) FOUR (4) copies of On Board Operator's Manual (English and Chinese) covering:
    - (i) Daily user check and operation procedure;
    - (ii) Operating detail of each system; and
    - (iii) Emergency operation procedure.
      - (The precise format and detail required shall be subject to the GNC's approval when the configuration of the Vessel and outfitting is decided.)
  - (e) The first draft of the On Board Operator's Manual (in both English and Chinese) shall be submitted to GNC for approval one (1) month before documentation acceptance.
  - (f) The documentation for all Equipment, spare parts and stores, special tools and test equipment shall be provided at the Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel.
- 10.2.4 Spare Parts and Consumable Parts for the Main Engines:
  - (a) All items of Spare Parts and Consumable Parts for the main engines shall be delivered to the Government Dockyard as per the requirements stipulated in Schedule 2, Delivery Schedule of Part V.
  - (b) All items supplied shall be identical in make, quantity and size to the parts currently in use. All items shall be properly documented, preserved and packed.
- 10.2.5 Tools & Test Equipment for Electronics
  - (a) All test and tool equipment for the electronics equipment of the Vessel shall be directly to EMSD.
  - (b) All items shall be properly documented, preserved and packed.
- 10.2.6 Photographs

The contractor shall provide the following upon Delivery Acceptance:

- (a) As-Fitted Photographs
  - (i) Two (2) sets of colour prints (130 mm x 90 mm) from different aspects to give an overall picture of the various parts/areas of the Vessel shall be provided upon Delivery Acceptance.
  - (ii) Each print shall be enclosed in a suitable album and labelled showing the position of the content.
- (b) Official Photographs
  - (i) Four (4) framed colour photographs of picture size not less than 350 mm x 270 mm and frame size not less than 510 mm x 400 mm showing the profile of the Vessel in Hong Kong Waters shall be provided upon Delivery Acceptance.
  - (ii) Four (4) 200 mm x 150 mm colour photographs with specifications of vessel particulars showing the profile of the Vessel in HKSAR Waters shall be provided upon Delivery Acceptance.

- (iii) Four (4) 150 mm x 100 mm colour photographs showing the profile of the Vessel in Hong Kong Waters shall be provided upon Delivery Acceptance.
- (c) Soft-copy of Photographs

All photographs as required in the Paragraphs (a) and (b) above shall be taken by way of digital camera in JPEG format at a resolution of not less than 5.0 Mega pixel. The photographs shall be stored in Compact Disk (CD-ROM) and forwarded to GNC at the time of Delivery Acceptance.

#### 10.2.7 Certificates and Reports

Copies of the following documents (one (1) original with two (2) copies and one (1) soft-copy stored in CD-ROM), filed in clear folders, shall be forwarded to GNC at the time of Delivery Acceptance:

- (a) Associated test certificates;
- (b) Test performance certificates of equipment (e.g. electronics, switchboards, etc.);
- (c) Main engines performance test certificates issued by the engine manufacturer;
- (d) Complete record of the trial commissioning tests of the Technical Acceptance;
- (e) Original copy of the warranty certificates of all machineries, equipment and apparatus of the Vessel (valid for twelve (12) months from the date of Acceptance Certificate of the Vessel);
- (f) Certificates of light and sound signalling equipment;
- (g) Builder certificates;
- (h) Certificates of building material;
- (i) Deviation card for compass (after adjustment in the HKSAR);
- (j) Undertaking duly signed and sealed by the Contractor's (or its sub-contractor's) shippard for providing Warranty Services in relation to all aspects of the Vessel during the Warranty Period in the HKSAR as stipulated in Annex 1 of this Part VII;
- (k) Certificate of Class with such class notations as specified in Schedule 9 of Part V to be issued by the RO;
- (l) Any other certificates as appropriate.

#### 10.2.8 Ship Model

- (a) The Contractor shall provide totally three (3) ship models (scale 1:40) for the three launches for display and training purpose.
- The purpose of the ship model is to provide a reasonable realistic appreciation to the viewer (who cannot see the actual vessel) about the shape, scale, construction of the Vessel and the machinery installations and fittings therein. Hence the model shall include the position and look of the major external fittings including but not limited to the skeg, appendages, water-jet, shafts, propeller (propulsion units), rudders, mast, mast fittings and navigation lights and any other external above and under water items; and the Vessel shall be made to an overall exact scale standard relevant to model making. The price for such model shall be INCLUDED in the Total Purchase Price of the Vessel in the Tender Documents.

## **Chapter 11** Training

## 11.1 Training on Electronics Navigational Equipment

#### 11.1.1 General Requirements

- (a) All training courses shall be held in Hong Kong.
- (b) The Contractor shall provide appropriate classroom as well as on board training to the operational and technical staff to familiarise officers with the operation and maintenance of the ENE being supplied and installed. The trainer shall be able to communicate with the local trainees effectively, better to use Cantonese if possible, but not must.
- (c) It is anticipated that two distinct types of training shall be required, namely:
  - (i) Operator Training
  - (ii) Equipment Maintenance Training
- (d) The Contractor shall submit a detailed course syllabus and a schedule for conducting the training course after installation of ENE onboard. The training proposal shall include details of the depth and duration of the training course, qualifications of the instructor and the qualification requirements of the trainees.
- (e) Each trainee shall receive one copy of comprehensive training documents before the start of each course.
- (f) Training manual in Chinese and English shall be provided and submitted to MD and EMSD for approval at least one (1) month prior to commencement of the aforementioned two types of training respectively.

#### 11.1.2 Operator Training Course

- (a) This course shall provide training for trainers.
- (b) The course shall provide a full knowledge and appreciation of the day-to-day operation of all ENE. This shall include hands-on demonstrations and operation of all ENE including the necessary routine cleansing requirement.
- (c) The course shall be held immediately before the commissioning of the ENE on the Vessel.
- (d) A total of up to 22 trainees will attend the course. The training course shall accommodate the specified number of trainees.

#### 11.1.3 Equipment Maintenance Training Course

- (a) The equipment maintenance training course shall enable the maintenance staff to:
  - acquire full knowledge and appreciation of all aspects of the design considerations, day-to-day
    operation, inter-connected system operation, fault breakdown, routine maintenance and fault
    finding/repairing procedures of the ENE being offered; and
  - (ii) effectively maintain the ENE. This shall include practical demonstrations and tests.
- (b) The maintenance training shall include, but not limited to the following items:
  - (i) Introduction of the ENE locations;
  - (ii) ENE operational, working principle and functional descriptions;
  - (iii) ENE block and schematic functional descriptions;
  - (iv) ENE adjustment/calibration procedure and parameter settings;
  - (v) ENE construction and mounting;
  - (vi) ENE interfacing and signal interfacing;
  - (vii) Preventive maintenance and trouble-shooting.
- (c) The course shall enable technical staff to effectively maintain the ENE.
- (d) The course shall be held immediately after the commissioning of the ENE on the Vessel.
- (e) A total of up to 15 trainees will attend the course. The training course shall accommodate the specified number of trainees.

