# High Speed Craft Consultative Committee Local Vessels Advisory Committee

# <u>Collaboration Mechanism for Safety Inspection of Non-convention Vessels</u> in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area and Guangxi

#### **Purpose**

In order to promote coordinated development of maritime transport safety governance in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area and Guangxi ("the region"), relevant maritime authorities <sup>1</sup> propose the establishment of a collaboration mechanism for safety inspections of non-convention vessels <sup>2</sup> navigating in the region ("the regime"). Members are invited to note the paper.

# **Background**

2. For different types of non-convention vessels currently operating in the waters of the region, apart from the initial and renewal surveys by their own jurisdictions, they will also be subject to safety inspections conducted by local port authorities from time to time when operating in other ports. To avoid repeated safety inspections of vessels at different ports and alleviate the burden of shipowners, the maritime authorities in the region propose the establishment of a collaborative inspection mechanism to mutually recognise the results of safety inspections of non-convention vessels. This could be effective in maintaining the safety level of vessels navigating in the region.

### **Inspection mechanism**

3. The maritime authorities across the region will adopt a standardised approach in relation to determining the risk profile<sup>3</sup> of non-convention vessels in the region and the inspection time window for their safety inspection while

<sup>1</sup> Hong Kong Marine Department, Macao Marine and Water Bureau, Guangdong Maritime Safety Administration, Shenzhen Maritime Safety Administration and Guangxi Maritime Safety Administration.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Non-convention vessels refer to high speed passenger crafts not navigating in international waters, Mainland river-trade vessels and coastal vessels, Macao registered vessels and Hong Kong licensed local cargo vessels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The factors in determining the risk profile include: type of vessel, age of vessel, previous inspection records, etc.

also building a database for sharing vessel information<sup>4</sup> to avoid repeated safety inspections on the same non-convention vessel during the inspection time window, so as to facilitate normal operation of vessels. The indicative vessel risk profiles and vessel selection criteria are in **Annex**.

4. Regarding vessel safety inspection standards, the inspection of Hong Kong non-convention vessels in other ports in the region will be based on the Marine Department's safety inspection standards and relevant codes of practice.

# **Way Forward**

5. Members of the committees are invited to note the content of this paper.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Under the prerequisite of not affecting personal privacy, the information database will include basic vessel information, such as vessel numbers or call signs, main dimensions, particulars of vessel owners or operators, vessel safety inspection records. The information of the database is solely used for the collaboration mechanism for safety inspection.

# Indicative Vessel Selection Criteria for the Safety Inspection of Applicable Vessels

#### 1. Vessel Risk Profile

- 1.1 In accordance with ship types and historical parameters, applicable vessels will be categoried into three groups: high risk vessels, medium risk vessels and low risk vessels.
- 1.2 High Risk Vessels refer to vessels which meet all the corresponding parameter and criteria, with an aggregated weighted value greater than or equal to 6.
- 1.3 Low Risk Vessels refer to vessels which satisfy all corresponding parameter and criteria, and have had at least one inspection within the previous 36 months.
- 1.4 Medium Risk Vessels refer to vessels that are neither High Risk Vessels nor Low Risk Vessels.

 Table 1
 Vessel Risk Profiles

Risk attributes						
Parameters		High Risk Vessels (sum of weighted		Medium Risk	Low Risk Vessels	
		value≥6)		Vessels		
		Criteria	Weight	Criteria	Criteria	
			ed			
			value			
		- Chemical	2	Neither	-	
		Tanker		high risk		
		- Liquefied		vessels		
		Gas Tanker		nor low		
		- Bulk		risk		
Type of vessel		Carrier		vessels		
- JP - 52 . 55501		- Passenger				
		High Speed Passenger				
		Craft)				
		- Dangerous				
		Goods				
		Carrier				
		- Oil Carrier				
Age of	Age of vessel		1		-	
		12 years				
Deficiencies	Number of	Number of	a		Number of	
	deficiencies	inspections			deficiencies in all	
	recorded in	("a") that			previous	
	each	exceed the			inspections is	
	inspection	average			equal to or less	
	within the	number of			than the average	
	previous 36	deficiencies			number of	
	months	within the			deficiencies	
		previous 36			within the	
		months			previous 36	
		(rounded up			months (rounded	
		to the			up to the nearest	
		nearest			whole number),	
		whole			and has	
		number)			undergone at least	
					one inspection	
					within 36 months	

Detentions	Number of		1	No detention
	detentions	detentions		
	within the			
	previous 36			
	months			

### 2. Vessel selection criteria

2.1 Safety inspection are prioritised in accordance with vessel risk profile and the following inspection time window:

 Table 2
 Window periods of vessel safety inspection

Risk attributes of vessels	Window periods of vessel safety inspection (counting from the date of the last inspection)		
Low risk vessels	9-18 months		
Medium risk vessels	6-8 months		
High risk vessels	3-5 months		

### 3. Records

3.1 The vessel risk profile of individual applicable vessel will be assessed by their respective maritime authorities. Such risk profile will be updated from time to time on the vessel information database.