## 11.2 Training on Operation and Maintenance of the Vessel

- 11.2.1 In addition to the training to be provided for the ENE, the Contractor shall provide training in relation to the operation of the Vessel for the operational staff of the user department, training in relation to maintenance of engine and equipment on board for the technical staff of the user department and for the Maintenance and Support Section of Government Dockyard.
- 11.2.2 In order to ensure the navigational work-up team of the MD acquires full knowledge and appreciation of all aspects of the manoeuvrability, vessel handling, turning characteristics, engines, etc., the Contractor shall provide an appropriate training course for 25 officers of the MD in Hong Kong upon the Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel. An operation training programme shall be proposed for consideration by GNC which shall include details of depth and duration of the training course. The training instructors must possess suitable qualifications acceptable to MD. A certificate shall also be issued to the trainees by the training instructor or his organisation upon completion of the training course for proof of competence and satisfactory completion of the course.
- 11.2.3 In order to ensure the engineering work-up team and the front-line maintenance teams of the MD and the maintenance personnel of the Government Dockyard acquire full knowledge and appreciation of all aspects of the designs, day to day operation, breakdown, routine maintenance and fault diagnosis of the engine/electrical distribution system, hull structural repair, etc., the Contractor shall therefore provide appropriate train-the-trainer courses for a total of 25 engine operators and 10 maintenance personnel from the Government Dockyard in the HKSAR or overseas at the delivery of the Vessel. A certificate shall also be issued to the trainees by the training instructor or his organisation upon completion of the training course for proof of competence and satisfactory completion of the course.
- 11.2.4 All facilities, venue, and materials necessary for the above-mentioned training courses shall be provided by the Contractor unless otherwise specified. The training shall also be conducted in Chinese and/or English with relevant training materials to be supplied by the Contractor. The training materials shall be provided before the training, in both paper and CD-ROM format. The training video and manuals for major operations shall be provided onboard.

## **Chapter 12** Abbreviations

ABS American Bureau of Shipping

AC Alternating Current

AFFF Aqueous Film-Forming Foam
AIS Automatic Identification System

AML Additional Military Layers

ARCS Admiralty Raster Chart Service
ARPA Automatic Radar Plotting Aid

ASCII American Standard Code for Information Interchange

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

ASWF American Standard Window Film

AUX Auxiliary AV Audio Video

AVLS Automated Vehicle Location System

AWS American Welding Society

BER Bit Error Rate

BNC Bayonet Neill-Concelman

BS British Standards

BSB data encoded in the BSB format

BWA Biological Warfare Agent

CBRN Chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear

CCD Charge-coupled device
CCTV Close Circuit Television

CD Compact Disc

CDI Course Deviation Indicator cd/ m<sup>2</sup> candela per square metre

CD-ROM Compact Disc Read-Only Memory

CFC Chlorofluorocarbon

CH Channel cm centimetre

CMR Compact Measurement Record

COG Course Over Ground

CPA Closest Point of Approach
CPU Central Processing Unit

CRT Cathode ray tube

c/w come with

CWA Chemical Warfare Agent

dB Decibel

dBi decibel isotropic

dBm Decibel-milliwatts
DC Direct Current
DDR Double Data Rate

deg Degree

DGNSS Differential Global Navigation Satellite System

DGPS Differential Global Positioning System

dia. diameter

DNC Digital Nautical Chart
DPDT Double-pole, double-throw
DSC Digital Selective Calling
DTM Digital Terrain Model

DTRS Digital Trunk Radio System

DVD Digital Versatile Disc
 DVI Digital Video Interface
 DVR digital video recorder
 E.C.C. Engine Control Console

ECDIS Electronic Chart Display and Information System

ECS Electronic Chart System

EFFS External Fire-Fighting System

EFCP External Fire-Fighting Control Panel

EGNOS European Geostationary Navigation Overlay Service

ENC Electronic Navigational Charts

ENE Electronic Navigational Equipment

E/R C.C. Engine Room Control Console

FM200 heptafluoropropane
FSK Frequency-shift keying
FTP Fire Test Procedures

FO Fuel oil

FOV Field of View

g Gravity
GB Gigabyte
GeoTIFF Format File
GHz Gigahertz

GLONASS Global Navigation Satellite System

GM Metacentric Height

GMDSS Global Maritime Distress Safety System

GMSK Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying

GMT Greenwich Mean Time
GPS Global Positioning System
GRP Glass-reinforced plastic

GSOF General Serial Output Format

GZ Righting Lever

HazMat Hazardous Material

HEPA High-efficiency particulate arrestance

HCFC Chlorodifluoromethane

HD Hard Disk

HDCP High -bandwidth Digital Content Protection

HDD Hard Disk Drive

HDMI High Definition Multimedia Interface

HPS Harbour Patrol Section

HSC High-speed Craft

HVAC Heating, ventilation and air conditioning

Hz Hertz

IBSS International Bibliography of the Social Sciences

ICLL International Convention on Load Lines
IEC International Electrotechnical Commission

IEEE Institution of Electrical and Electronic Incorporated Engineers

ICR Information Collection Request

IHO International Hydrographic Organization

IMD Intermodulation Distortion
IMM International Maritime Mobile

IMO International Maritime Organisation

INS Inertial Navigation System

IP Ingress Protection

IPX Internetwork Packet Exchange

IR Infrared

IS Intact Stability

IS CODE International Code on Intact Stability

ISO International Organization for Standardization

ITU-R International Telecommunication Union – Radiocommunication Sector

ITC International Tonnage Certificate

K Kilo

 $k\Omega$  Kilo Ohm kg Kilogram kHz Kilohertz km Kilometre

km/h Kilometre per hour

kn Knots kW Kilowatt

L/min litre per minute

LAN Local Area Network

LO Lube oil

LCD Liquid Crystal Display

LCG Longitudinal Centre of Gravity

LED Light-emitting Diode

L/s Litre per second

LSA Lifesaving Appliances

m Metre

m/s Metre per Second

m<sup>3</sup> Cubic Metre
M/E Main engines

MARPA Mini-automatic Radar Plotting Aid

MCR Maximum Continuous Rating

MEI MEI Corporation

MFD Multi-function Display

MHz Megahertz
min minium
Max maximum

m/min Metre per minute

MJ/ m2 Megajoule per Square Metre MKD Minimum Keyboard Display

mm Millimetre

MMC Multi Media Card

MMSI maritime mobile service identity

mph Mile per hour

MS PRO Memory Stick PRO
MS PRO Duo Memory Stick PRO Duo
MSC Maritime Safety Committee
MSK Minimum Shift Keying

mV Milli Voltage

NAVSEA Naval Sea Systems Command

NDT Non-Destructive Test
NIR Non-Ionizing Radiation

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NMEA National Marine Electronics Association

NO<sub>X</sub> Nitrogen Oxides ns Nanosecond

NTRIP Networked Transport of RTCM via Internet Protocol

NUC Not Under Command
OBE On-board electronics

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

OSDS Oil Spill Detection System

P&S Port and Starboard

Pa Pascal

PAL Phase Alternating Line

ppm Part per Million

p.s.i. Pounds per square inch

PTO Power take off

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride

QZSS Quasi-Zenith Satellite System

RAM Random Access Memory

RCA Radio Corporation of America

RGB Red Green Blue RF Radio Frequency

RG58U Type Coaxial Cable

RH Relative Humidity

RO Recognised Organisation

ROT rate of turn

rpm revolutions per minute

RT Radioactive Test

RTCM Radio Technical Commission for Maritime Services

SATA Serial Advanced Technology Attachment
SBAS Satellite-based augmentation systems

SD Secure Digital

sec send

SENC System Electronic Navigation Chart
SINAD Signal-to-noise and Distortion Ratio

SOG speed over ground
SOLAS Safety of Life at Sea
SPL Sound Pressure Level
SSD Solid-state Drive

STANAG NATO Standardization Agreement

SVP Sound Velocity Profiler

TCG Transverse Centre of Gravity

TCPA Time of Closest Point of Approach

TFT Thin-Film Transistor

TIFF Tagged Image File Format

TMR TOPEX/Poseidon Microwave Radiometer
TNC Threaded Neill-Concelman connector

TS Technical Specifications

UHF Ultra High Frequency

UPS Uninterruptible Power System

USB Universal Serial Bus

UTC coordinated universal time

uV nano voltage UV Ultraviolet

VAC Voltage of Alternating Current

VCG Vertical Centre of Gravity
VDC Voltage of Direct Current
VDR Voyage Data Recorder
VGA Video Graphics Array
VHF Very High Frequency

VMAP Vector Map

VRS Virtual Reference Station
V.S.W.R. Voltage Standing Wave Ratio

VTC Vessel Traffic Centre
VTS Vessel Traffic Services

W Watt

WMS Web Map Service

W/H E.C.C. Wheelhouse Engine Control Console

XGA Extended Graphics Array

## Part VII - Annex 1 - Warranty Services and Guarantee Slipping

## 1. Warranty Services

- 1.1 The Contractor shall provide Warranty Services in relation to all aspects of the Vessel during the Warranty Period, including Guarantee Slipping as stipulated in this Annex. Both the Warranty Services and Guarantee Slipping shall be carried out locally in Hong Kong. If the Contractor appoints an authorised agent to perform the Warranty Services, the Contractor shall ensure that the authorised agent appointed will perform the Warranty Services and Guarantee Slipping in full compliance with the requirements of the Contract including those as set out in this Annex 1.
- 1.2 The Government reserves all rights and claims against the Contractor in the event that any warranty claim has not been handled in accordance with the terms of the Contract.
- 1.3 For the Equipment in respect of which the manufacturer/supplier does not offer a one-year free warranty on such equipment, the Contractor shall provide the Warranty Services throughout the Warranty Period at the Contractor's own cost. For other loose equipment and installations, such as life-saving and firefighting equipment, etc., which are required to be serviced, inspected or renewed annually, the Contractor shall provide the servicing, inspection and renewal as per the manufacturer's requirements of that equipment or installation in the Warranty Period applicable to such items.
- During the Warranty Period, when the Vessel is handed over for the Warranty Services and/or 1.4 Guarantee Slipping, the Contractor shall be responsible for the due return of the Vessel in good order. Should there be any loss or damage of the Vessel or any Warranty Item (as defined in Paragraph 1.5 below) caused by any reason whatsoever while the Vessel is in the possession or control of the Contractor (including even when the Vessel is at the Government Dockyard or a maintenance base of the user department) or at the shipyard of the Contractor or an authorised agent appointed by it, the Contractor shall pay for the cost for the loss or damage plus 20% as and for liquidated damages but not as a penalty. Throughout the Warranty Period, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Contract, the Vessel and all Warranty Items are deemed to be at the Contractor's risks, and the Contractor shall insure and keep insured, at his own expense, a property insurance with the Government to be named as the sole payee, for an indemnity amount of not less than the purchase price of the Vessel plus 20% to protect the Government property against all risks. The Certificate of Insurance and evidence showing that the premium has been paid shall be available for inspection in advance. The Contractor shall provide this insurance policy before the commencement of the Warranty Services and/or Guarantee Slipping. Any excess payable under the insurance policy shall be borne by the Contractor.

#### 1.5 Total Vessel Warranty

It is required that the Vessel is covered by free of charge Warranty Services for one year after the date of the issue of the Acceptance Certificate in respect of the Vessel. The Warranty Services shall cover the entire Vessel and all its Equipment (including all major Equipment specified in Schedules 6 and 7 in Part V and electronic navigational equipment), fittings and outfit (including spare parts, and documentation) (collectively, "Warranty Items") against defects of design, construction, workmanship or materials and against any non-compliance with any of the Product Warranties. The Warranty Services may be backed up by the Contractor using individual equipment suppliers/manufacturers' warranties but the Contractor shall remain solely liable to MD as a primary obligor to provide the Warranty Services. Notwithstanding and without prejudice to the Contract on warranty obligations for the total Vessel, any individual equipment supplier/manufacturer's warranty extending beyond the one year total Vessel warranty must be assigned to the Government as appropriate.

In order not to violate the warranty of main propulsion engine(s), gearbox(es), diesel generator(s) and fire pump petrol engine(s) of External Fire-fighting System, the Contractor shall also provide the corresponding periodic maintenance services based on the manufacturer(s)' recommendations within the Warranty Period at no extra cost to the Government.

## 1.6 Procedures for Warranty Claim

Without prejudice to the provisions of the Contract, a detailed procedure for dealing with warranty claims must be proposed by the Contractor and agreed by MD before the issuance of the Acceptance Certificate of the Vessel. This shall be based on the following principles:

- 1.6.1 Any notification of claimed defect shall be sent from MD to the Contractor through a defined route.
- 1.6.2 There shall be a joint inspection to examine the defect and the Contractor shall propose the appropriate and necessary remedial action to the satisfaction of MD.
- 1.6.3 The Contractor shall undertake on-site Warranty Services (including provision of all replacement Warranty Items, spare parts, labour, materials, test equipment, and transportation) wherever, at the option of the Government, the Vessel is berthed in the Government Dockyard or maintenance bases of the user department. Taking the Vessel to the shipyard of the Contractor should be avoided unless absolutely necessary.
- 1.6.4 Rectification of defects must have a minimum effect on the operation of the Vessel by the provision of on loan equipment if the anticipated repair time exceeds the time frame as specified in Paragraph 1.7.1 below.
- 1.7 Throughout the Warranty Period, the Contractor shall be responsible for the provision of free of charge corrective maintenance and rectification of all defects in all and any of the Warranty Items including repair and replacement as necessary. This shall, at no cost to the Government, include Warranty Services to be performed by the Contractor described in the following sub-paragraphs:
  - 1.7.1 To attend to the Vessel for inspection and repair within 24 hours (excluding Hong Kong public holidays) of receiving the report of a fault ("fault report") and to take immediate action to rectify the defect after inspection. Unless otherwise agreed by the Government, all corrective maintenance and rectification must be effected within 48 hours after the fault report is first issued. The MD must be informed of what corrective maintenance and rectification actions have been taken within 72 hours of receiving the relevant fault report.
  - 1.7.2 To provide all necessary transport, replacement Equipment, spare parts, labour and materials, tools and testing instruments required for the corrective maintenance and rectification.
  - 1.7.3 Any replacement item or part to be used shall originate from the manufacturer of the original Warranty Item to be repaired and must be able to be found in the latest spare parts list issued by such manufacturer. Alternative components shall not be used without the prior approval in writing of the MD.

If the Contractor fails to respond to any reported warranty claims within 48 hours, the MD may arrange corrective maintenance and rectification of the defect either on its own or by deploying a third party contractor as deemed appropriate with a view to minimising any downtime incurred. In such case, the Contractor shall compensate the Government for the full cost of such repairs plus 10% as and for liquidated damages but not as a penalty no later than 10 working days after a written demand has been served on the Contractor by MD.

### 1.8 Extension of Warranty

- 1.8.1 The Warranty Period for any Warranty Item shall be suspended whilst and if the Contractor fails to repair and correct satisfactorily the defects in such Warranty Item within seven working days counting from the date when the relevant fault report was first issued.
- 1.8.2 Warranty Items which are electronic equipment sub-assemblies, modules or components and which are replaced during the Warranty Period shall have a new warranty period of one year commencing from the date of replacement.
- 1.8.3 In relation to a Warranty Item, references to Warranty Period shall be construed to include such extended warranty period as mentioned in Paragraph 1.8.1 and/or 1.8.2 above, depending on whichever is applicable.
- 1.8.4 Equipment which is found to be defective during the trials at the Guarantee Slipping as mentioned in Paragraph 2.2.5 below shall have an extension of warranty of one year.

#### 1.9 Recurrent Defects

During the Warranty Period, should a second and similar defect arise in relation to a Warranty Item, this shall be construed as conclusive evidence of the Warranty Item's unsuitability for the purpose intended, and the Contractor shall take immediate steps to conduct a thorough investigation jointly with MD at the Contractor's expense, to ascertain the reasons for any such defect and shall forthwith at the MD's option and the Contractor's expense, procure and deliver another replacement Warranty Item with a new design suitable for the purpose intended to replace the original defective Warranty Item.

- 1.10 In the event that the Contractor proposes to modify any Warranty Item or any part of the Vessel in order to repair or replace the same or another Warranty Item, the Contractor shall obtain the Government's advance written consent to the proposed modification.
- 1.11 Throughout the Warranty Period, the Contractor shall maintain an inventory of spare parts, which shall be the same items as listed in Schedules 6 and 7 in Part V and in the same quantity in the shipyard of the Contractor which the Contractor shall use for performing the Warranty Services. The Government will not provide its own inventory of the Spare Parts to the Contractor for the provision of the Warranty Services.
- 1.12 Updated/Upgraded Information

It is expected that during the Warranty Period certain Warranty Items may be modified or changed. All documentation affected by this change must be updated to reflect the new situation. All the support documentation such as the Vessel inventory list, job information and maintenance scheduling in relation to these modifications and changes shall be provided at the expiry of the Warranty Period.

1.13 Warranty of Electronic Navigational Equipment Please refer to the Chapter 8 of this Part VII.

## 2. Guarantee Slipping

- 2.1 As stated in the section "Warranty" above, Guarantee Slipping shall be carried out at the end of the original Warranty Period regardless of any subsequent extension in relation to any Warranty Item under the terms of the Contract.
- 2.2 At the Guarantee Slipping, the Contractor shall carry out the following work and provide all necessary materials, spare parts, labour and equipment in order to carry out such work:
  - 2.2.1 Pre-guarantee slipping inspection and trial
    - (a) Joint inspection with trial to confirm the list of guarantee slipping items; and
    - (b) Collect vessel performance information beforehand for comparing when guarantee slipping completion

## 2.2.2 Engines and Gearboxes

- (a) Renew the lubricating oil and replace the filters for the main engines and gearboxes and top up the engine coolant as per the manufacturer's recommendations;
- (b) Clean all the engine air filters and change the filter elements;
- (c) Change all fuel/water separators elements and fuel filters for all engines;
- (d) Clean the coolers of the engines and gearboxes and renew all zinc anodes if provided;
- (e) Check all the engines' belts and adjust or renew if necessary;
- (f) Check tappet clearances for the inlet and exhaust valves, ignition timing and idle speed and adjust if necessary;
- (g) Conduct function tests for the engines' protection system and their associated sensors, gauges and other measuring devices;
- (h) Disconnect and remove all engines and gearboxes sea water pipes (suction & discharge) for inspection, and clear off marine growth and obstructive materials in all pipes and fittings;
- (i) Repair all damages and leakages in the metal and fibreglass pipelines; and

(j) Any other work required or recommended by the engine manufacturer.

All of the work listed at Paragraphs 2.2.2(a) to (j) this Part VII shall be carried out by the manufacturer's authorised agent/dealer. All the work procedures and the spare parts used shall comply with the manufacturer's specifications and requirements.

## 2.2.3 Hull and Deck Items (where applicable)

- (a) Paint Under the Water Line
  - (i) Paint under the water line shall be checked by the paint manufacturer's representative for the effectiveness of one year's protection against marine growth;
  - (ii) The hull shall be cleaned and readily for inspection of paint damage;
  - (iii) Damaged paint shall be repaired according to the paint manufacturer's procedures;
  - (iv) After the repair of the damaged paint as specified at Paragraph 2.2.3(a)(iii) this Part VII, two coats of touch up primer and one coat of touch up shall be applied; and
  - (v) One touch up anti-fouling paint of finishing coat shall be applied to the damaged paint as specified at Paragraph 2.2.3(a)(iii) this Part VII.
- (b) Paint Above the Water Line
  - (i) Damaged paint on the hull above the water line and deckhouse shall be repaired properly. After repair, two coats of touch up primer and one coat of touch up (finishing) shall be applied;
  - (ii) Two coats of paint shall be applied on the Vessel's name, draft marks and insignia; and
  - (iii) One full coat of anti-slip paint shall be applied to the open and side deck.
- (c) Inspect and clean and polish propellers.
- (d) Inspect, clean and remove obstructed object on the propeller shaft.
- (e) Water jet tunnel and impeller(s) inspection and cleaning (if applicable).
- (f) Free, clean, grease and recondition all moving parts of the deck fittings, i.e. water tight ("WT") hatches, vent covers, rollers and fairleads and anchor chain stoppers, etc.
- (g) Renew all zinc anodes on hull, rudder(s) and tail shaft(s).
- (h) Life-saving appliances (LSA) and Fire-fighting appliances (FFA) must be serviced and re-certified as required. (Free, clean, grease and recondition all fire control valves, hydrants and bilge suction and control valves)
- (i) Free, clean and repaint the anchor chain and swivel set.

#### 2.2.4 Mechanical, Electrical & Air-conditioning

- (a) Dismantle all overboard valves for inspection and renew the defective parts;
- (b) Check and clean the sea water system (including the grating, sea chest internal, sea suction and strainers) complete with renew their zinc anodes;
- (c) Each of the compartment bilge suction to be checked and free of rubbish;
- (d) Generator megger test and electrical circuit earth leak test; and
- (e) Batteries condition check and switch over test.
- 2.2.5 The following shall be tested at the dock trial / sea trials as part of the Guarantee Slipping:
  - (a) Engine control and steering system including emergency/alternative method;
  - (b) Engine alarm and shut down function (including emergency stopping of engines at wheelhouse);
  - (c) Hybrid System
  - (d) Battery Generator
  - (e) Navigational equipment, lights and sound signals;

- (f) Ahead and astern running and crash stop test;
- (g) Steering trial;
- (h) Speed Measurement;
- (i) Bilge system function (including high level bilge alarm system);
- (j) Fire pump(s) function (including fire detection system, alarms, ventilation fans /fuel pump remote shutdown);
- (k) The Dock Trial and Sea Trial Safety Checklist items, as listed below;

## **Dock Trial Check List**

Gene	ral items will be checked during dock trial
1.	Engines start and stop testing
2.	Engines emergency stop check
3.	Engines speed and clutch unit testing
4.	Engines speed high and low idle speed testing
5.	Engines gauges and alarm check
6.	Propulsion system testing
7.	Anchor windlass testing
8.	Navigation lights testing
9.	Wheelhouse horn and windows screen wipers testing
10.	Fire protection system alarm check
11.	Portable fire extinguishers inspection
12.	Life-saving equipment inspection
13.	Engine room ventilation fans testing
14.	Air compressor and air conditioning system testing
15.	Cabin lights testing
16.	Bilge system in each compartment testing.
17.	Floor plate inspection
18.	Fuel tanks quick closing valves testing
19.	G.S. pumps testing
20.	Bilge pumps testing
21.	A/C cooling water pumps testing
22.	Tailshaft cooling water pumps testing
23.	Fire pumps testing
24.	Fuel oil pumps testing
25.	Sanitary pumps testing
26.	Sewage pumps testing
27.	Fresh water pumps testing
28.	Waste water pumps testing

29.	Steering system power assisted and manual operation testing
30.	Emergency rudder operation check
31.	Rudder indicator check

## Sea Trial Safety Check List

Gene	eral items will be checked during sea trial
1.	Engines start and stop testing
2.	Engines emergency stop check
3.	Engines speed and clutch unit testing
4.	Wheelhouse horn and windows screen wipers testing
5.	Portable fire extinguishers are in place
6.	Life jackets and life buoys are in place
7.	Sea trial navigation flag hoisted
8.	Telecommunication system function check
9.	Approved coxswains are in control
10.	Sufficient fuel oil to perform the full course of sea trial
11.	Water tank is full

- (l) Other trials or testing of equipment as required by the Government Representative; and
- (m) Any item or component found defective shall be repaired or replaced.
- 2.3 After Guarantee Slipping, the Contractor shall submit the above works completion report (including engines trial/testing report completed with engines parameters) to the Government Representative.

	Milestones	Completion Dates
1	Issuance of "Notification of Conditional Acceptance"	To be advised after Tender Evaluation
2	Contract Date (the date of the last party signing the Articles of Agreement)	The date when the last party signs the Articles of Agreement. The Government will not sign the Articles of Agreement until and unless the Contractor fulfils all of the conditions precedent as specified in Clause 25.2 of Part II - Conditions of Tender (save to the extent waived by the Government, if any).
3	Kick-Off Meeting	To be held within two (2) months after the Contract Date at the Government Dockyard or the Contractor's Shipyard
4	Completion of hull and superstructure of the Vessel	
5	Completion of installation of engine propulsion system, propellers and steering system	
6	Completion of design with GNC approval and installation of ENE Systems	The Contractor shall propose the completion dates of Milestones 4-8 for GNC's approval within two (2) months after the Contract Date.
7	Launching of the Vessel	
8	Conduct of all tests, inspections and trials as part of the Technical Acceptance including the Yard Trial	
9	Shipment to Hong Kong	
10	Delivery Date	The Delivery Date for the Vessel shall be no later than the date set out in Schedule 2 (Delivery Schedule) of Part V

## Part VII - Annex 3 - Drawing Submission Timetable

Item No.	Drawings Approval	Completion Date
1	General Arrangement Plan	
2	Lines Plan	
3	Stability Information	
4	Inclining Experiment Report	
5	Midship Section	
6	Stern Construction	
7	Frames and Bulkhead Sections	
8	Construction Profile and Deck Plan	
9	Shell Expansion Plan	
10	Bow Construction & Bow ramp Details	
11	Deckhouse Construction Plan	
12	Fuel Oil tank Construction	
13	Paint Schedule	
14	Tank Capacity Plan	All the
15	Main Engine & Gearbox Mounting Arrangement	drawings
16	Power / Speed Estimation and Curve	shall be submitted
17	Deck Cabin Arrangement & Details	in two months
18	Crew Cabin Arrangement & Details	after Signing of
19	Engine Room Arrangement	Articles of
20	Shafting Arrangement	Agreement for GNC's
21	Propeller Drawing	approval / reference.
22	Steering Arrangement & Rudders & Rudder Stock	
23	Mast Structure	
24	Details of Diesel Generator Arrangement	
25	Details of ENE Equipment System	
26	Control Console Arrangement and Schematic Diagram	
27	Instrumentation and Control System	
28	Calculation of Fuel Oil Capacity	
29	Details of Main Engines /Generators Alarms & Sensors	
30	Engine Room Piping Diagrams including sea water system, bilge system, fresh water system, black water system, HVAC	
31	Engine Room Ventilation and Exhaust & Calculation	
32	Details of the Air-Conditioning System & Calculation	
33	Ship's Ventilation Arrangement & Details	
34	Fire Detection System	

Item No.	Drawings Approval	Completion Date
35	Details of Electrical Equipment	
36	Electrical Load Calculations	
37	Schematic Layout of Electrical Circuits	
38	Lighting Arrangement	
39	Battery Arrangement & Details	
40	Navigation Light Arrangement	
41	Search Lights & Flood Lights Arrangement	
42	Lightning Protection Arrangement	
43	Solar Panel Arrangement	
44	Details of Galvanic Corrosion Prevention	
45	Torsional Vibration Calculation	
46	Fire Fighting Arrangement	
47	Lifesaving Arrangement	
48	Tonnage Measurement Calculation	
49	Freeboard Calculation	
50	Anchoring & Mooring Arrangement	
51	Hatches & Manholes Arrangement & Details	
52	Ship's Railing Arrangement & Details	
53	Wheelhouse Windows & Visibility Diagram	
54	Windows Arrangement & Details	
55	Insulation & Lining Arrangement & Details	
56	Fender Arrangement & Details	
57	Cathodic Protection Arrangement & Details	
58	Ship's Name & other Tally Plates Details	
59	Safety Plan	
60	Others as required	

## Part VII - Annex 4 - Main Items Inspection Timetable

	VESSEL NAME: "IMM 3, IMM 5 & IMM 7"	Inspection date	Outstanding / Reinspection / Remarks
Item	Items to be inspected		
	Hull Structure, Layout and Outfitting Inspection		
H-1	Hull Lofting		
	Construction materials –Steel plate mark checking for hull		
H-2	a) Steel plate mark checking for hull		
	b) Material certification verification		
11.2	Construction materials – aluminium plate mark checking for deckhouse		
H-3	a) Aluminium plate mark checking for deckhouse		
	b) Material certification verification		
H-4	Welding consumables and welders' certificates verification		
H-5	Keel lay inspection		
	Fabrication of hull up to main deck in stages of work including		
	a) Alignment		
	b) Edge preparation		
11.7	c) Welding		
H-6	d) Workmanship		
	e) Compliance with approved plans		
	f) Non-destructive tests NDT (X rays) of welds		
	g) Hull internal work inspection		
	h) Plating thickness gauging		
H-7	Engine girder fabrication and welding		
H-8	Deckhouse scantling and welding check		
H-9	Inspection and weld check of connection between deckhouse and main deck		
	Welding construction and pressure test of tanks		
	Fuel oil tank(s)		
	a) Tank construction (internal/external/fitting)		
	b) Tank pressure test		
	Fresh water tank(s)		
H-10	a) Tank construction (internal/external/fitting)		
- 0	b) Tank pressure test		

	VESSEL NAME: "IMM 3, IMM 5 & IMM 7"	Inspection date	Outstanding / Reinspection / Remarks
Item	Items to be inspected		
	Hull Structure, Layout and Outfitting Inspection		
H-11	Hose test for hull and deckhouse		
H-12	Mock-up inspection for the wheelhouse		
H-13	Deckhouse console mock up		
	Installation of the various outfitting items		
	a) Anchor and chain		
	b) Windlass		
	c) Hand pump		
H-14	d) Hatches		
	e) Doors		
	f) Windows		
	g) Ventilators		
	h) Seating of heavy equipment and mast		
H-15	Function test of various outfitting items		
	Water-tightness or weathertightness of openings		
	a) Manholes		
	b) Hatches		
H-16	c) Doors		
	d) Windows		
	e) Ventilators and Air pipes		
	f) Cable glands		
H-17	Painting inspection of different layers		
II 10	Zinc anodes and lightning protection		
H-18	a) Installation of zinc anodes		
H-19	Vessel dimension verification		
H-20	Draught marks verification		
H-21	Hull completion survey		
H-22	Arrangement of deckhouse, wheelhouse and accommodation		
	Inspection of fire, heat and sound insulation		
	a) Fire Insulation		
	b) Heat Insulation		
	c) Sound Insulation		
	Cabin		
H-23			

	Lifesaving appliances and firefighting appliances		
H-25	a) Lifesaving appliances		
	b) Firefighting appliances		
	Inspection of sea chest and grating		
H-26	a) Sea chest		
	b) Grating		
H-27	Inclining experiment		
H-28	Sea Trials including operation of outfitting		
H-29	Trial of anchor & mooring arrangement		
H-30	Cleanliness inspection before acceptance		
H-31	Inventory check in HKSAR		
H-32	Acceptance and delivery		
H-33	Acceptance of As-Fitted drawings and Engine/Equipment manuals and Documentation		

VESSEL NAME: "IMM 3, IMM 5 & IMM 7"		Inspection date	Outstanding / Reinspection / Remarks	
Item	Items to be inspected			
	Machinery and Electrical Installation			
	General inspection and function tests on installation of machinery:			
	a) General inspection of the main propulsion engine			
	b) General inspection of the generator set			
	c) General inspection of the shafting			
EM-1	i. Propeller taper bedding test			
	ii. Coupling taper bedding test			
	iii. Coupling and rudder bolts fitting			
	d) General inspection of propeller			
	Main Engine:			
EM-2	a) Test of engine safety devices and alarms			
EIVI-2	b) Test of emergency stop			
	c) Inspection of exhaust pipe before lagging			
EM-3	Hydraulic test of sea valve			
EM-4	Inspection of the sea water suction strainers			

	VESSEL NAME: "IMM 3, IMM 5 & IMM 7"	Inspection date	Outstanding / Reinspection / Remarks
Item	Items to be inspected		
	Machinery and Electrical Installation		
	Fresh water system:		
	a) General inspection and dimension checking of the fresh water system		
	b) Fresh water tank low level alarm test		
EM-5	c) Fresh water tank final cleaning/internal inspection before filling		
EWI-3	d) Fresh water tank high level alarm test		
	e) Fresh water tank content gauge calibration and test		
	f) Inspection of piping penetration of bulkhead and deck		
	g) Hydraulic test of fresh water system piping		
	h) Functional test of fresh water system		
	Fuel oil system:		
	a) General inspection and dimension checking of the fuel oil system		
	b) Fuel oil tank(s) low level alarm test		
EM-6	c) Fuel oil tank(s) final cleaning/internal inspection before filling		
EWI-0	d) Fuel oil tank(s) high level alarm test		
	e) Fuel oil tank(s) content gauge calibration and test		
	f) Inspection of piping penetration of bulkhead and deck		
	g) Hydraulic test of oil fuel system piping		
	h) Functional test of oil fuel system		
	Bilge system:		
	a) General inspection and dimension checking of the bilge system		
	b) Bilge tank low level alarm test		
EM-7	c) Bilge tank high level alarm test		
	d) Bilge tank content gauge calibration and test		
	e) Inspection of piping penetration of bulkhead and deck		
	f) Hydraulic test of bilge system piping		
	g) Functional test of bilge system		
		+	
EN C	a) Inspection of piping penetration of bulkhead and deck	+	
EM-8	b) Hydraulic test of black water/sanitary system piping c) Functional test of black water/sanitary system	+	
		+	
		-	

	VESSEL NAME : "IMM 3, IMM 5 & IMM 7"	Inspection date	Outstanding / Reinspection / Remarks
Item	Items to be inspected		
	Machinery and Electrical Installation		
	Firefighting system:		
71.60	a) General inspection and dimension checking of the firefighting system		
EM-9	b) Inspection of piping penetration of bulkhead and deck		
	c) Hydraulic test of firefighting system piping		
	d) Functional test of firefighting system		
	Fire extinguishing systems:		
	a) General inspection and dimension checking of the fire extinguishing system		
	b) Inspection of piping penetration of bulkhead and deck		
EM-10	c) Hydraulic test of fire extinguishing system piping		
	d) Functional test of fire extinguishing system		
	e) Test of fixed fire extinguishing alarm system		
	f) Test of fire detection (smoke and heat detection) alarm system		
EM-3	Hydraulic test of sea valve		
	Hydraulic system:		
	a) General inspection and dimension checking of the hydraulic system		
EM-12	b) Inspection of piping penetration of bulkhead and deck		
	c) Hydraulic test of hydraulic system piping		
	d) Functional test of hydraulic system		
	Engine room ventilation:		
EM-13	a) Inspection of E/R ventilation fan installation		
2117 10	b) Function test of start/stop at remote and local control for E/R ventilation fans		
	Air conditioning system:		
	a) General inspection and dimension checking of the air conditioning system		
EM-14	b) Inspection and hydraulic test of cooling water system(if applicable)		
	c) Functional test of air conditioning system		
	d) Full test of air conditioning during sea trial		
	Batteries:		
	a) Inspection and dimension checking of the batteries spaces including ventilation.		
E) ( 15	b) Inspection of battery connectors and battery boxes		
EM-15	c) Inspection of battery charger		
	d) Operational test of battery charger		
	Test of main engines and generators consecutive starting e) by each group of battery (start/stop at remote and local control)		

	VESSEL NAME: "IMM 3, IMM 5 & IMM 7"	Inspection date	Outstanding / Reinspection / Remarks	
Item	Items to be inspected			
	Machinery and Electrical Installation			
	Electrical installation:			
EM-16	a) Inspection of lightening conductor  B) General inspection of cable layout and checking of cable sizes			
	c) Inspection of cable penetration of bulkhead and deck			
	d) Inspection of transformers			
	e) Inspection of tally plates			
	Main and emergency switchboard and panels:			
	a) Main switchboard and panels – high voltage primary injection test			
	b) Cable size checking of electrical switchboard installations			
EM-17	c) Inspection of AC distribution panel			
	d) Inspection of DC distribution panel			
	e) Megger test of the electrical system			
	f) Earth test of the electrical system			
	Control console(s):			
EM-18	a) Inspection of control console			
LIVI-10	b) Functional test of console controls			
	c) Inspection of navigation equipment control panel			
	Lighting:			
	a) Inspection and functional test of general lighting			
EM-19	b) Inspection and functional test of emergency lighting			
	c) Inspection and functional test of floodlight installation			
	d) Inspection and functional test of searchlight installation			
	Navigation Lights and Signals:			
EM-20	a) Inspection and functional test of navigation lights			
	b) Test of horn /whistle			
	Shafting (tailshaft and coupling) system:			
	a) Marking/Stamping and material check			
EM-21	b) Dimension check and taper bedding test			
	c) Shaft line checking of stern tube/shaft bracket and alignment of main engines and tail shaft			
	Steering system installation and testing:			
EM-22	a) Inspection and dimensional check of rudders			
121 <b>VI-</b> ZZ	b) Inspection and dimensional check of steering gear system			
	c) Steering system functional test			

	VESSEL NAME : "IMM 3, IMM 5 & IMM 7"	Inspection date	Outstanding / Reinspection / Remarks	
Item	Items to be inspected			
	Machinery and Electrical Installation			
EM-23	Electronic Navigational Equipment installation and testing by EMSD			
EM-24	Test of window wipers			
EM-25	Test of noise levels throughout the vessel during the sea trial			
	Operational System			
OS-1	Installation inspection and functional test for ENE Systems			
OS-2	Inspection of tally plate and cable label			
OS-3	Inspection of main engine/genset safety alarms on W/H console table			
OS-4	Function and performance test during Sea Trial		_	_

## Note:

The inspection items are preliminary and not exhaustive, any items found necessary to be included at a later stage will be added to this list.

## Part VII - Annex 5 - Vessel Condition During Respective Sea Trial

1) Official Speed Trial

	Conditions at Speed-Trial				
1	Person on board	22 Persons (at 75 kg per person)			
2	Fuel oil tanks	not less than 95% fuel tank capacity			
3	Fresh water tank	not less than 95% tank capacity			
4	Grey water tank	not less than 10% tank capacity			
5	Store/Utilities	nil			
6	Sea Conditions	Sea state 2 : wave height 0.1 - 0.5 metres			

## 2) Endurance and Performance Test

	Conditions at Endurance and Performance Test				
1	Person on board	22 Persons (at 75 kg per person)			
2	Fuel oil tanks	not less than 85% fuel tank capacity			
3	Fresh water tank	not less than 85% tank capacity			
4	Grey water tank	not less than 10% tank capacity			
5	Store/Utilities	nil			
6	Sea Conditions	Sea state 2 : wave height 0.1 - 0.5 metres			

3) Manoeuvrability Test

	Conditions at Forward Turning Circle Test				
1	1	Person on board	22 Persons (at 75 kg per person)		
2	2	Fuel oil tanks	not less than 80% fuel tank capacity		
3	3	Fresh water tank	not less than 85% tank capacity		
4	1	Grey water tank	not less than 50% tank capacity		
5	5	Store/Utilities	nil		
6	5	Sea Conditions	Sea state 2: wave height 0.1 - 0.5 metres		

4) Crash Stop Test / Astern Running Test / Emergency Steering Test

	Conditions at Crash Stop Test / Astern Running Test / Emergency Steering Test				
1	Person on board	22 Persons (at 75 kg per person)			
2	Fuel oil tanks	not less than 80% fuel tank capacity			
3	Fresh water tank	not less than 85% tank capacity			
4	Grey water tank	not less than 50% tank capacity			
5	Store/Utilities	nil			
6	Sea Conditions	Sea state 2 : wave height 0.1 - 0.5 metres			

## Part VII - Annex 6 - Endurance Performance - Diesel Propulsion

Date of Test:					Place of 7	Γest:				
Vessel's Identification:					Vessel's N	Name:				
		Condition	s at End	durance a	and Perfor	mance Te	est			
Person On board	3 crews +19 other persons			Dummy V	Weight	7	75 kg per person			
Fuel (diesel oil)		Refer to	Annex 5	5	Other Equ	uipment				
Sea Conditions	W	MO Sea	State 2 v	wave heig	tht $\leq 0.5 \text{ m}$	etres and v	vater deptl	n ≥5 met	res	
<b>Engines:</b>	Port	Side		board ide	Propeller	rs:	Port	Side	Stark Si	
Maker					Maker					
Type					Type					
Serial Number					Diameter					
Rated Power					Pitch					
Rated Speed					Direction of Rotation					
Engine Load	Engine Speed (rpm)	Vessel Speed (Knots)	Time (Start)	Time (Finish)	Fuel Con (litres/n		Engine Oil Pressure (Bar)	Engine (in) CW Temp. (°C)	Others	Others
% of rated Power	At Mir Crushin		>15	min						
50% of Rated Power/rpm			>15	min						
60% of Rated										
Power/rpm			>15	min						
70% of Rated			>15	i min						
Power/rpm			-13	, 111111						
80% of Rated			>30	) min						
Power/rpm 90% of Rated										
Power/rpm			>30	) min						
100% of Rated Power (Endurance Test)			>90	) min						
Remarks:	I.						•			
			MD Rep	presentativ	ve		Shipyard	Represe	ntative	
Witness by:										

Course	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	360
Time Taken Ahead turning to starboard									
Course	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	360
Time Taken Ahead turning to port									

Turning diameter:	Ship length
Ahead turning to starboard	
Engine R.P.M.	rpm
Max heeling angle	degree

Turning diameter: Ahead turning to port	Ship length
Engine R.P.M.	rpm
Max heeling angle	degree

Witness by:	MD Representative	Shipyard Representative
witness by.		

## Part VII - Annex 7 - As Fitted Drawings and Documents

As-fitted Drawings and Machinery/Equipment documents and information literature to be delivered to the Government upon Delivery Acceptance

## 1. As-Fitted Drawings

- 1.1 Upon delivery of the Vessel, the Contractor shall deliver to the Government four (4) hard copies and two (2) soft-copies in .pdf and .dwg (where applicable) files of the following plans and drawings that contain the technical information of the Vessel and its machinery and equipment as they are when the Vessel is on the day accepted by GNC/MD. These are termed the final version of the "As-Fitted" Plans and Drawings, and they must consist of the following ones as well as any other additional ones that may be required by GNC/MD during the design and construction of the Vessel and before the Vessel is accepted by the Government.
- 1.2 The As–Fitted Plans and Drawings shall be prepared by professional ship draughtsmen and they shall be prepared in a professional manner, scale, size and style normally required of in the ship design and construction business sector. All plans and drawings shall show and be clearly marked for the profile, plan, and section views of the layout, arrangement details, and construction details in a manner required by GNC officer.
  - 1.2.1 General Arrangement Plan.
  - 1.2.2 Lines plan and offsets data and table.
  - 1.2.3 Final stability information booklet and the final inclining experiment report.
  - 1.2.4 Hydrostatics, cross curves and intact and damage stability calculations for all ship loading conditions specified in the Technical Specifications.
  - 1.2.5 Vessel subdivision drawings and stability calculations.
  - 1.2.6 Painting scheme of the whole Vessel.
  - 1.2.7 Vessel draught marking diagram.
  - 1.2.8 Detailed arrangement and layout plan of the deckhouse, accommodation, decks showing the disposition of all main equipment, fittings and fixtures, furniture, doors, windows, hatches, manholes and access openings. The down-flooding openings (points) shall be clearing indicated on the drawings.
  - 1.2.9 Equipment layout diagram.
  - 1.2.10 Hull structural construction and hull scantlings drawings.
  - 1.2.11 Hull shell and frames and the framings arrangement and construction plan.
  - 1.2.12 Hull shell expansion plan.
  - 1.2.13 Bow construction plan.
  - 1.2.14 Steering gear system and steering arrangement diagrams.
  - 1.2.15 Deckhouse and deck structural and construction plan.
  - 1.2.16 Hull watertight bulkheads construction plan.
  - 1.2.17 Deckhouse to deck connection detailed construction plan.
  - 1.2.18 Deck edge details and construction plan, including detailed structural arrangement drawings of hull to deck connection.
  - 1.2.19 Detailed cathodic corrosion prevention and arrangement plans and drawings for the Vessel throughout.
  - 1.2.20 Mast structural and construction plan and mast equipment arrangement plan.
  - 1.2.21 Anchoring & mooring arrangement plan.
  - 1.2.22 Piping diagrams for fuel oil, freshwater, lubrication oil, bilge, firefighting, scuppers and drains, sewage system.
  - 1.2.23 Fire firefighting system drawings.
  - 1.2.24 Drawings of the main switchboard and all other switchboards and the electrical system.

- Tender Ref.: Marine Department Shipbuilding Tender No. 7/2021 1.2.25 Electrical Load Calculation 1.2.26 Electrical installation drawings 1.2.27 Details of the Operational Systems 1.2.28 Operational Systems equipment installation and location drawings, including ENE, communications, radio terminal, and CCTV system. 1.2.29 Operational Systems connection drawings. 1.2.30 Engine Room arrangement 1.2.31 Shaft line arrangement. 1.2.32 Propeller details and drawings 1.2.33 Main fuel oil tank drawing and its associated piping and manifold(s), and filling, overflow and ventilation system. 1.2.34 Freshwater tank construction plan and its associated piping arrangement. 1.2.35 Fuel oil tank(s) construction plan and its associated piping system 1.2.36 Black water tank construction plan and its associated piping system 1.2.37 Grey water tank construction plan and its associated piping system 1.2.38 Drawings for anchor, windlass and the anchoring system. 1.2.39 Lifesaving appliance arrangement plan and fire safety plan. 1.2.40 Navigation lights, sound and signal diagrams. 1.2.41 Vessel overall lighting arrangement and light control plan. 1.2.42 Vessel alarm and signals, internal communication systems and public address systems plan. 1.2.43 General layout and arrangement drawing of the air-conditioning system.
  - 1.2.44 Piping layout drawing of the air-conditioning system (if any).
  - 1.2.45 Air-conditioning load calculation.
  - 1.2.46 CCTV system arrangement.
  - 1.2.47 Solar panel system

The lists are not exhaustive, additional as fitted drawings may be added if required.

- 1.3 Documents shall be provided by the Contractor:
  - 1.3.1 In not less than one month before the Delivery Acceptance of the Vessel, the Contractor shall provide for GNC acceptance a list of all documents to be provided.
  - 1.3.2 When the Vessel is delivered to the Government Dockyard the Contractor shall deliver to the Government all of the documents as listed above, those specified in Chapter 10 which required to be delivered upon delivery acceptance and all other technical information, leaflets, literature, manuals and booklets etc. and whatsoever items that are necessary for the operation, handling, services, maintenance, spare parts, repairs and the technical understanding of any one of all the engines, machinery, motors, pumps, equipment, fittings and outfitting items of the Vessel.

## Part VII - Annex 8 - Definition of Waves and Sea

Beaufort scale number	Description	Wind speed	Wave height	Sea conditions	Land conditions	
0	Calm	< 1 km/h (< 0.3 m/s) < 1 mph	0 m	Flat.	Calm. Smoke rises vertically.	
	Cami	< 1 knot < 0.3 m/s	0 ft	1 Idi.	Cami. Smoke fises vertically.	
1	Light air	1.1–5.5 km/h (0.3–2 m/s) 1–3 mph	0–0.2 m	Ripples without crests.	Smoke drift indicates wind direction. Leaves and wind	
	Light an	1–3 knot 0.3–1.5 m/s	0–1 ft	Reppies without crests.	vanes are stationary.	
2	Light breeze	5.6–11 km/h (2–3 m/s) 4–7 mph	0.2–0.5 m	Small wavelets. Crests of glassy appearance, not	Wind felt on exposed skin. Leaves rustle. Wind vanes	
	Light breeze	4–6 knot 1.6–3.4 m/s	1–2 ft	breaking	begin to move.	
3	Gentle breeze	12–19 km/h (3–5 m/s) 8–12 mph	0.5–1 m	begin to break; scattered	Leaves and small twigs constantly moving, light flags	
	breeze	7–10 knot 3.5–5.4 m/s	2–3.5 ft	whitecaps	extended.	
4	4 Moderate breeze	20–28 km/h (6–8 m/s) 13–17 mph	1–2 m	crests. Fairly frequent		
	breeze	11–16 knot 5.5–7.9 m/s	3.5–6 ft	whitecaps.	move.	
5	Fresh breeze	29–38 km/h (8.1-10.6 m/s) 18–24 mph 17–21 knot	2–3 m	length. Many whitecaps.	Branches of a moderate size move. Small trees in least begin to sway.	
		8.0–10.7 m/s 39–49 km/h (10.8-13.6 m/s)	6–9 ft	Small amounts of spray.		
6	Strong breeze	25–30 mph 22–27 knot	3–4 m	Long waves begin to form. White foam crests are very frequent. Some airborne	Large branches in motion. Whistling heard in overhead wires. Umbrella use becomes	
	010020	10.8–13.8 m/s	9–13 ft		difficult. Empty plastic bins tip over.	
7	High wind, moderate	50–61 km/h (13.9-16.9 m/s) 31–38 mph	4–5.5 m	blown into streaks along	Whole trees in motion. Effort needed to walk against the	
	gale, near gale	28–33 knot 13.9–17.1 m/s	13–19 ft	wind direction. Moderate amounts of airborne spray.	wind.	
	C-1-	62–74 km/h (17.2-20.6 m/s) 39–46 mph	5.5–7.5 m	Moderately high waves with breaking crests forming spindrift. Well-marked		
8	Gale, fresh gale	34–40 knot 17.2–20.7 m/s	18–25 ft	streaks of foam are blown	Cars veer on road. Progress on foot is seriously impeded.	
0	Strong colo	75–88 km/h (20.8-24.4 m/s) 47–54 mph	7–10 m	High waves whose crests sometimes roll over. Dense foam is blown along wind	Some branches break off trees, and some small trees blow over.	
9		41–47 knot 20.8–24.4 m/s	23–32 ft	direction. Large amounts of airborne spray may begin to reduce visibility.	Construction/temporary signs and barricades blow over.	

10	Storm, whole gale	89–102 km/h (24.7-28.3 m/s) 55–63 mph	9–12.5 m	Very high waves with overhanging crests. Large patches of foam from wave crests give the sea a white	
		48–55 knot	29–41 ft	llheavy impact Largel	lrees are broken off or uprooted, saplings bent and deformed. Poorly attached asphalt shingles and shingles in poor condition peel off roofs.
		24.5–28.4 m/s			
11	storm	103–117 km/h (28.6-32.5 m/s)	11.3–16 III	Exceptionally high waves. Very large patches of foam, driven before the wind, cover much of the sea surface. Very large amounts of airborne spray severely reduce visibility.	Widespread damage to vegetation. Many roofing surfaces are damaged; asphalt tiles that have curled up and/or fractured due to age may break away completely.
		64–73 mph			
		56–63 knot	37–52 ft		
		28.5–32.6 m/s			
12	Hurricane	≥ 118 km/h (≥ 32.8 m/s)		Huge waves. Sea is completely white with foam and spray. Air is filled with driving spray, greatly reducing visibility.	Very widespread damage to vegetation. Some windows may break; mobile homes and poorly constructed sheds and barns are damaged. Debris and unsecured objects are hurled about.
		≥ 74 mph			
		≥ 64 knot	≥ 46 ft		
		≥ 32.7 m/s			

	ological Organization (WMC	<u> </u>	
Sea State Code	Wave Height (meters)	Characteristics	
0	0	Calm (glassy)	
1	0 to 0.1	Calm (rippled)	
2	0.1 to 0.5	Smooth (wavelets)	
3	0.5 to 1.25	Slight	
4	1.25 to 2.5	Moderate	
5	2.5 to 4	Rough	
6	4 to 6	Very rough	
7	6 to 9	High	
8	9 to 14	Very high	
9	Over 14	Phenomenal	
Character of	the Sea Swell		
	0. None		
Low	1. Short or average 2. Long		
Moderate	<ul><li>3. Short</li><li>4. Average</li><li>5. Long</li></ul>		
Heavy	6. Short 7. Average 8. Long		
	9. Confused		